Weather

Fine and colder weather. The maximum temperature yesterday was 50.4 and the minimum 43.2, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 55.0 and 42.8.

The China Press
大陸報

The Mail Box
MAILS for America and Europe, Str. Silver State, Jan. 4.
FOR Europe and way ports, Str. Porthos, Jan. 13.
FROM America and Europe, Str. Suwa Maru, Jan. 3.
FROM Europe and way ports, Str. Dilwara, Jan. 4.

NO. 3195 VOL. XII. Registered at the Chinese P. O. in China" "with special marks privileges for transmission 辛酉年十二月初四日 SHANGHAI, SUNDAY, JANUARY 1, 1922 大正十一年正月一日 第三種郵便物認可 20 CENTS

SHANGHAI IS SWAMPED BY MARINE TEAM FROM PEKING

Championship Football Contest Witnessed By Big Throng

SCORE 35 TO 10

Irle And Hiltibrand Are Particular Stars Of Two Line-Ups

We must give it to 'em—these Peking Marines; they are the champions of China at American Football. Shanghai cannot say them nay.

The whole story of the big game played yesterday on the Widow's Monument field emphasises the value of training and the need of team work. Peking had a football machine, that looked as big as a steamroller to the loosely connected rattling flivver-like Shanghai squad. The final score of 35-10 was an earned win for the visitors.

The title for China went northward from Shanghai in the very first quarter, when Coach Tenney's strong and clever little machine began its progress down the field for Shanghai's goal. Touchdowns were counted regularly in the first half, two in the first quarter and two in the second. In the third period the Marines let up a trifle, scoring but once. In the final period they failed to count.

Shanghai fans credited the failing effectiveness of the Peking team to a shift in the Shanghai lineup made in the last quarter when Irle went to quarter and Neal to half back. Irle put lots of pep and confidence into the local eleven; the team worked like a newer, better aggregation under his guidance.

A CROWD WAS THERE

Approximately 2,000 people attended the game. It was the biggest turnout ever for an American football game, and bigger, even, than any of the local league soccer matches. Consul General E. S. Cunningham blew the whistle that started the play. Admiral Bullard and Colonel Karmany of the Marine Corps were interested spectators.

The Colonel, by the way, is the Grand Old Man of the Marine Corps, while his little wife is known to all the enlisted men as plain "Mother Karmany." The Colonel has the reputation of always having athletic teams of the very first class, and the men all credit the Marines' success in sports to his interest and support.

Colonel Karmany and Mother Karmany always accompany their football team when they travel and they are the strongest rooters on the sidelines. The Colonel was in command at Mare Island when the Marines of that Post won the championship of the United States at Pasadena just four years ago. And now he commands the champion team of the Orient.

The Colonel yesterday must have been proud of his boys from the time that Quarterback Hiltibrand took the ball on a fake pass from Fullback Ryckman and gamboled over the line for the first touchdown, and followed with a perfect kick for goal. And when Ryckman, in the same first quarter went over the Shanghai top for a second score after a succession of considerable gains by

(Continued on Page 1 Pink)

PARIS DEPUTIES ARE CONSIDERING FRENCH BANK CASE

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, Dec. 30.—The Finance Committee of the Chamber has been informed of the Government's proposals for the rehabilitation of the Banque Industrielle de Chine, but has decided not to appoint a reporter until it has heard the report on the situation which M. Bokanowski, the Budget reporter, has been instructed to make.

The Foreign Affairs and Colonial Committees will also be asked for their opinion of the Government's proposals.

Lend Us Your Ears!

EVERY once in a while word reaches us that some other English-speaking daily in Shanghai is claiming a net paid circulation larger than that of THE CHINA PRESS. Our circulation books are always open to our advertisers while those of other newspapers are not. But this does not seem to be enough. We therefore make the following offer:

We will place our circulation records at the disposal of any reputable firm of chartered accountants and publish their report provided that the other newspapers will permit the selected firm of accountants to examine their circulation records and will agree to publish the resulting report.

This offer is for the morning field.

The same offer, on behalf of THE EVENING STAR, is made to the evening field.

TO OUR ADVERTISERS: Is this a fair offer? And if in your judgment it is, don't you think the other newspapers ought to accept it? And if they don't accept it, don't you think they ought to keep quiet regarding their circulation figures?

We leave it to YOU.

REPORT GIVEN ON PLAN TO CHECK RUBBER OUTPUT

(Reuter's Service)

London, Dec. 31.—With reference to its circular advocating the continuance of the scheme for the restriction of output, the Council of the Rubber-Growers Association reports that the required minimum of assents has not been received, the members assenting representing only 55 percent of the total bearing area controlled by members of the Association.

No written reply has been received from owners of 200,000 acres but it is clear that most of them will restrict their output. The Council regrets that the scheme thus cannot be made binding, but it is evident that the necessity of continuing to restrict output is appreciated by a large proportion of members, and it does not doubt that this policy will be continued on an independent and voluntary basis.

GERMANS PLAN TO LINK NORTH WITH BLACK SEA

Rhine-Maine-Danube Canal Is Project Of New Company Formed At Munich

(Reuter's Service)

Berlin, Dec. 30.—A company with a capital of 200,000,000 marks has been formed at Munich for the purpose of contructing a Rhine-Maine-Danube canal, linking the North Sea with the Black Sea.

It is estimated it will take twenty years to complete the work.

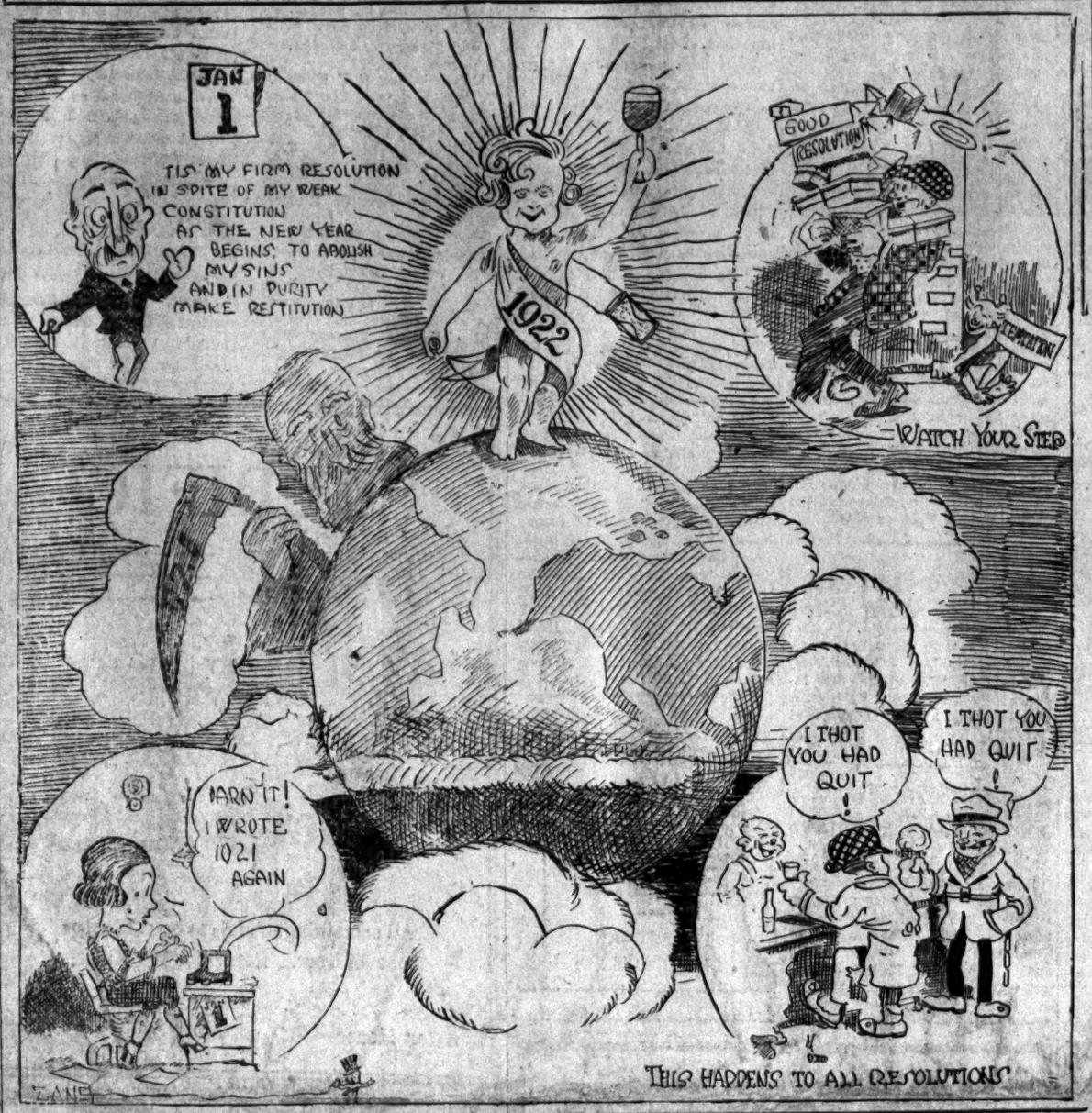
The Central and Bavarian Government and industrial, banking and shipping interests are represented on the board of directors.

RUSSIAN SOVIET ARMY FORCE CUT TO 1,500,000

(French Wireless through Reuter)

Paris, Dec. 30.—According to advices from Russia, the Soviet congress has declared that the Russian Soviet army has been reducted to 1,500,000 men. This reduction was brought about by the demobilisation of three classes of skilled workers and farmers.

A Newcomer On The Job — By Zane


JAN 1
TIS MY FIRM RESOLUTION IN SPITE OF MY WEAK CONSTITUTION AS THE NEW YEAR BEGINS, TO ABOLISH MY SINS AND IN PURITY MAKE RESTITUTION
1922
GOOD RESOLUTION
RESOLUTION
WATCH YOUR STEP
DARN IT! I WROTE 1021 AGAIN
I THOT YOU HAD QUIT!
I THOT YOU HAD QUIT!
THIS HAPPENS TO ALL RESOLUTIONS
ZANE

HAVE YOU REPLIED 'HERE' TO QUERY OF RED CROSS

If you haven't answered "here" in the annual American Red Cross Roll Call, you are reminded that the time is growing short in which you may signify your intention of renewing your membership, or of contributing to the fund which goes to help Americans in need here.

The Red Cross does a great deal more to relieve distress here than most of the public realise and the need for funds this year is urgent. Here's another example of the organisation's workings in Shanghai:

BY WES WILLIAMS

On page 1194 of my dictionary, under 'Common English Names' I find the first one given is Abigail. I will call her Abigail Thomas which isn't her name at all. But I have the strictest instructions to stay away from real names. The other two persons in this triangle story are Beatrice, and Thomas, the man whom Abigail married. Beatrice is telling the story. Scene, Shanghai.

"In the spring of 1919, while calling on a Russian acquaintance, I met Abigail for the first time. She had with her two children. Although married to Thomas, she and her children were being housed and fed by another poor woman who could ill afford it. Thomas was in a far off province. He had failed to send her money. So I wrote him stating the facts as I found them. He sent back a very grouchy letter and a draft for $100 Mexican.

"Thomas was a heavy drinker. He lost his job and came to Shanghai. After all his savings had gone down his throat, his wife sent word that she wanted to see me. I went.

"In the room where we sat were a chair, a stool, a small table, a small cupboard, and some bedding spread upon the floor. In the other room there were two beds and some sort of a bureau arrangement. One of the beds was a child's. On the other lay Mr. Thomas, dead drunk and sleeping it off. Abigail was expecting another child and was much worried because her husband had been very violent, having beaten the children, and also beaten and kicked her.

"Abigail was unwilling to take any steps against her husband. Most of the furniture had been pawned. Now and then when sober he was able to secure a

(Continued on Page 4)

Sun Yat-Sen Denounces Reports Of Pact With New Premier At Peking

Mr. Eugene Chen received yesterday the following telegram from President Sun Yat-sen, who is now at Kweilin in Kuangsi where the Republican forces are concentrating for the impending Yantsze Expedition.

"All reports of an understanding or negotiations with Liang Shih-yi and other Peking leaders, with a view to alleged re-unification or any other object, are false. Same are entire fabrications."

Mr. Eugene Chen has also been authorised to issue the following statement by the Government at Canton.

"This Government has to day (December 30) renewed the order for the arrest of Liang Shih-yi as a traitor to the Republic and a proven enemy of our people.

MAKE CAPITAL OF CONFERENCE

"There is no doubt that the failure of the Peking delegates at the Washington Conference is to be used as a basis for an attempt on the part of Liang Shih-yi and his confederates to secure the support and assistance of the Great Powers in order to enable the Peking administration to function as an effective ruling force over the whole of China.

CHARGE MISREPRESENTATION

"The Peking delegates and Chow Tzu-chi—ex-Minister of Finance who is one of the high technical advisers attached to the Chinese Delegation at Washington—are being instructed to represent to the Powers interested that the failure of China to derive any benefit or real advantage from the work of the Conference is likely to arouse national indignation and cause our people to express their sense of injustice in such terms that unless the authority of Peking be strengthened, the adequate and proper protection of foreign interests in China may be jeopardised.

EXPLOIT COUNTRY'S MISFORTUNE

"This Government denounces this sinister and shameless attempt of Liang Shih-yi and those associated with him to exploit the misfortune of China in the interests of themselves and of a regime at once illegal, inefficient and corrupt."

Writer Tells Inside Story Of Semenov's Activities

Sensational charges against Ataman Semenov, picturesque Cossack chieftain of world-wide notoriety who was recently in Shanghai, are made in the following statement sent to the United States government by Engineer Lieutenant P. S. Nahaboff, one of Semenov's former confidential aides.

The writer tells of the beginnings of the Ataman's negotiations with Japan, whereby Mongolian interests were to be bartered for Japanese support to the Semenov aspirations, and of the fight made by loyal Russian officers to thwart these designs.

Lieut. Nahaboff, shortly after Semenov's arrival here last September, sought to have suit instituted in the International Mixed Court against the Cossack leader for Tls. 500,000 damages on behalf of his wife, the petition alleging that Mrs. Nahaboff was seized on Semenov's orders, held, tortured and deprived of her infant child because of her husband's efforts to prevent military information regarding the Priamur and Transbaikalia districts falling into Japanese hands. The court raised the question of jurisdiction and the Consular Body ruled against trial of the action.

Subsequently Semenov also sought to have the local authorities proceed against Nahaboff, charging that the latter had

(Continued on Page 6)

SHANGHAI GREETS THE NEW YEAR IN REGULAR FASHION

A new year was born in Shanghai, and incidentally in the rest of the inhabited spots of this mundane sphere at midnight last night. But Shanghai gave no heed to what was happening elsewhere. The city, and its inhabitants, were too busy welcoming in joyous and noisome fashion the coming of the newest addition to the earthly sycle, Young Man 1922.

The usual things were done. Screeching whistles and other standard noise-makers had been imported for the occasion. The cafes were filled with carefree throngs demanding nothing more than complete forgetfulness of all save the fact that this was New Year's eve and that something quite out of the ordinary must be done to observe the fact. In sharp contrast were the many watch parties in Shanghai homes which waited patiently for the stroke of midnight to announce the fact that another year had been added to the calendar.

The Astor House celebrated with a full dress carnival ball attended by so great a crowd as to tax to capacity the facilities of the ball room. At the Carlton Cafe similar scenes were enacted, with serpentines, horns and whistles furnished to the guests to enliven the occasion. The Del Monte celebrated until the early hours of the morning, and St. George's Cafe, following a special tea dance, held a dinner and midnight carnival, the feature of which was a series of dances by the Darlington trio.

Agreement was general on the fact that it was a great New Year's Eve and that Shanghai had done the honors in fitting fashion.

RUSSIAN SOVIET SENDS GOLD TO U. S. FOR FOOD

(Reuter's Service)

London, Dec. 31.—M. Krassin on behalf of the Soviet Government has signed an agreement with the representative of the American Relief Administration for the shipment of $10,000,000 of gold from Russia to New York for the purchase of food and seed supplies for the famine area.

JAPAN WILL YIELD IN STAND ON SHANTUNG, BELIEF HELD IN TOKIO

Delegates At Washington Favor Concessions With View To Obtaining Better Bargain In Disposing Of Other Questions At Issue, But Tokio Still Inclines Against Them

REPORTS ON PRESENT STATUS DIFFER

Chinese Prepare To Make Strong Statement On Twenty-One Demands With View To Getting Their Opposition In As Matter Of Record

(Trans-Pacific News Service Exclusive To The China Press)

Tokio, Dec. 30.—The Japanese delegation at Washington is apparently taking a broader and more liberal view of the Shantung question than that held by Tokio's officialdom. If the record to date can be taken as a forecast, the delegates' decision will probably be approved by their home government finally.

Tokio is emphatic in the stand that further concessions at the present time would probably be interpreted as an indication of weakness and not friendship and would be considered by the Chinese as involuntary yielding to America's demands, thereby impairing Japanese prestige in China.

From sources close to the delegation it is learned that the delegates have advised Japan to concede to China's proposed methods of payment for the Shantung Railway, believing that the difference is unimportant and that it would enhance Japan's international prestige and lead to a more favorable solution of the Manchurian and other problems. They take the stand that public opinion in China is centered on obtaining the Shantung concessions, and that if these are granted opposition on the other points at issue will not be so strong.

The delegation realises that with more liberal concessions on Shantung, their hands are strengthened for better terms on the other outstanding questions.

Tokio does not see through the same spectacles, but whatever happens, Japan will not block the success of the conference.

New Year's editorial comments in the newspapers here all look forward to a new era of world relationship and emphasise the critical importance of internal economic questions. The cost of living has not receded, wages are still going up, and the consequence is that the cost of production is so high as to encourage imports and preclude exports. The general opinion among bankers is that Japan has not yet gone through the period of depression which is inevitable before the return through normalcy, through which the United States and other nations have already passed.

REPORTS DIFFER

Washington, Dec. 30.—Two reports are in circulation here. One declares that Japan will concede Shantung at the last moment, meanwhile holding up the decision until all of the other questions at issue have been settled because yielding now would induce China to make exorbitant demands. This infers that Japan is postponing the Shantung question in order to trade for acquiescence on other issues.

The second report insists that a telegram from Tokio received yesterday ordered the abandonment of the Shantung conversations, but the Japanese delegates replied opposing this and asking for reconsideration.

Meanwhile, the Far Eastern questions have been obscured by the collapse of Secretary of State Hughes' proposals with regard to submarine limitations, but their final disposition is assured with the early resumption of the Far Eastern discussions, probably next week.

Though realising the futility of any effort to secure abrogation of the Twenty-One Demands the Chinese are prepared to make a strong statement here on their refusal to recognise that treaty merely as a matter of record.

It is believed that a supplementary agreement to the quadruple entente is certain, excluding from the pact the homeland of any of the signatory powers.

Though negotiations on this point are not admitted officially, it is understood that the Japanese and American delegations are agreed on this point, but it is not known whether the British will submit to the exclusion of Australia and New Zealand.

VICE-ADMIRAL IDE SPEAKS

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, Dec. 31.—Owing to the success which has crowned the efforts of the Washington Conference to reach a practical basis for naval limitations, the year opens with a greater assurance of the peace and welfare of mankind, says Vice-Admiral K. Ide, the Naval Vice-Minister, in his New Year message to the people.

Vice-Admiral Ide says that while the Naval Agreement which is unique in the annals of history, may not prove an absolute guarantee of lasting peace, it certainly marks the opening of a new epoch in international relations.

Japan with the other Powers has gladly recorded her sincere appreciation of the progress made

CHINESE HOSTS AT WASHINGTON TO JAPANESE

(Trans-Pacific Public Ledger—Exclusive To The China Press)

Washington, Dec. 30.—No conference topic at Washington, even the dispute over the submarine issue, is being talked about with quite so lively a degree of interest as the remarkable luncheon party given Tuesday by the Chinese delegation in honor of the Japanese delegation.

It was the first time that the leaders of these two embittered countries came together socially in Washington in the roles of hosts and guests, although they are meeting regularly as common guests of other hosts.

The luncheon took place in the mansion on Massachusetts avenue which is the headquarters for the Peking delegation. Delegates Sze, Koo, and Wang, and other personages of the Chinese contingent were present to do the honors. The Japanese guests included Prince Tokugawa, and all of the foremost figures in the Tokio contingent, with the exception of Baron Kato, who was confined to his rooms because he was slightly indisposed, and Shidehara, who, though able to attend, has adopted a firm rule of not making any social engagements.

The Japanese present were Vice Admiral Kato, Major General Tanaka, Vice Minister Hanihara, and Messrs. Matsudaira, Debuchi, Saburi, Kimura, and Suzuki from the general secretariat, Yokota, Hayashi, Tache, and Matsumura, legal experts, and Mr. Odagir, of the foreign office at Tokio also attended.

The holding of the luncheon synchronises with reports that all of the major Sino-Japanese issues have either been settled or are on verge of solution. The function is bound to revive the suggestion that after all the Japanese and Chinese are political brothers, manifestly destined one day to get together, perhaps not entirely for the benefit of the white nations of the earth.

NEW GOVERNOR OF BENGAL

(Reuter's Service)

London, Dec. 31.—The Earl of Lytton has been appointed to succeed the Earl of Ronaldshay as Governor of Bengal in March.

in the elimination of the causes of hostility and in the establishment of a true understanding and friendship between nations. The Vice-Admiral also expresses the hope that the agreement will lead toward the cessation of war throughout the world.

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, Dec. 30.—The proposal whereby submarines will be wholly prohibited from attacking merchantmen, which was discussed in the Naval Committee, has the fullest support of the British delegation, while it is understood that both Mr. Hughes and Senator Root personally approved it, pending its discussion by the whole American delegation.

It seems most probable that the suggestion, which will remove the greatest evil of the submarine, will receive general sympathetic support and its adoption is calculated to regain much of the ground lost by the submarine tonnage decision.

It is officially stated that the French delegation, in the Naval Committee, have given general adhesion to the statement that submarines should necessarily be bound by the rules of International Law.

REACH AGREEMENT

Washington, Dec. 30.—It is understood that the proposal limiting auxiliary craft to 10,000 tons was virtually agreed to at this morning's session of the Naval Committee, where all the delegations agreed except France, who, it is expected, will formally approve it later.

M. Sarraut made a statement to the effect that France was beginning to be regarded suspiciously by the other delegations: this could not continue. M. Sarraut's remarks are alleged to have been precipitated by Lord Lee reading an article by a member of the French Naval General Staff asserting that France's only weapon of defense in the event of war with Great Britain was the submarine. M. Sarraut and Admiral Debon immediately challenged the assumption that the article reflected the views of the French Naval General Staff.

The Aircraft Committee today submitted its final report which, it is understood, recommends stringent regulations for military and naval aircraft.

The Naval Committee also reached an agreement regarding the limitation of aeroplane-carriers, giving Great Britain and the United States 135,000 tons each; Japan, 81,000, and France and Italy, 60,000.

Paris, Dec. 30.—The preliminary Interallied Conference today, presided over by M. Loucheur, approved in entirety the Franco-British plan for the constitution of groupings of private interests to ensure resumption of commercial relations between the nations of Europe.

URGE BOYCOTT

(Special To The China Press)

Washington, Dec. 29.—Representatives of seven Chinese national and provincial organisations here have passed a resolution to send a cablegram to China urging the general boycott of Japanese goods and services.

The have taken this action to show their righteous indignation against the aggressive policies of Japan. The cable says that Japan has adopted a policy of obstruction against the Chinese aspirations and has shown unwillingness to amend the wrong done to China.

QUERY ON SUB WAR

Washington, Dec. 29.—The American delegates have raised the direct issue as to whether further submarine warfare would be conducted under civilised rules. They urged the adoption of such a resolution. Britain supported this, but France, Italy and Japan favored referring the matter to a commission of experts. Action was postponed until a later session.

HALT TARIFF PROGRAM

Peking, Dec. 30.—The government here is informed that America is favorable to China's request at the Washington Conference for a twelve and one-half percent tariff. Great Britain is willing to agree to only seven and one-half percent, but the Japanese are obstructing all settlement, refraining from making their position clear.

CABINET APPROVES

Paris, Dec. 29.—Newspapers here state that the cabinet has given its unreserved approval to the course taken by the French delegates at the Washington Conference with respect to the submarine question.

SUBMARINE RULES

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, Dec. 30.—The text has been issued of the Root resolution which was presented to the meeting of the Naval Committee on December 28. It concludes by declaring that any person in the service of the Powers adopting these rules for the humane use of submarines in wartime, who violates any of these rules, whether or not under the orders of his governmental superior, shall be liable to trial and punishment as if for an act of piracy, and may be tried by the authorities of any such power within whose jurisdiction he is found.

TO EXCHANGE NOTES

(Eastern News Agency)

Tokio, Dec. 30.—A New York special to the "Asahi" says: It is decided to exchange an official note between Japan and the United States expressing that the quadruple treaty does not include the Japan proper.

AGREE ON CARRIERS

(Special To The China Press)

Washington, Dec. 30.—The naval committee has reached an agreement on the size and aggregate tonnage of airplane carriers and limiting the arms of auxiliary forces to eight inch guns, subject to approval from Paris. This action has cleared the committee's docks, pending comments from France, Japan and Italy.

The Root proposal, prohibiting entirely submarine warfare on merchantmen, was left over until the next session of the committee next week.

The American proposal to limit the size of auxiliaries to 10,000 tons and guns to eight inches was approved by all except the French. The proposal to limit the size of carriers to 2,700 tons was unanimously approved with the aggregate tonnage of carriers for Great Britain and the United States of 135,000 tons each, Japan 82,000, France and Italy, 60,000 tons each.

HANIHARA GIVES VIEW

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, Dec. 30.—Mr. Hanihara stated today that if China did not reconsider her attitude, the Shantung settlement problem would be most difficult. Referring to the possibility of Mr. Hughes and Mr. Balfour tendering their good offices, he said that he preferred a direct Sino-Japanese settlement. He was still hopeful of such a settlement. They had already made more concessions than was proper.

When they submitted the whole matter to Tokio their Government had replied that it would approve their program as far as it had gone in spite of the fact that they had exceeded their original instructions.

"This means that Japan consents to our abandoning our original project for the joint management of the Kiaochow-Tsinanfu Railway and will agree to the restoration of the entire line to China, provided that some suitable agreement is made for a loan by Japanese capitalists, and the designation by China of certain Japanese experts on the railway, such as a General Traffic Manager and a Chief Accountant.

"We are ready to meet our Chinese friends at any time and if they have any suggestion to offer that shows that they are ready to consider the situation, we shall be glad to sit with them again."

Asked what would be Japan's position if the good offices of Mr. Hughes and Mr. Balfour failed and China insisted on presenting her case to an open conference, Mr. Hanihara replied: "Most likely we shall not agree to such a course; this conference is not a court of arbitration, and, moreover, Shantung is not on its agenda."

SITUATION IMPROVING

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

London, Dec. 31.—While replies from France and Japan on the Root resolution are still awaited, the prospect of a friendly arrangement regarding the methods of submarine warfare seems to have somewhat revived the feeling of hope in Washington.

The Far Eastern side of the Conference, however, has made little progress in the past ten days. This is chiefly owing to the delay of the receipt of instructions from Tokio and also due to naval issues having monopolised attention.

It is expected that the next step of the Far Eastern Committee will be the consideration of spheres of influence, and China's request for the discussion of the Twenty-One Demands Treaty. It is understood that Japan will refuse to consider this and probably the whole subject will be pigeon-holed, the general feeling being that it is impossible, or, at any rate, presently inadvisable, to go back on Treaty agreements.

The Siberian question also awaits discussion, but the Conference, in this connection, is not expected to go farther than a general declaration regarding the territorial integrity of Russia and equal opportunities. It will probably be left to a commission to thrash out the question of Chinese Railways.

The Shantung negotiations are not likely to be resumed until the other Far Eastern questions are out of the way.

In face of the repeated Japanese assertions that Shantung was not upon the agenda and did not come within the scope of President Harding's invitation to the Conference, the Chinese spokesman declared that the question would be brought up at the Conference by them to break the Sino-Japanese deadlock. Unless some other solution was found before the next meeting of the Far Eastern Committee, he added, China would be unable to make more concessions. She had made too many already.

President Harding made a statement today characterising the reports regarding an estrangement between himself and Mr. Hughes over the interpretation of the Pacific Pact as silly.

THE wreck of a man staggered to his death in the swirling blackmaw of the river. A block away the woman who had wrought his ruin danced on a table at the most magnificent banquet ever held. See "REPUTATION."

YESTERDAY she was the radiant Laura Figlan, the most talked of woman in Europe. To-day she is a hagard, ghastly shadow. That's reputation.

LUSITANO CLUB HAS GAY PARTY TO GREET YEAR

Nearly two hundred members of the Shanghai Lusitano Club, their families and guests gathered last night for the Club's fancy "calico" dance. The club rooms were lavishly and artistically decorated with garlands of evergreen, beries and ribbons and green, be ries and ribbons and a special lighting scheme gave a fairyland effect.

Just before midnight an old man carrying a big bag appeared, representing the dying year. He made his speech of farewell and then disappeared with his sack of ills, sorrows, disappointments and other griefs, attended by the buffets of the dancers. At midnight, heralded by a fusillade of crackers, the New Year appeared, in the semblance of a fairy in silver and gauze, and delivered a speech full of promises of better times for all.

Mr. Casanova, the Consul-General for Portugal was introduced by Mr. J. J. de Souza, the president of the Club, and drank to the well being of the institution and its members, wishing all a very prosperous new year.

The decorations, which came in for much praise, were in the hands of Mr. C. E. L. Ozorio, assisted by Mr. J. M. Marques, and the other heads of committees were Mr. J. J. de Souza, Mr. C. E. L. Ozorio, Mr. L. A. M. Ozorio, Mr. A. E. Collins, Mr. F. Baptista, Mr. A. F. Souza, Mr. J. M. Britto, Mrs. L. A. M. Ozorio, Mr. J. Campos and Mr. J. Nolasco.

Norway Increasing Its Merchant Ships

(Reuter's Service)

Christiania, Dec. 31.—The Norwegian mercantile marine has increased by 373,331 tons during the year, making a total tonnage of 2,429,232.

Italian Officials Will Go To Cannes

(Reuter's Service)

Rome, Dec. 30.—The newspapers state that the Premier, Signor Bonomi; the Foreign Minister, Marquis Della Torretta; the Finance Minister, Signor Soleri, and a number of Italian experts will attend the Cannes Conference.

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WEEK OF PRAYER BEGINS MONDAY AT UNION CHURCH

The "universal Week of Prayer," to be observed here by the local branch of the World's Evangelical Alliance, will begin tomorrow evening at Union Church.

The hours of the meetings will be: on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday from 5:30 to 6:30 p.m. Thursday and Friday from 4:45 to 5:30 p.m. and Saturday from 5:30 to 6:30 p.m.

The leaders and their subjects are:

Monday—Rev. G. F. Fitch, D.D., "Thanksgiving and Confession."

Tuesday—James Stark, Esq., "The Church Universal."

Wednesday—Very Rev. C. J. F. Symons, "Nations and their Rulers."

Thursday—Rev. C. F. McRae, "Missions."

Friday—Rev. A. P. Parker, D. D. "Families, Educational Establishments and the Young."

Saturday—Dr. G. A. Huntley, "Home Missions and the Jews."

A collection to defray expenses will be made on Tuesday evening. The business meeting will be held on Wednesday evening.

Obituary

MRS. C. H. SHIELDS

Funeral services were held yesterday afternoon at Bubbling Well Cemetery for Mrs. Peggy Stevenson Shields, wife of Mr. Charles H. Shields, commissioner of the Chinese Post Office, who died at the Shanghai General Hospital on Friday.

Mrs. Shields had been ill but a short time and news of her death came with a shock to her many friends here. Death was due to cerebral tumor. Mrs. Shields had been in Shanghai only since July, 1920, coming out from Edinburgh.

A large number of beautiful floral offerings were sent to the chapel by sorrowing friends yesterday.

VLADIMIR KOROLENKO

(French Wireless through Reuter)

Paris, Dec. 30.—The death occurred of the famous Russian author, Vladimir Korolenko, on December 25 at Poltava.

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Concrete	Banking	Illustrating
Electrical	Stenography	Navigation
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NOW IS THE TIME.

To establish the PRINCIPLE of thrift for 1922 by determining that you will create a surplus through spending less than you earn.

The SUCCESS of your principle will be gauged by the balance in your Savings Account.

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Another Year Gone—
and is your
Life Insured?

As each year slips by your INSURABILITY lessens, but your RESPONSIBILITY to your family and yourself increases. So does the rate that you must pay. It will be somewhat higher a year from now than it is at your present age.

Many a man has suffered bitter regret because he failed to insure his life. Many a family has been in need because of such a failure. Adequate insurance is the part of wisdom. To obtain it without delay is common sense.

This strong company gives you sure protection at attractive rates. Its various forms of policies meet every insurable age and requirement. Their liberal provisions, the company's ample resources and its sound management are guarantees of protection to every policy-holder.

A request by letter or telephone will bring you full information.

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START THE YEAR RIGHT
By opening an account
with the handy drug store
CALIFORNIA PHARMACY
155 Avenue Joffre Phone C. 1805
This Sign Guarantees Purity

Sincere Good Wishes

Sincere Good Wishes

A Happy New Year

To All

While our friends and patrons are being enveloped in joys and merriment, it may be well for them to note the uncommon, delightful events which take place at this particular festival.

The sale at Sincere's bears more than usual significance this year, the bargains being so remarkable that they will surely add much pleasure to your holiday shopping.

Have a visit now, go around our store and snap for yourselves some of the splendid values. Remember that the stock is limited and early choice, therefore, advisable.

THE SINCERE CO.,

LIMITED.

Sincere Good Wishes

Sincere Good Wishes

HAVE YOU REPLIED 'HERE' TO QUIRY OF RED CROSS

(Continued from Page 1)

little work. Evidently, Abigail just wanted some friendly person to talk with. I heard nothing more and did not call again because she said she did not want to have any trouble with her husband.

"In the summer of this year, Thomas was arrested for being drunk and disorderly. He was convicted but by arrangement he was released in order that he might earn the maintenance for his family.

"The family was soon in difficulties again. I did not go to see them at first because I knew Mr. Thomas was not fond of me. There were by now four children. Later Abigail sent for me. I found everything very clean although the rooms had only the barest necessities. On Mr. Thomas' desk I found some books on salesmanship, etc. It was a Chinese house, there was no fire. Abigail's jewelry had all been pawned and would soon be lost unless redeemed. The last of the baby's food had been purchased on credit. Gas and light bills for three months had not been paid, and the service would be discontinued in another few days. There was no money to pay the rent.

"Within a few days I called again. Abigail told me that the baby's stomach was out of order. I asked her if she would like to have a doctor see the baby. Abigail was willing but said that since she had dismissed all her servants, there was not one to look after the other children while she took the little one to the doctor. I promised to send a doctor to the house.

"I had a long talk with Mr. Thomas. He feels sorry for himself. He says a married man is handicapped here in Shanghai. He told me of the various things he could do and had done. He did not, of course, admit to me that his pet vice, drunkenness, had anything to do with his present position.

"Mr. Thomas having received assistance in the form of a job, I went a few days later to see what the change had done. I found him taking care of the children. His wife had gone out to pay some bills. Dr. X. had called to see the baby, prescribing some lime water and various other changes in diet. I saw the lime water and the baby's bottle, an orange or two on the sideboard, a fire in the grate, and in front of it the baby playing, and a cigarette in Mr. Thomas' mouth. Everybody seemed happy.

"I tried to tell Mr. Thomas what I thought of his past performances. Without being too harsh, I told him that the first time I had seen him, he was lying dead drunk on a bed while his sick wife lay on the floor; that his only difficulty was not lack of ability but the drink habit. I spoke of his wife's fine qualities, of his fine children, etc. and left. Later in the day, quite by accident, I met his wife in a Chinese department store. She had paid the gas and electricity bills and had been buying a few things. She looked very happy. Mr. Thomas has never been able to stand prosperity. So I asked his wife to let me know the minute he began drinking, or spending money recklessly. She replied, 'You bet I will. This is the last time.'

"Beatrice is a name which means 'making happy.' It is quite an apt name for the kind of work this Shanghai lady has been doing for several years, as a representative of the American Red Cross. It was the American Red Cross that tried to put Thomas on his feet and give him another chance to make good."

Symphony Concert Will Be Given At Town Hall Tuesday

A Tschaikowsky program will be given by the Municipal Orchestra for its next symphony concert, to be played at the Town Hall Tuesday evening at 9 o'clock.

The program is as follows:

1.—Symphony No. 4 F minor.
   (a) Andante-sostenuto-moderato con anima.
   (b) Andantino in modo di Canzona.
   (c) Scherzo: pizzicate ostinato.
   (d) Finale: Allegro con fuoco.
2.—Capriocio Italiano.
3.—Slavonic March.

UP the ladder of fame and down the path of infamy went Laura Figlan, traveling on her beauty and her power to fascinate men. That was her reputation. What is yours??

SHE fanned the devil-fires in men and laughed at hallowed women. She lived a lie and died a lie—yet not unforgiven—Because of her reputation.

MUTT & JEFF — Mutt Just Couldn't Help Busting His New Resolution — By Bud Fisher

HAPPY NEW YEAR, MUTT!
SAME TO YOU, JEFF! OLD DEAR, I'VE RESOLVED NOT TO SOAK YOU IN THE EYE ONCE DURING THIS WHOLE YEAR! I'VE CUT OUT THAT STUFF FOR GOOD!
FINE, MUTT! BY THE WAY, I WAS OVER HELPING SPIVIS FEED HIS CHICKENS AND HE SENT THE SEASON'S GREETINGS TO YOU!
I DIDN'T KNOW SPIVIS HAD ANY CHICKENS!
SURE! ONE OF THE OLD HENS IS AWFULLY FUSSY! SHE WONT EAT ANYTHING BUT TACKS!
TACKS? SHE'S LIKE AN OSTRICH! WHAT IN THE NAME OF COMMON SENSE DOES SHE EAT TACKS FOR?
WELL, SPIVIS AND I THINK SHE'S GONNA LAY A CARPET!
SAP!
?
92

-:- *News Brevities* -:-

The tram-wire in front of the Customs House broke shortly before 11:30 o'clock yesterday morning. No one was injured but tramcar traffic was obstructed for more than half an hour.

* * *

Mr. Francis Bernard Pitcairn has been appointed engineer-in-chief and manager of the Shanghai Waterworks Company, Ltd., effective January 1. Other appointments announced by the company yesterday include: Mr. Charles Dearne Pearson, to be deputy engineer-in-chief and manager, and Mr. William Reginald Walter to be secretary.

* * *

The Shanghai Chinese Telegraph Administration will shortly remove into the former German Post Office building at the corner of Foochow Road and Szechuen Road, now occupied by the Chinese Postal service suboffice.

* * *

The Cotton, Yarn, and Cloth Exchange of Paoshan, promoted by Shen Kwan-chung and others, has been formally registered at the Board of Agriculture and Commerce.

* * *

The Shanghai Chinese General Chamber of Commerce has addressed a letter to the Commissioner of Customs asking him to prevent smuggling of light copper and silver coins into this port.

* * *

Captains of eight Chinese warships now riding at anchor in the Whangpoo went to the yamen of the Real Admiral at Shanghai Friday and demanded the payment of their back salaries. They have not been paid for six months.

* * *

Wong Hung-tsing was sentenced to one month in jail in the Mixed Court yesterday for the theft of a quilt from Mrs. Davis, 37 Boone Road.

* * *

1,300 Chinese laborers will arrive in Woosung from France this morning, and will be sent to Pukow by the French Consul-General.

* * *

St. Joseph's Catholic Association will hold an extraordinary general meeting today at 11 a.m.

* * *

A regular meeting of the Shanghai Missionary Association will be held at the Union Church on next Tuesday. There will be a social gathering at 6:30 o'clock, followed by the business session. Miss J. Shaw Ward will speak on "The Place of Women in the Church."

* * *

Mr. E. Burrows has been appointed General Manager of Shanghai Hotels, Ltd.

* * *

The next mail for the United States will go on the s.s. Silver State on January 4.

* * *

A New Year's afternoon tea dance will be given at the Cercle Sportif Francais this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock.

* * *

The Rev. J. M. Blois has been nominated Vicar-Apostolic of the Mission to Middle Manchuria.

* * *

A children's service in connexion with the Feast of Candles will be held at the Ohel Rachel Synagogue today at 4 p.m. The children will afterwards be entertained at Synagogue House.

* * *

The Delta News Agency reports that Mr. Zelmanovitch, Secretary of the Mission of the Far Eastern Republic to Peking, arrived in Shanghai last night, and is staying at the Astor House.

* * *

At 10:31 o'clock yesterday morning the Yangtszepoo Division of the Fire Department was called to 38 Kinchow Road, where smoke was reported. It was found that a flue pipe had been run into the wall, but did not reach the flue. Two bricks were cut away, and the Division returned to the Station.

* * *

Two men, charged with being members of a gang of armed robbers who looted premises at 580 North Fokien Road Friday night, appeared in the Mixed Court yesterday and were remanded in custody for one week. One of the men was arrested in the house and another was taken into custody in an alleyway nearby. The police found a loaded revolver in the alleyway.

* * *

Miss Margaret E. Burton will deliver the address before the Sunday Service League at the Y. M. C. A. at 5 p.m. today, taking as her subject "A Message for the New Year." The meeting will be featured by the program of special music given a week ago by the combined Christmas Chorus from Community and Union Churches.

Mr. Butt, Mrs. McMeekin and Mr. Perry are the soloists.

* * *

Preparations are nearing completion for the Charity Ball to be given by the Royal Society of St. George on "Twelfth Night," January 6. Only a few tickets are left and anyone intending to attend is advised to get into communication with the secretary of the dance sub-committee, 4 Foochow Road, without delay.

* * *

Another of the monthly concerts for sailors of all nationalities will be given at the Union Jack Club tomorrow evening, beginning at 9 p.m.

* * *

Professor Roxby will lecture at the B. W. A. "at home" at the Carlton Cafe tomorrow at 5 p.m.

* * *

A sentence of one month's imprisonment was served on an Elgin Road shopkeeper by the Mixed Court yesterday in consequence of a visit paid to the premises by Sergeant Robertson of West Hongkew station, who discovered 153 tins of opium.

* * *

Some 1,300 Chinese laborers are due to arrive from Marseilles today by the steamer Min. The steamer will carry the men on to Pukow after discharging cargo here.

* * *

The government is reported as intending to sell to the people the 200,000 mow of made land along the Yangtsze River at Nantungchow, Juikowhsien, Kiangyingshien, and Changshuhsien. A large track of such new lands had already been sold by the government during the time the Anfu Party was in power. The tract of land now under consideration will bring to the government about $9,000,000, figuring the price at $50 per mow. The plan, however, requires consultation with Chang Chien.

* * *

The police are investigating the circumstances surrounding the death of a coolie whose body was found in the Yangtszepoo district Friday. It is alleged that the man was struck by an Indian watchman while he was carrying firewood across the yard which the Indian was guarding.

* * *

Four steamships, formerly German owned, are reported to have been purchased by a Chinese navigation company from the Chinese government steamship administration.

* * *

The Chinese Engineering and Mining Co., Ltd., announce that payment of the half-yearly interest due on January 1, 1922 on the 6 percent first mortgage debentures (Kailan bonds) will be made on presentation of coupon 19.

* * *

All Ginling College students were invited to a tea given at 18 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, Saturday afternoon from 4:30 to 6:00 to meet Mrs. J. Lawrence Thurston, President of Ginling College and Dr. Mary E. Woolley, President of Mt. Holyoke College.

* * *

The American University Club will have a tiffin meeting Tuesday at the Carlton Cafe Tuesday at 12:15 p.m. when Dr. Paul Monroe of Columbia University will speak. Ladies are cordially invited to attend. Dr. C. T. Wong will preside at the meeting.

* * *

Thomas M. Knight, office manager for the Dupont Company here has been transferred to New York and will sail for the United States on the Silver State.

* * *

The Kin's Daughters' Society is giving an entertainment for Children at the Union Church Hall at 3:30 p.m. Saturday January 7, in aid of the Children's Convalescent Home Fund. Admission is $1.

BRITON TO GREET PRINCE IN JAPAN IS VISITOR HERE

Mr. Stanley Hughes, Professor of English Dramatic Literature at the University of Keio, Tokio, sailed this afternoon for Japan on the steamer Kumano Maru, having spent Christmas week in Shanghai.

Mr. Hughes, who is organising the Tokio and Yokohama receptions to be given in honor of the Prince of Wales came out to the East from London over ten years ago. He holds a ranking position in the Japanese Educational System, with which he is closely in touch. He is also a prominent figure in dramatic doings in both Tokio and Yokohama.

Caruso To-night

Hear him sing in your own home to night or any night! Hear all the world's greatest artists, from Caruso to Harry Lauder, from Paderewski to Sousa, right in your own Home!

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6. ICE MAKING and REFRIGERATION PLANTS.
7. CEMENT MAKING, BRICK and TILE MACHINERY.
8. MACHINE TOOLS and GRINDING MACHINES.
9. PLATE BENDING MACHINES, PUNCHES and SHEARS.
10. ROAD-BUILDING MACHINES, STONE BREAKERS and CONCRETE-MIXERS.
11. Machinery for RICE MILLS.
12. FIRE-ENGINES for hand and motor power.
13. CENTRIFUGAL and PISTON PUMPS,
14. BALLBEARINGS, etc.

You are cordially invited to call or write and receive free of charge, information, advice and estimates. We will place on expert at your disposal to assist you.

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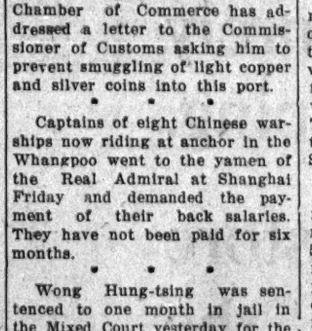
SHANGHAI.



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SCOTT'S Emulsion builds up weakly men, women and children in a *most remarkable* way.

It gives health, strength and vitality. It enriches the blood, fortifies the lungs and strengthens the nerves. Insist on genuine

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Yes, Chesterfields let you know you're smoking. They "satisfy" and yet they're mild. A combination that you'll find in no other cigarette.

They Satisfy

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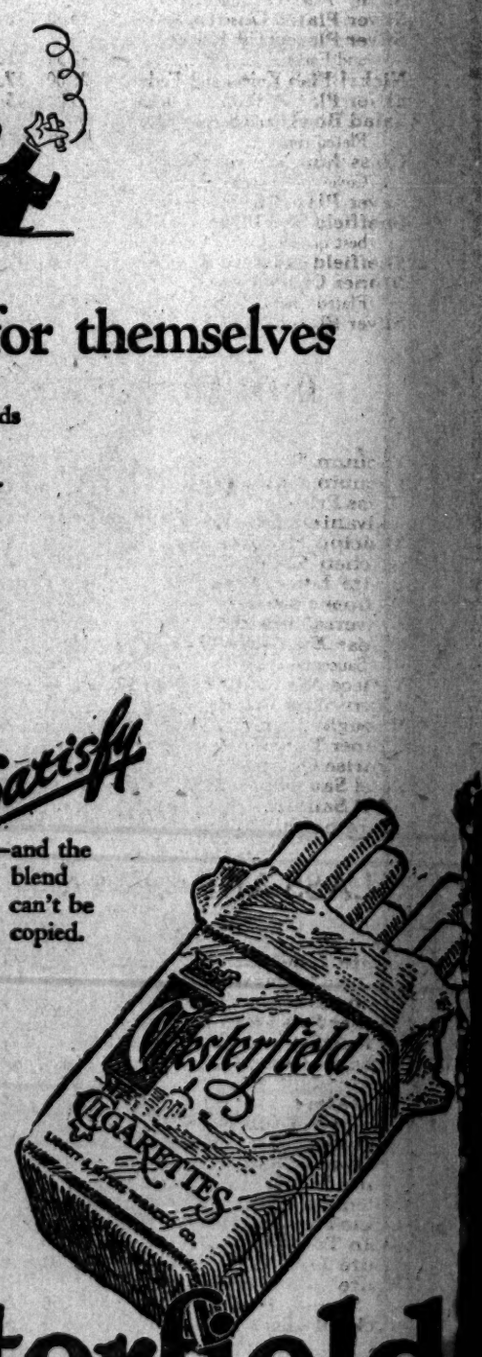

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WHITEAWAY LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

AS PREVIOUSLY ANNOUNCED

We intend that this sale shall be a record in value and we will offer the whole of our thoroughly up-to-date stock all this seasons goods Except where otherwise marked.

The Fall in Values neccessitate a complete clearance of all high priced goods—on which exceptional reductions have been made as is evidenced on the few random selected lines given on this page.

STOCK REDUCTION SALE

Sale Commences **TUES., JAN. 2nd**

OUR WINDOWS REFLECT THE SOUND VALUE OFFERED

Sale Commences **TUES., JAN. 2nd**

BESPOKE TAILORING

	Prices Jan. 1921	Prices Jan. 1922
Striped Cashmere Trousers	$37.50	$30.00
Scotch Tweed Suits	75.00	65.00
Irish Homespun Suits	75.00	65.00
Grey Cheviot Suits	60.00	45.00
Blue Serge Suits *Indigo Dye*	75.00	50.00
Black Serge Suits *Wooded*	85.00	75 00
Cashmere Suits in Brown and Grey	90.00	75.00
Riding Breeches Drab or Brown Tweed	42.00	32.50
Yorkshire Tweed Suits in Greys, Brown etc	50.00	40.00
Harris Tweed Sports' Suits	80.00	65.00
Heather Mixture Lounge Suits all Wool Tweed	80.00	60.00
Saxony Tweed Suits all Wool Superfine Make	90.00	80.00
Silk Striped Scotch Tweed Lounge Suits	95.00	80.00
Blanket Cloth Overcoats in Various Shades Brown Grey etc	95.00	85.00
Scotch Tweed Overcoats in Dark Shades	90.00	70.00
Scotch Tweed Overcoats in Light Grey and Brown Lemgbone Mixture	90.00	75.00

SILVER PLATED WARE AND CUTLERY

	Prices 1921	Prices 1922
Nickel Dessert Spoons and Forks	$7.50	$5.75 doz.
Nickel Teaspoons	4.75	3.50 doz.
Silver Plated Table Spoons	25.00	18.50 doz.
Silver Plated Dessert Spoons	18.50	12.50 doz.
Silver Plated Fish Knives and Forks	42.50	31.50 doz.
Nickel Fish Knives and Forks	25.00	17.50 doz.
Silver Plated Tea Sets 3 pieces	65.00	43.50
Salad Bowls and Service Silver Plated rims	35.00	23.50
Glass Jam Jars, with Plated Cover and Spoon	4.50	3.25
Silver Plated Cocktail Shakers	12.50	8.50 each
Sheffield Steel Dessert Knives, best quality	19.50	15.00 doz.
Sheffield Steel Table Knives	23.50	17.50 doz.
Dinner Cruets Silver Plated Frame	19.50	15.50 each
Silver Plated Entree Dishes	37.50	29.50 each

IRONMONGERY

	Prices 1921	Prices 1922
Vacuum Flask 1 pint	$4.50	$2.00
Vacuum Flasks 2 pint	7.50	4.50
Brass Primus Pattern Pump Stoves	14.50	10.50
Galvanized Iron Buckets	2.25	1.35
Mincing Machines	5.50	4.00
Kitchen Scales With Scoop	7.50	6.00
White Enamel Jugs 10 pint	5.50	4.00
Dishpans re-tinned 15 inch	2.50	1.75
Universal Bread Makers	6.50	4.00
"Wear Ever" Aluminium 2 pint Saucepans	3.75	2.50
5 Piece Aluminium Cooking Set	9.50	6.50
Aluminium Double Roasters	12.50	7.50
Wrought Iron Frypans	1.95	1.35
Copper Bottom Wash Boillers	12.50	8.50
Sunrise Oil Stoves	4.50	3.50
Steel Saucepan Tin Lined 6 pint	5.50	3.50
Steel Saucepan Tin Lined 8 pint	6.50	4.50
Aluminium Cocktail Shakers	3.75	2.25

GLASS AND CHINAWARE

	Prices 1921	Prices 1922
White Toilet Sets 5 pieces	$14.50	$10.75
Coloured Teasets for 6	19.50	15.50
Limoges Teasets for 12	49.50	34.00
Dinner Sets for 6 White	25.00	19.50
Dinner Set for 6 coloured	35.00	25.50
Limoges Dessert Sets for 12	49.50	33.50
White Meat Plates	6.75	4.75 doz.
White Pudding Plates	5.75	3.95 doz.
Sets of 3 White Jugs	1.75	1.35 Set.
Footwarmers 2 pint size	2.00	1.50
Footwarmers 3 pint	2.75	2.00 each
White Flower Vases 10 inch	1.25	1.00 each
Coloured Flower Vases 8 inch	1.25	95 cts.
Circle Band Tumblers	4.50	3.50 doz.
Plain Tumblers ½ pint	5.50	3.75 doz.
White Teacups and Saucers	6.50	4.75 doz.
White Breakfast Cups and Saucers	7.50	5.50 doz.
Cocktail Glasses Plain	6.50	4.75 doz.

MILLINERY DEPAR'T

	Prices Jan. 1921	Prices Jan. 1922
Smart Hats in Hatters Plush	$19.50	$10.75
Choice Grey Model (draped Veil)	35.50	19.75
Fancy Felt Model	31.50	17.50
Navy Velvet Toque	40.00	22.50
Tea Dance Hat of Navy Tulle	31.50	17.50
Oriental Model Hat Gold, Navy	34.50	19.75
Jade Satin Hat	8.50	5.25
Blue, White Toque	19.50	10.75
Pink Felt Model (draped Veil)	34.50	19.75
Lemon Hatters Plush Hat	19.50	11.25
Brown Velvet Toque (Smart)	52.00	29.50
Brick Silk Model	32.50	19.75
Large Brown Velvet Model	48.00	27.50
Choice Black Velvet Model (Artist feather)	39.50	24.75
Black Velvet Hat Lace Trim	19.50	10.75
Feather Toque	19.25	11.75
Large Model Black Velvet (Feather)	69.50	39.50
Nigger Brown Felt	21.50	19.50
Velvet Tam O Shanters	9.50	2.00
Children's Fancy Hats, Velvet etc.	11.50	3.50

CHILDRENS CLOTHING

	Prices Jan. 1921	Prices Jan. 1922
Children's Woolen Kiltees with Knickers 18 inch	$12.50	$ 9.50
White Woolen Sets (3 pieces)	26.50	20.00 Set
Girls all wool Jerseys 24 inch	12.50	8.50
Children's Woolen Knitted Coats 24 in.	12.50	10.50
Dainty Party frocks for Children (Net) 18 inch	14.50	10.25
Party Frocks in Georgette 24 inch	24.50	19.00
Winter Coats (Teddy Bear) 18 inch	18.50	13.95
Girls Winter Coats (Blanket Cloth) 28 inch	19.50	13.95
Warm Winter Coats smart styles 20 in	21.50	14.95
Girls Heavy Winter Coats (Fur Collar) 36 inch	39.50	31.50
Children's Mackintosh Capes with Hoods 22 inch	9.50	6.75
Girls Oilskins assorted Colours 36 in.	21.50	17.50
Useful School Frock (serge) 34 in.	21.50	16.50
Afternoon Frocks (girls) Silk Vilnet 28 inch	30.00	26.50
Plaid Serge Dresses for Girl 24 in.	23.50	19.35

LADIES UNDER-CLOTHING

	Prices Jan. 1921	Prices Jan. 1922
Ladies Flannelette Night Gowns	$ 9.75	$ 5.25
Ladies Woven Night Gowns	19.60	15.75
Ladies Pyjamas (Ceylon Flannel)	28.50	20.00
Ladies Flannel Pyjamas	15.50	11.25
Knitted Silk Directoire Knickers (Black)	13.50	8.80
Knitted Silk Undershirts	23.50	19.35
All Wool Directoire Knickers	12.50	7.00
Plaid Moriette Underskirts	11.50	7.65
Taffeta Underskirts (assorted Colours	19.50	13.50
Crepe de Chine Sets (Embroidered)	35.50	28.50
Voile Sets Night Gown, Clemise, Knickers	29.50	22.95 set.
Crepe de Chine Camisoles	7.50	4.75
Boudior Caps (muslin)	6.25	3.50
Padded Dressing Gowns (Half Price)	42.50	21.00
Padded Dressing Jackets Half Price	21.50	10.75

LADIES COSTUMES

	Prices Jan. 1921	Prices Jan. 1922
Ladies White Rubber Mackintoshes	$14.50	$ 8.50
Ladies Macintoshes of Silver Aeroplane Cloth	26.00	8.50
Ladies Rubber Lined Macks (Fawn)	24.50	20.00
Ladies Musquash Coats	450.00	372.00
Ladies Fur Coat (Australian Hare)	195.00	169.00
Ladies Beavey Coney Coat	475.00	375.00
Ladies Winter Coats	69.50	48.50
Ladies Winter Tweed Coats	59.50	24.75
Ladies Winter Blanket Cloth Coats	71.50	23.75
Ladies Check Tweed Costumes	49.50	17.50
Ladies Navy Gabardine Costumes	69.50	29.50
Ladies Mygar Brown Gabardine Costumes	59.50	33.50
Ladies Saxe Blue Gabardine Costumes	67.50	42.50
Evening (Cloaks. Cloth)	78.50	44.65
Evening Wraps (Satin)	62.75	48.75
Evening Gowns (Satin)	119.00	74.00
Evening Gowns (Brocade)	84.00	38.50

MENS CLOTHING

	Prices Jan. 1921	Prices Jan. 1922
Gent's Mackintosh Coats	25.00	16.50
Gent's Shreglan Coats	75.00	58.50
Gent's Leather Motor Coats	135.00	100.00
Men's Hats	18.50	11.25
Men's Caps	5.50	3.95
Boy's Hats Tweed	2.50	1.75
Men's Ready Made Suits	119.50	77.50
" "	105.00	77.50
" "	77.50	45.50
" "	79.00	37.50

MEN'S GLOVES

Tan Cape	10.50	6.25
Cotton Chamois Colour	4.75	3.75
Wool Gloves	3.50	2.25

MEN'S HANDKERCHIEFS

Cambric	3.50	2.25 doz.
Linen	25.50	19.50
"	32.50	24.50
	last Jan.	*Now*
200 pairs Real "Witney" Blankets size 64 x 86	$31.50	$28.50
100 pairs Real "Witney" Blankets size 80 x 100	35.50 pr.	29.50 pr.
30 pairs Real "Witney" Blankets	17.50	12.00
"Woolvena" Down Quilts size 6 x 4 feet	31.00	22.00
"Woolvena" Down Quilts size 6 x 5 feet	35.00	26.00
"Woolvena" Down Quilts size 6 x 7 feet	49.50	38.50
Silk & Satin Covered Down Quilt size 6 x 5 feet	39.50	31.50
"Woolvena" Pure Down Quilts size 6½ x 4 feet	97.50	79.00
"Woolvena" Pure Down Quilts size 6 x 7 feet	85.00	59.00

MENS UNDERWEAR

GENT'S UNDERWEAR

"Jason" Heavy Weight Vests	9.50	7.25
" " " Pants	8.50	6.50
"Jason" Medium Weight Vests	9.50	6.25
" " " Pants	9.50	6.25

MEN'S HALF HOSE

Cashmere	3.95	2.50
"	2.50	2.00
Silk Cashmere	3.75	2.50
Cycle Stockings with Fancy Tops	8.50	6.50
" " "	6.50	4.75

SHIRTS

Evening Dress Shirts	7.50	5.95
Evening Stiff Front Dress Shirts	6.75	5.45
Cotton Day Shirts	6.50	4.25
" " "	7.50	4.95
" " "	9.50	7.75
Wool " "	10.50	7.75

MENS DRESSING GOWNS, etc.

Gent's Tweed Sports Coats	37.50	24.75
Gent's Grey Flannel Trousers	19.50	14.50
Gent's Pyjamas	9.50	7.95
Jaeger Wool Sweaters	49.50	39.50
Coat Sweater Style	33.50	26.75
Dressing Gown	95.00	62.50
Coloured Dressing Gowns	59.50	43.50
Striped Bath Gowns	26.50	17.50

GENTS' FOOTWEAR

	Prices 1921	Prices 1922
Black Glace Kid Blucher Oxfords	$21.50	$14.85
Black Glace Kid Oxfords	18.50	14.85
Black Calf Blucher Oxfords	19.50	13.00
Black Calf Oxfords	18.50	13.00
Tan Willow Calf Oxfords	22.50	13.95
Tan Willow Calf Blucher Oxfords	23.50	13.95
Brown Glace Red Blucher Oxfords	25.00	14.85
Tan Willow Calf Brogue Oxfords	24.50	14.85
Tan Glain Calf Brogue Oxfords	28.50	16.65
Black Glace Red Blucher Boots	23.50	14.85
Black Calf Blucher Boots	21.50	14.85
Black Calf Blucher Boots	22.50	14.85
Black Red Blucher Boots	24.50	14.85
Stont Black Calf Blucher Boots Souble Solis	23.50	14.85
Tan Willow Calf Blucher Boots	25.00	14.85
Tan Willow Calf Blucher Boots	25.00	14.85

LADIES' FOOTWEAR

	Prices 1921	Prices 1922
Willow Calf Brogue Oxfords	$27.50	$15.75
Glace Kid Oxfords	23.50	14.85
Colt Patent Buckle Shoes	25.00	15.75
Glace Kid Buckle Shoes	26.50	15.75
Glace X Bar Shoes	32.50	24.75
Glace One Bar Shoes	29.50	22.00
Brown Glace Oxfords	24.50	15.75
Grey Suede Brogue Oxfords	32.50	19.75
Grey Suede Brogue Oxford 2nd. Qual	27.50	15.75
Willow Calf Oxfords	25.00	15.75
Colt Patent Buckle Shoes	32.50	24.75
Satin Evening Shoes	21.50	14.50
Silver Brocade Shoes	30.00	24.75
Gold Brocade Shoes	30.00	24.75
Nigger Brown Glace Oxfords	32.50	24.75
Havana Brown Calf Oxfords	32.50	24.75
Felt Comfy Slippers	6.50	3.50
Cloth Gaiters, Best Quality	6.75	4.25
Glace Kid Boots	28.50	18.50
Black Ca f Boots	27.50	18.50
Fancy Top Boots	32.50	18.50

LINENS

	Prices Jan. 1921	Prices Jan. 1922
1. 2 0 Doz Mercerised Napkins	$16.50	$10.50 doz.
2. 100 only Mercerised Table-cloths	8.50	5.50 each
3. 200 prs. Hemstitched Sheets 32 Lbs.	14.50	11.50 pr.
4. 200 pairsh plain hemmed 2x23	16.50	11.50 pr.
5. 50 Doz Plain Pillow Cases	15.00	9.00 doz.
6. 50 Doz H.S. Pillow Cases	30.00	24.00 doz.
7. 250 pairs real Witney Blankets	21.50	16.50 pr.
8. 100 Doz Huck Towels H.S. ends	25.00	17.50 doz.
9. 50 Doz Turkish Towels Fringed ends	39.50	29.50 doz.
10. 50 only Printed Bedspread	7.75	4.75 each
11. 50 only White Satin finished Spreads	16.50	13.50 each
12. 500 yds. Shadow Tissue Cloth	4.50	2.85 yd.
13. 500 yds. Cream FiletNet	1.95	1.25 yd.
14. 2000 yds. Fancy Casement Cloth	3.75	2.75 yd.
15. 50 Turkish Bath Mats	3.95	2.75 yd.
16. 1000 yds. Huck Toweling	1.50	0.85 yd.
17. 48 only Embrd Bedspreads	15.00	10.00 each
18. 100 only Printed Tea Cloths	1.95	1.35 each

CARPETS

	Prices Jan. 1921	Prices Jan. 1922
Velvetpile Square 12 x 9	$135.00	$101.25
Wilton Square 12 x 9	199.00	149.25
Tapestry Carpt. 13'-6" x 12'	117.50	88.25
Art Square 13'-6" x 10'-6"	145.00	108.25
Velvetpile Carpet 9' x 9'	105.00	78.75
Axminster Carpet 12' x 9'	189.00	141.75
Tapestry Carpet 9' x 9'	59.50	37.25
Velvetpile Carpet 9' x 9'	105.00	78.75
Tapestry Carpet 10' 6" x 9'	57.50	35.75
Tapestry Carpet 12' x 9'	95.00	64.00
Wilton Square 12' x 9'	199.00	149.25
Wilton Square 12' x 9'	175.00	131.25

HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR

	Prices Jan. 1921	Prices Jan. 1922
Ladies Silk Hose—Black Only	$3.25	$1.50 pair
Ladies all Silk Hose—Black, Brown	4.00	2.50
Ladies Cashmere Hose—Black, Brown	2.50 pair	1.75 2 pairs for
Ladies White Cotton Stockings	0.95	$1.00
Ladies White Lisle Thread Stockings Suspender Tops	1.00	2 pairs for 1.50
Ladies Silk Hose—White, Black, Grey, and Brown Suspender Tops	8.50	3.75
Fleeced Lined Combinations	6.75	3.25
" " Vests	3.50	2.00
Cotton Knit Vests, Lace Top	1.50	1.00
" " " " "	2.50	1.00
" " " " "	2.25	1.25
Ladies Cotton Handkerchiefs	1.75	1.50
Children,s Cashmere ½ Socks	0.60.cts.	1.00 4 pr

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TERMS CASH

"WAYLOO CORNER"

NANKING ROAD —— SZECHUEN ROAD

NO CREDIT

Writer Tells Inside Story Of Semenov's Activities

(Continued from Page 1)

organised a plot to assassinate him while he was living in the French Concession.

By P. S. NAHABOFF

RING the last days of November 1917, Captain Semenov began his activities against the Soviets of Workmen and Soldiers' Deputies, and immediately thereafter undertook and carried on the organisation of anti-Bolshevik forces, and after negotiations of the representative of Semenov, General Nazvaloff, he was assisted by Japan. General Nazvaloff was afterwards murdered in Vladivostok, and his wife was tortured to death in Chita, by the order of Semenov.

Japan, with the purpose of spreading her influence in the East and of usurping the control of this region, appointed to the staff of Semenov, Captain Kuroki, Seo, and another, and began the organisation of a Japanese detachment, pretending that it consisted of soldiers from the reserve of the army but in fact consisting of soldiers in active service, who arrived in civilian clothes and joined as volunteers. This detachment, which consisted only of Japanese and was commanded by Japanese officers, consisted of 600 men.

SLAYS 300 CHINESE TROOPS

In Semenov's division there was a detachment of Chinese subjects. Three hundred of these were shot by order of Semenov when they revolted for not being paid their salary for three months. This took place at the railway station at Mazievskaya during the month of February, 1918.

From the moment the Japanese representatives arrived in Manchuria, Semenov executed the orders of the Japanese Government, receiving therefor military supplies, ammunition and money for the troops under him.

Japan, acting through her representatives and Semenov, inaugurated a campaign of violence and robbery and sent spies, one Mrs. Kapustina, the mistress of a Japanese officer named Yecota, and a Russian subject, who was given a letter written by Semenov addressed to the Chief of the Topographical Section of the Staff of the Irkutsk Military Commander-in-Chief, Colonel Korzun, ordering Colonel Korzun to deliver to Mrs. Kapustina the military plans of Zabaikalia, Priamur and Manchuria and of the boundary of Mongolia. Large sums of money were expended by the Japanese Government for this purpose.

DOCUMENTS ARE SEIZED

This Mrs. Kapustina and these other spies were arrested by the Bolsheviki between the stations Karimskaya and Olovinya with the documents in question and others signed by Semenov and the Japanese Military authorities. Among the documents seized was a special order addressed to the Japanese Consul in Irkutsk requesting that assistance be rendered to the bearers, and stating that they were charged with a matter of grave importance. These persons, however, were thrown into the Irkutsk prison and detained there until March, when the Czechs entered Irkutsk. Mrs. Kapustina was set free on the 14th of June, 1918, by the White guard, who released all political prisoners.

Mrs. Kapustina went to Harbin through Saghalien, and was sent by the Japanese Military Attache, Colonel Nakajama, to Japan. This Mrs. Kapustina was an old spy in the service of the Japanese General Staff.

PLOTTED TROUBLE WITH CHINA

Colonel Korzun also was arrested and shot by the Bolsheviki as a traitor. In the same year (1918), when Captain Semenov resided in Chita, he, upon the initiative of the Japanese Right Command, through Baron Ungern, formed secretly a Mongolian Division for the occupation of Mongolia, with the purpose of forming a base to be used in the event of a defeat by the Bolsheviki; but in fact, the real design of Japan was to bring about a conflict between China and Mongolia, and thus to be furnished cause to interfere in the affairs of Mongolia. Also to assist in the accomplishment of this design, Colonel Popoff and Krijanovsky and other representatives of Semenov, and Prince Kutun-Han, on behalf of Mongolia, were sent to Japan.

It was planned by Captain Kuroki and General Otani, the Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese Expeditionary Forces, to form secret staffs and spread them all over Mongolia and Manchuria, in Kiatchta, Maimachen, Urga, Tushetu and Chenchen Han.

JAPANESE SUPPLIED MUNITIONS

Semenov maintained Colonels Popoff, Stepanoff and Kuteshoff in Mukden as his agents and go-betweens with the Japanese. Ammunition, including large quantities of machine guns, field pieces, six-inch Gaubitz, and rifles, was supplied upon Semenov's order by the Chief Commander of the Japanese 3rd and 13th Divisions. The quantities and kinds of ammunition supplied are shown by the accompanying order books of the Mongolian Division.

As a representative of the Japanese Government, I took part in every meeting held to discuss the military intervention in Mongolia, and was asked to form the said Division. This request was confirmed by an order dated 6th of February 1919, No. 123, which reads as follow:

"Confidentially. Staff of the Special Manchuria Division. Harbin. Lieutenant Nahaboff.—After delivering the purchasing of ammunition to Lieut.-Colonel von Meyer,, you have to start the formation of the Mongolian Division in Maimachin at once, together with an officer of the Japanese army, Captain Ocura, from whom you will receive instructions. You are to report the date of your arrival and keep me informed of the present situation there. (signed) Ataman Semenov, aide-de-camp Captain Lvow."

Considering these matters in detail, the desire of Japan to seize the opportunity under the name of Russia to cause trouble in Mongolia was plainly seen.

REFUSES TO ACCEPT MISSION

Thus being made aware of the grave consequences likely to result to my own country from a prosecution of the Japanese design, I went to Ataman Semenov, and, in presence of Captain Kuroki, protested against it, refused to take part in such a treacherous mission, asked Semenov to appoint someone else to my post and to relieve me from the service, but Semenov refused to accept my resignation and offered to send me to Japan, which latter offer I accepted.

On March 5, 1919, I received an order from Semenov from Chita to proceed at once to Harbin. I arrived at Harbin at 10 a.m. and presented myself at noon to the train of Semenov, but instead of being received by him was surrounded by his bodyguard and imprisoned in an armored car and ordered to be executed by Semenov on April 4. I escaped from this car on the night before the morning of April 4, the time fixed for my execution.

Being questioned by Lieutenant Kunse, the first question was: Where did I put the bag received from Semenov's aide-de-camp Captain Krossovsky addressed to the Japanese Minister of War, with an order not to open it? I received the contents of it. Strictly confidentially, Staff of Special Manchuria Division. Nov. 13, 1918, No. 913. Station Borzia: To the Representative for purchasing ammunitions and arms in Japan, Lieutenant Nzhaboff. In receipt of this sealed parcel from my aide-de-camp, Captain Krassovsky, I order you not to open it and to forward at once and deliver it personally to the Minister of War in Japan, the receipt is to be presented to me. (signed): Ataman Semenov Chief of Personal guard Captain Tirbah.

Second question: To whom did I mention the fact of the existence of the Mongolia Division notifying the staffs located in different towns in Mongolia and the supply of arms and ammunitions by Japan?

Third question: What communication had I with General Horvath and what arms did I offer to him?

Fourth question: What was the reason of detention of the transport of ammunition to Maimachen, bought for the Mongolia Division? (copy of the order).—Staff of Ataman Semenoff, February 9, 1919, No. 267.—To Lieut. Nahaboff.—14 cars with ammunitions addressed to the 13th Japanese Division, I order you in receipt of all documents from Chita and deliver to the Chief Commissary Colonel Birukoff, the said ammunitions for arming the Mongolian Division in Maimachen (signed) Ataman Semenov, Chief of Staff Captain Vasilievsky.

Fifth question: The names of members of the groups organised by me against Ataman Semenov and my relations with the personal guard of Ataman Semenov consisting of Servians?

No more questions were made.

Semenov and the Japanese Head Command fearing that I could throw light on all the particulars of their relations towards Mongolia and on the fact of Semenov's transfering secret military plans to Japan, decided to have me shot, but, by chance, I escaped with Colonel Michailoff from the armored train, and now I am able to unveil the secret purposes of Japan and Semenov concerning China and the Far East.

The Mongolian adventure was predicted by me and I advised the Chinese Government thereof in 1919. This report and the supporting documents which I present to the Government of the U. S. offers an opportunity to officially notice and unveil the Japanese adventure in Mongolia, and to expose the ganga-headed creature of Japan, Baron Ungern.

The Ungern forces included officers and men of the Japanese army who assisted with 46 guns, and formed the artillery force of Ungern.

Ungern received and obeyed the orders of the Japanese Military Command, transmitted through Major Kaubo, a Japanese officer attached to Semenov's Staff in Chita, and who was later transferred to a high post at Vladivostok and recently has been appointed on the Staff of General Oi.

After consultation with General Nazvaloff, I forwarded a report of these matters by Colonel Stepanoff to Admiral Koltchak. And Admiral Koltchak upon learning of the treacherous, deceitful and wrongful conduct of Semenov deprived him of his rank and discharged him from the service of the Koltchak Government, and declared him a traitor and ordered his arrest (Order No. 62), but Semenov continued unlawfully without authority to carry on and operate against the said Koltchak Government.

After forwarding the military plans to Admiral Koltchak, I discovered a conspiracy on the part of Semenoff and others to assasinate Admiral Koltchak and immediately made a written report thereof to Admiral Koltchak and forwarded it to him by my aide-de-camp, Gidovich, but he was arrested by Semenov in Chita, the report taken away from him and he was shot by the order of Semenov.

The further activities of Ataman Semenov, assisted by Japan, lead to the seizure of the power of and to the assassination of Admiral Koltchak, which was accomplished during the retreat of the Koltchak army when the Division of General Skipetrov, sent by Semenov to rescue Koltchak was disarmed by the Czechs near Irkutsk by and with the assent of Semenov, resulting in the overthrow of the Koltchak Governmment and the capture and death of Admiral Koltchak.

After this Semenov usurped the power of Koltchak and continued his activities on his own risk supported and protected by Japan.

I have the honor to present this report and the attached hereto supporting documents to the Government of the U. S., considering them very important in the interests of my own and other countries, and I beg that they be presented to the Washington Pacific Conference.

Alexander's Young Nephew Is Another Victim Of Small Pox

Seven-year-old Albert Williams, nephew of the late Albert Alexander, drummer of the Carlton orchestra who succumbed recently to small pox, passed away yesterday at the Isolation hospital, another victim of the small pox epidemic.

Mr. Alexander came to Shanghai a year and a half ago with his wife, his mother and the nephew. A day after he was stricken with small pox the little boy was attacked by the disease and though it was believed at first that he would recover a relapse set in Friday and he died about 1 o'clock yesterday morning.

Following Mr. Alexander's death expressions of sympathy and condolence for the little family he left behind took practical form and besides several funds raised, a benefit tea dance that was given at the Carlton last Wednesday was perhaps the most largely attended affair of the kind Shanghai has seen.

Mrs. Alexander and Mrs. Ida Westlake, the late Mr. Alexander's mother, who shortly are to return to America have written a sincere note of thanks to their friends and to the Shanghai public for the many expressions of sympathy received in their bereavement.

WANT CHINESE TO SEND EXHIBITS FOR U. S. DISPLAY

The Shanghai Chinese General Chamber of Commerce has received a letter from the American Silk Association to the effect that a second International Silk Exhibition will take place at New York in February, 1923.

Chinese silk merchants are invited to participate, and the different Silk Trade Guilds and the leading silk filatures are asked to make due preparation for exhibits.

Silk merchants are reminded that Chinese silk products displayed at the first International Silk Exhibition at New York in February, 1921, though favorably commented upon by foreign silk experts, were far from perfect, owing to hurried preparation of the exhibits.

TsaoKun Returns To Paotuing Post

(Eastern News Agency)

Peking, Dec. 31.—Tsao Kun left Peking at 5 a.m. of December 31 to his post at Paoting.

THE TREMBLING HAND

A Sure Sign that Your Nerves are in Trouble, and Your General Health Low.

If your hand, your thumb, or your foot trembles when you try to hold it still, if your writing is shaky, if you have tremors of your lips or chin, your nerves need strengthening.

Unless something is done you may easily become the victim of neuralgia, sciatica, neurasthenia, partial paralysis, or any of the severe nervous disorders.

There is no tonic for the nerves that is not a tonic for every other part of the body. There is no form of debility that does not rob the nerves of nourishment. The remedy therefore for nervous breakdown is a tonic that will build up the general health, revitalize the blood, and enable it to carry to the starved nerves the elements they need.

Dr. Williams' pink pills are an ideal tonic for all nervous people. Grateful men and women in all parts of the world have testified to their revitalizing value. Here is evidence from New Zealand:

"Through the strain of domestic loss my health gave ways," says Mrs. Alice Toohey, 19 Graham Street, Auckland, N. Z. "My nerves became quite unstrung, even a tap at the door would set me trembling all over. I lost appetite, was very restless in my sleep, and became so low-spirited that all the pleasure went out of everything. Sharp, shooting pains would come on in my temples and last for a couple of hours or more. But a trial of Dr. Williams' pink pills restored my energy. I picked up wonderfully after commencing to take the pills and my nerves were soon in good order. So I recommend them as a sure tonic."

If you are nervous, anaemic, suffering from depression, lack of appetite, rheumatic pains, neuralgia, a short trial of Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people will prove that you have at last found the tonic remedy you need. Of medicine vendors, or post free, $1.50 per bottle, $8 for six bottles, from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai. For men and women too.

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Here's Hoping

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That your lights burn brightly
right along;

That whatever you tackle
You'll carry it through

During Nineteen Hundred and Twenty-two

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FLEECY SLIPPERS

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REDUCED PRICES TO CLEAR

WEEKS & Co., Ltd.

This store will be CLOSED on Monday, The 2nd January, 1922 (New Year Holiday)

JAPANESE MISSION IN LONDON SEES DRAINAGE WORKS

(Reuter's Service)

London, Dec. 30.—The Japanese commercial mission this morning inspected London's main drainage outfall works at South Thames, and were afterwards entertained to a luncheon at Claridges by Major Simmons, Chairman of the London County Council.

Major Simmons, in proposing a toast to the mission, said that he hoped that the close bonds of affection between London and Tokio would last forever.

Baron Hyashi in replying paid tribute to the great work of the London County Council. Dr. Takuma Dan said the mission had all been very interested in what they had seen in London, which would be of the greatest value to them.

Baron Nakashima said that he regretted that the leading business men of Japan had not given municipal matters the very serious attention they deserved. Tokio, he said, was so backward in this respect that they hardly liked strangers to visit the whole of the City the drainage and sewerage of which were elementary, the mileage of paved and asphalted roads infinitesimal and the traffic in certain parts of the city overwhelming and beyond control. He pointed out that Tokio was proud of her municipal tramways system, but that there was litle else to speak of as yet. He concluded by saying that all they had seen of the work of the London County Council had filled the mission with wonder.

The delegates this afternoon visited the fire brigade headquarters, the Tramway Company's generating station, and the chief repair depot of the Tramway Company.

Portuguese Hygienist Coming To Far East

(Reuter's Service)

Lisbon, Dec. 30.—Senhor Ricard Jorge, Director of Hygiene for Portugal, is leaving for the East on an international mission for the purpose of studying the question of the defense of Europe against the invasion of epidemics.

To Elect Members For French Council On January 17 Next

The election of members to the French Municipal Council will be held on Tuesday, January 17, according to an announcement made in a French Consular Order which is just out.

Five places are to be filled on the Municipal body, the retiring members being Messrs. R. Fano, C. H. C. Platt, A. Chapeaux, M. Speelman and Dr. E. Tartois. Four land commissioners are to be elected at the same time, two full members and two supplementary, the retiring members being Messrs. F. Sallon and A. L. Anderson and Ch. Barriere and A. Jost.

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University of Montpellier (France)

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NOTICE OF REMOVAL

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Surgery, X-Ray and diathermy

Examination with Uretrascope

Skin Diseases

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P471 Nanking Road, Tel. C. 5719. (between Shansi and Fokien Rds.)

CONSULTING HOURS:

7 to 9 a.m. and 1 5 to 8 p.m.

NOTICE

Prof. I. K. Seto and Madam Fumi Seto expert Japanese massuers beg to announce that they have removed to the Toyo-Kan Hotel, 24 Miller Road, Hongkew, Temporary office, room 6. Give treatment at hotel or your residence. Telephone N. 2448.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the business of the FOREIGN DIVISION of the HAN YUNG COMPANY (漢運公司), was taken over by the HAN YUNG IMPORT & EXPORT COMPANY (漢運洋行), as from the 7th October, 1921, from which date the latter firm will be responsible for all unfinished transactions of the FOREIGN DIVISION of the HAN YUNG COMPANY (漢運公司).

HAN YUNG COMPANY

漢 運 公 司

WE hereby give notice that on the 7th October, 1921, we bought and took over the business of the FOREIGN DIVISION of the HAN YUNG COMPANY (漢運公司) and will be responsible for all its contracts and unfinished transactions.

HAN YUNG IMPORT & EXPORT COMPANY

漢 運 洋 行

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NOTICE

Dr. K. Panek, M.D. assistant professor of gynecological surgery and midwifery, University of Prague, specialist for women's and children's diseases begs to inform his patients that he has moved to his new residence, Route de Soeurs, Tracey Terrace, 12, Telephone W. 2651. Office rooms Museum Road, 14. Telephone C. 1129. Consulting hours: 11-1 and 4-6.

44097

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44522

WANTED. Piano. Will pay good rent and guarantee excellent care. Phone, North 1189.

44611 J 1

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TEACHER. American or British required two afternoon hours, Mondays and Fridays inclusive, for boy of eight. State qualifications and terms, which must be moderate, to Box 1014, THE CHINA PRESS.

44615 J 4

ENGLISH LADIES give lessons English music, typewriting, stenography, Miss Ryan. 3A Wongkashaw Gardens (off Avenue Road). Phone W. 2779.

44588

JEROME NISHIMURA, expert translator Japanese into English, or vice versa of all kinds at moderate rates. 8B, Miller Road, Phones. North 1114 and 1215.

44643 J 4

WANTED a young English lady to teach three Chinese students (beginners) at her own home, for 1 hour each day after 7 p.m. except on Saturday and Sunday. $30 per month. Apply to Box 1018, THE CHINA PRESS.

44641 J 4

TRANSLATIONS. Russian-English, English-Russian, accurate work by experienced translator. Apply to Box 1007, THE CHINA PRESS.

44587 J 3

RUSSIAN lessons given by experienced lady teacher, knowing English and French languages. Apply to Box 993, THE CHINA PRESS.

44554 J 1

RUSSIAN lady teacher is willing to accept pupils for studying the Russian language. Apply to Great Eastern Hotel. Room No. 144 from 1 to 2, 5 to 7 p.m.

44545 J 1

LADY manicurist. House 9 to 1 and 2 to 7. Room 144, Great Eastern Hotel.

44545 J 1

ENGLISH lessons. An experienced lady teacher desires a position in a school, or for private lessons. Excellent references. Apply to Box 947, THE CHINA PRESS.

44451 J 3

APARTMENTS TO LET

APARTMENT, furnished, for rent. Large bedroom, small bedroom, dining room, living room, bathroom (modern plumbing). Hot-cold water, geyser (private kitchen if desired). Electric, telephone, verandahs. Entire floor in one of Shanghai's finest residences, outlook four sides overlooking park and private grounds. Just completely renovated, newly painted. Absolutely private, modern, convenient, desirable every respect. Board optional (finest Shanghai affords). References required. Immediate occupation. Apply to Box 1017, THE CHINA PRESS.

44640 J 1

PRIVATE villa, Western district. Completely furnished flat. Food of the best served in apartment. Real nice home, moderate terms. Apply to Box 1024, THE CHINA PRESS.

44652 J 1

SUPERIOR boarding house has a few vacancies for respectable persons of European or American nationalities. "The best of everything." The proof of the pudding lies in the eating. A call will convince you that we can satisfy you. Terms moderate. Apply to Box 1010, THE CHINA PRESS. 44598 J.3

TO LET. Lovely modern flat, all improvements. Vicinity Hongkew Park. Apply to Box 1008, THE CHINA PRESS.

44589 J 3

TO LET, from 1st of January, nicely furnished flat, facing South, with bathroom and verandah attached, kitchen etc. Apply 36 Quinsan Road.

44533 J 1

WANTED. Business couple to share small modern home. Rates moderate. Apply to Box 992, THE CHINA PRESS.

44553 J 1

APARTMENTS to let. Advertiser offers for sale long lease in good building. Centrally located, having office rooms and furnished living quarters. This is an opportunity for a profitable investment assuring a good home at low cost. Apply to Box 949, THE CHINA PRESS.

44460 J 3

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED to rent or purchase a small house. French town or Western district. Apply to Box 965, THE CHINA PRESS.

44489 J 1

WANTED 2 or 3 roomed unfurnished house with kitchen and bathroom. Apply to Box 1000 THE CHINA PRESS.

44562 J 1

WANTED to rent a four or five roomed house fully furnished. House will be occupied by an American family with no children. Replies to Carl Crow, Inc., 9, Hankow Road.

44505 J 1

HOUSES TO LET

FOR RENT. Four roomed house with servants' quarters in Studley Avenue. Modern. Reasonable rent Furniture to be taken over. Apply to Box 1027, THE CHINA PRESS.

44655 J 4

TO LET, for three months, unfurnished four-roomed house in Western district. Reply to Box 1025, THE CHINA PRESS.

44651 J 4

FULLY furnished 4 roomed house to let from the 1st January for 6 months or longer in Avenue Road. Apply for full particulars to 47 Weihaiwei Road.

44647 J 1

TO LET near Avenue Joffre with immediate possession. Monthly rent, Tls. 170. 1 house, 3 living rooms, 3 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, hot air heating, latest sanitary arrangements, garage, garden. Apply J. Bendin and M. Speelman, 7 Avenue Edouard VII.

44560 J 5

TO LET 2 excellent residences 17 and 19 Route Pottier. Hardwood finish, sanitary plumbing, open for inspection. Further particulars apply J. T. Hammond, 51, Szechuen Road.

44613 J 4

TO LET in Western district a very comfortable 4 roomed house, 2 bathrooms, 3 small rooms, 2 verandahs, all modern conveniences. Furniture and fittings must be taken over. Apply to Box 976, THE CHINA PRESS.

44521

TO LET. One large comfortable room with separate bathroom and garage on Bubbling Well Road 165. Telephone West 1456. Also a house of eight rooms with kitchen, fully furnished on Avenue Foch can be given over or rent.

44238 D 31

FOR RENT 6 room house in Bubbling Well District, 3 bathrooms, verandahs, servants' quarters. Furniture must be taken over. Apply to Box 923, THE CHINA PRESS.

44605 J 1

HOUSE to let. in Western district from 15th of January. One 7 roomed house with garage and garden. Furniture must be taken over. Price $3,500. Apply to Box 997, THE CHINA PRESS.

44558 J 6

TO LET for $425 in Western district one seven roomed house, fully furnished with linen etc., telephone, garage, garden. Apply to Box 998, THE CHINA PRESS.

44558 J 6

TO LET. Semi-foreign 3 roomed rear house. Avenue Joffre. Cheap rent. Apply to Box 983, THE CHINA PRESS.

44535 J 1

HOUSE to let. Furniture must be taken over for $1500.00. Lease for three years, rent Tls. 95.00 per month. House contains four rooms and the usual servants' quarters, two bathrooms, kitchen and garage. Location at Rue Lafayette. Apply to Box 989, THE CHINA PRESS.

44532 J 1

TO LET in French town three-roomed house, bathroom (with geyser) and kitchen. Furniture and fixtures must be taken over. Low rent. Apply to Rue Marcel Tillot, 51 (Parallel Avenue Joffre).

44551 J 1

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

ON account of sickness of owner a European dressmaking shop with first class reputation and good clientelle is offered for sale, or a partner wanted. Invested capital about $12,000. Payment in installment. Apply to Box 968, THE CHINA PRESS.

44504

SITUATIONS WANTED

Private and Confidential Stenography and Typewriting undertaken by Miss M. V. Andrews. 19 Baikal Road. Telephone East 436.

44542

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44634

AMERICAN, 40, with many years executive experience in the Far East is open for engagement. Unusually qualified by education, training and experience to fill any executive position in import and export business. Specialty imports. Apply to Box 969, THE CHINA PRESS.

44506

AUSTRALIAN with vast general business experience on own account and four years with leading Australian weekly newspaper as advertising manager and organiser seeks position in Shanghai. Exceptionally good salesman. References second to none, which he will be pleased to show or post to anyone interested. Apply to Box 990, THE CHINA PRESS.

44541 J 1

STENO-TYPIST desires extra work after office hours. Apply to Box 978, THE CHINA PRESS.

44527 J 1

ENGLISH woman seeks position as nurse, to one or two children. Capable of taking full charge. Apply to Box 973, THE CHINA PRESS.

44514 J 1

LADY Stenographer undertakes confidential typing. Engineering work a speciality. Terms moderate. Enquiries to Miss Wilson, 8b Ben Building. Telephone Central 6689.

44498 J 4

ENGINEER, Mechanical and Electrical, British, age 30, plant maintenance and installation, excellent experience, modern workshop practice, open for engagement. Outport no objection. Address to Box 933, THE CHINA PRESS.

44412 J 3

YOUNG Japanese wants position in European firm as a junior clerk, good experience of bookkeeping by double entry. Please apply to Box 953, THE CHINA PRESS.

44464 J 3

IMPORT executive, American, 32, eight years experience at New York, manager China department, three years in East, assistant manager well known firm manufacturers representatives. Working knowledge Russian, no objection outport. Apply to Box 948, THE CHINA PRESS.

44459 J 3

BOOKKEEPER - ACCOUNTANT, (Chinese) thoroughly experienced, capable of taking charge of whole set of books without supervision, is open for engagement. Excellent references and recommendations. Apply to Box 967, THE CHINA PRESS.

44454 J 10

HOUSES FOR SALE

TO SELL as business concern, large villa, rented in private flats. Western, near tram, Garages, garden. Good paying concern. Illness cause of selling. Apply to Box 1023, THE CHINA PRESS.

44650 J 3

FOR SALE two semi-detached 6 roomed residences centrally located in the French Concession with modern improvements. Garden, tennis lawn, garage, stabling, etc. Apply to Box 1019, THE CHINA PRESS.

44644 J 3

FOR SALE, or to be let, modern 10-roomed house, 3 bathrooms, garage, green house, tennis court and spacious servants' quarters. Newly built. Apply on premises, 121 Rue Massenet.

44536 J 6

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

TO BE LET, with immediate possession, spacious office accomodation with godown adjoining. Centrally situated. Apply to Box 988, THE CHINA PRESS.

44548 J 7

TO LET 1st and 2nd floor, good locality, immediate occupation, suitable for Dentist or Dressmaker. Apply to H. Lee & Co. 574, Nanking Road (opposite American Drug Co.).

44520

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Connaught House

8 QUINSAN GARDENS

Vacant, January 1st. One large furnished room with bath room attached, suitable for a couple. Also one cosy small room.

Apply Mrs. G. POLLOCK.

TO LET with board one large front room, bathroom, closed in verandah attached. Please apply 14 Quinsan Gardens. Tel. North 482.

TO LET in Western district, one large room with verandah, bathroom. Suitable for married couple or two bachelors. Apply to Box 643, THE CHINA PRESS.

UNFURNISHED flat of 2 rooms with bathroom, pantry and kitchen for immediate occupation. No key money. Apply 19 Elgin Road, ground floor.

44608 J 4

NOW vacant near Race Course a nice attic room with full board $100 per month. Garden, tennis-court, telephone, etc. Apply to Box 1022, THE CHINA PRESS.

44647 J 1

ROOM to rent. New, clean, light and airy, modern sanitation in private American home, no children, two hundred feet from Avenue Joffre car station, nine copper fare. Will serve breakfast only. Apply to Box 1015, THE CHINA PRESS.

44618 J 7

TO LET with board in a private family, near French Park, one well furnished bedroom with large verandah, bathroom attached. Immediate occupation. Use of phone. Apply to Box 1021, THE CHINA PRESS.

44646 J 3

TO LET ROOMS furnished and unfurnished with board. Thorne Road No. 67. (Beyond fire house on Range Road). Tram No. 6.

44194

TO LET. January 1st nicely furnished large rooms with private bath and geyser, suitable for married couple or bachelor friends, also single rooms. Apply 59B Range Road.

44537 J 7

ROOM TO LET. Hongkew district. Apply to Box 1005, THE CHINA PRESS.

44577 J 1

TO LET a nice well furnished room with board, in private family Quinsan district. Apply to Box 1006, THE CHINA PRESS.

44579 J 7

TO LET one small furnished room. Cheap rental. Suitable for business girls only. Bachelors not wanted. Apply Paoshing Road, 2, off North Szechuen Road.

44582 J 3

ROOM and board for one gentleman, American home-cooking. Lamont. 18, Quinsan Garden.

44452 J.1

SMALL American family, near French Park, desires lady boarder. $150 per month. Apply to Box 1002, THE CHINA PRESS.

44570 J 1

LARGE furnished rooms to let with bathroom and board attached. Ten minutes walk from Astor House. Moderate prices. 10 Seward Road.

44561 J 6

BOSTONIA, 61 Carter Road. To let. Large room with bath, suitable for two persons. Vacant January 8th.

44547 J 6

TO LET from 1st January 1922 one large and one small furnished rooms with verandah and bath, geyser. French concession. Apply Mrs. S. Albert, 37 Rue de Consulate, 3rd floor.

44549 J 1

WANTED. Two American girls to share in girls mess. All modern conveniences. Rates reasonable. Apply to Box 991, THE CHINA PRESS.

44553 J 1

TO LET nicely furnished room with bath, with or without board. Central district. 19, North Szechuen Road.

44511 J 4

ONE furnished attic room with bath to let. Apply to 34, Wayside Road.

44476 J 1

TO LET. Two furnished rooms with baths attached, suitable for bachelors. Breakfast if required. Wayside district. Apply to Box 950, THE CHINA PRESS.

44461 J 3

TO LET. Room and bath, in private home, vacant January 6th. Apply phone West 2545. ?

44441 J 1

TO LET well furnished room with board, separate bath, telephone, verandah, Modern house. Route Vallon 65 near French Park. Apply 11 to 7.

44426 J 1

EXCHANGE AND MART

TO SPORTSMEN—WRIGHT & BELYEA have for sale a very suitable teakwood motor houseboat for shooting purposes. Good for Creek or deepwater. Length 30 feet, beam 12 feet. Just immediately thoroughly overhauled. Both boat and engine. Very roomy, and will go anywhere. Tel. North 295, Woosung and 8 North Honan Road.

44632

FOUNTAIN pen safe under cost. Waterman Ideal self-filling $4.20; Conklin self-filling $4.60; Salbro self-filling $3.00; Eversharp pencils, silver filled, $2.00; Sharppoint pencils $1.95. Satisfaction absolutely guaranteed. Terms C. O. D. Goods sent on approval at our expenses. Apply to Box 995, THE CHINA PRESS.

44556

BLANKETS, for sale 1,000 gray woollen double blankets, size 58 x 64. For particulars write to Box 1016, THE CHINA PRESS or Phone Central 2671.

44630

FLUTE. 13 keyed ivory head flute for sale cheap. Apply to Box 1030, THE CHINA PRESS.

44645 J 4

SAFETY Razor Blades sharpened like new, three cents single, four cents double blades. Send your old blades to the Y.M.C.A. Barber Shop—"The Sanitary Shop," 120 Szechuen Road.

44633

FOR SALE. Centreboard sailing boat. 15 feet long, complete with yuloh, canvas cover, etc. all in good condition, will accept best offer over $100. For inspection apply to Box 999, THE CHINA PRESS.

44559 J 1

HORSES. 2 thoroughbred English racers 7 and 3 years of age. The elder winner of many prizes. For particulars address to Box 962, THE CHINA PRESS.

44475 J 1

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED. Interpreter for law firm, previous experience and business connections desirable. Apply stating experience, etc. to Box 1026, THE CHINA PRESS.

44629 J 4

HOUSE BOATS FOR HIRE

FOR HIRE: Comfortable houseboats, well found in every respect. For particulars please apply by letter to 1 J, Muirhead Road.

44354

LOST AND FOUND

LOST. A black and white setter dog and a lemon and white setter bitch. Anyone giving information leading to the recovery of these dogs will be rewarded if necessary. Please reply to F. B. Pitcairn, 31 Great Western Road, Telephone W. 370.

44596 J 1

USED CARS

FOR SALE 4 cyl. Overland car in good condition. driven by owner. For inspection please apply to Box 959 THE CHINA PRESS.

44612 J 4

BARGAIN. One newly built chummy roadster, eight cylinder "Cadillac" chassis. For particulars inquire Y. S. Day, 178 Bubbling Well Road.

44617 J 7

FOR SALE Nash Automobile, 6 cylinders, large body. Excellent condition, price reasonable. Owner leaving for home January. Apply to Box 982, THE CHINA PRESS.

44532 J 1

MOTOR CAR for sale. Almost new Chevrolet model 490, spare tire, seat covers, and in fine condition. A bargain. Apply to Box 1011, THE CHINA PRESS.

44604 J 1

A lady leaving for England, wishes dispose of Willys-Knight 5 seater motor car in perfect condition. Cheap for quick sale. Any trial. Apply to Box 936, THE CHINA PRESS.

44541 J 1

FOR SALE. Buick 1920 five passenger motor car, newly painted, recently overhauled, tyres excellent condition. Apply Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

44566 J 1

FOR SALE 4 seater car mark Protos. Owner driven, just painted and entirely overhauled. Price Tls. 1000. Apply to Box 987, THE CHINA PRESS.

44544 J 1

Canton And Capital

By Orrin Keith

GENERAL Wood is reported to have defined a stable government as one under which capital seeks investment at normal rates of interest. Exception may be taken to this as a final test but nevertheless the attitude of capital to a government furnishes at least one very important test of its quality. Applying this test to the government which has now been in power in Canton for nearly fourteen months, what do we find?

First it must be said that the last few years have seen a great expansion in Canton's silk trade. Last year the total export was over seventy million dollars, double what it was ten years ago. This increase has been brought about by the awakening of Canton's merchants to the possibilities of the silk trade, the introduction of new machinery and the adoption of new methods. In addition to the export of raw silk a certain amount of manufactured products is beginning to be sent abroad. These include hosiery, handkerchiefs and other small articles. This trade has already reached a total of several million dollars although three or four years ago it did not exist.

This great increase in the export trade of Canton has meant wealth for her merchants and increased prosperity for her people. During the regime of the Kwangsi militarists, however, this new wealth remained in hiding, stowed away in the banks of Shameen or Hongkong or Shanghai. Capital did not make any effort to seek investment under the rule of Mok and his satellities. There were too many ways for dollars to leave the pocket of their owners and make their way to those of the rulers of the province. What development work went on, therefore, was due to the activities of the politicians themselves, using their military power to increase their ill-gotten gains. Capitalists whose money was safely out of reach took good care to keep it so.

Since the return of Governor Chen Chiung-ming and the election of Dr. Sun as president of the Southern Government, all this has changed. Capital has suddenly recovered its courage. One after another the exiles in Hongkong and Shanghai are returning to Canton. And they are bringing their money with them. They are buying land, building houses, stores, godowns and factories. New industries are springing up on all sides. The value of real estate in the city has almost doubled in the last year.

Asked as to the reason for this, the merchants and capitalists with whom I discussed the matter were unanimous in ascribing it to the confidence which the investing public felt in the present government. The men in office now were honest and sincere. They were trying to better the conditions of the country. Squeeze had been all but eliminated. This was true alike of the central government under Dr. Sun, the provincial government under Governor Chen, and the municipal government under Sun Fo. In spite of the financial difficulties under which all three were laboring, they were building along lines of honesty and fair-dealing. Under such an administration wealthy Chinese would far rather invest their money in the development of their own cities and purely Chinese enterprises than in joint ventures with foreigners where the control remained in non-Chinese hands. Hence not only native Cantonese were bringing their money back to Canton, but even men of other provinces to the North were coming down to invest in the southern metropolis.

One striking evidence of the confidence of the Cantonese in their present government is the prosperity of the Provincial Bank of Kwangtung, a government institution started just after the return to power last year. I passed its doors the other morning just before ten o'clock. Outside were forty or fifty Chinese clinging desperately to the iron-grating that they might be the first to get in when the door were opened. I had just been reading of the runs on the Bank of China and the Bank of Communications, the financial pillars of the Peking government, and I wondered if the panic had spread to Canton and if the local government too, would have to close the doors of its banks. I returned shortly afterward. The doors were opened and the clamoring crowd had moved inside to the tellers' windows. Still they crowded; they reached frantically through the bars of the cages. President Ching asked me to come around into his office. The way led past the tellers' desks and when I got behind them the aspect of affairs was quite changed. In every hand was a roll of bills, some large, some small, but all deposits!

The Provincial Bank has over a thousand depositors, nearly twice as many as the largest foreign bank in Canton. Most of them are local merchants and the total of their deposits is in excess of $4,500,000. The bank is extending its activities by opening branches in the smaller cities of the province and its business is increasing rapidly. Its notes are protected by an ample reserve and are accepted at par by the local merchants. Canton's healthy financial condition is in striking contrast with the delirium which prevails farther north.

But the path of the capitalist is not all roses even in Canton. Like his brothers the world over, he must have his complaint. The new government is honest and fair, but it is altogether too favorably inclined toward the labor element. On this score it is far from satisfactory. This is no time to encourage labor unions, especially when they put forward such outrageous demands as a day of ten hours instead of sixteen, a Sunday holiday, and double pay for night work. According to the capitalists, industrial development has not gone far enough as yet to warrant this sort of thing. This would interfere with the growth of Canton's industries and commerce. Would it stop that growth? "No, but it would retard it!"

Concert In Paris HeardAt Toulouse

(French Wireless through Reuter)

Paris, Dec. 30.—A concert organised by the Eiffel Tower wireless station in honor of the King and Queen of the Belgians was distinctly heard by the military wireless station at Toulouse.

Conference To Aid Johannesburg Miners

(Reuter's Service)

Johannesburg, Dec. 30.—An industrial conference today endorsed the coalminers' strike decision and promised every assistance.

Call West 189 Ford Hire Service

Premier Liang Tells Aims At Luncheon To Press

(Reuter's Service)

Peking, Dec. 28.—At this morning's reception of the Press by representatives of the Cabinet the following message from Premier Liang was given out:

Mr. Liang fully recognizes the difficulties confronting him as Premier, but he does not believe that these difficulties are incapable of solution. Everything at present seems to require Mr. Liang's personal attention, particularly matters relating to the national welfare. History showed China possessed a rare capacity for settling her difficulties without getting into serious trouble. The position of China could be likened to that of a family. If the head of a family were assisted loyally by the other members of that family his task would be easy, but if the others worked against him or failed to co-operate his task would be hard. The head of a family, in carrying out any reconstruction or reorganisation required not only full liberty of action but support. Given those conditions the head of a family need apprehend no great difficulty in carrying out his policy. With no interference China as a nation would come to the front and solve her her own troubles.

As regards the foreign policy of the new Cabinet Mr. Liang said there would be no appreciable change. In dealing with domestic affairs Mr. Liang wanted to hasten reunification by peaceful means, not by force of arms. The Cabinet would support Dr. Yen's policy, and in both its foreign policy and plans for unification the policy of the new Cabinet would be practically the same as that of the Chin Cabinet.

In reply to questions regarding financial affairs it was stated that Mr. Liang was studying that question. While Mr. Liang had made no statement on the matter it was understood that the Bank of Communications on the 31st instant would begin to pay full value for all its notes presented.

Warrants Issued For Bank Manager

Application for a despatch warrant for the arrest of the manager of the Shanghai and Haimen Bank, Loh Tsong-pan, was made and granted in the Mixed Court yesterday before Assessor Blackburn and Magistrate Li.

The application was made by Mr. F. J. Schuhl, representing clients who are suing the Bank for deposits made. The bank got into difficulties several weeks ago and filed a petition in bankruptcy. There are several claimants in the suits against the institution, which had only been in existence about six months.

JOFFRE LEAVES SIAM

(French Wireless through Reuter)

Paris, Dec. 30.—Marshal Joffre left Bangkok yesterday after decorating Siamese airmen who had fought for the Allied cause during the war.

Glover's World Renowned Dog Remedies

Send for free book on "Dog Diseases and How to Feed."

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The Asia Banking Corporation
extends the compliments of
the season and best wishes
for the New Year

LET US DO YOUR PAINTING
THE FEARON DANIEL COMPANY

CORONA
The Personal Writing Machine

A MOTOR CAR GIVEN AWAY

EACH CORONA TYPEWRITER sold between 15th December 1921 and 28th February 1922 bears with it ticket giving the purchaser a chance of drawing

A STANDARD FORD TOURING CAR

Complete with Electric Starter and Electric Lighting Equipment

This offer is restricted to the first 225 Corona Typewriters sold within the period mentioned.

The drawing will take place on 1st. March 1922 and will be in the hands of recognized Public Accountants.

WHAT A CHANCE ! ! !

A CORONA TYPEWRITER at Standard Selling Price ($112.50) and a chance of a MOTOR CAR Free.

The Car will be delivered to the fortunate winner ex godown, Shanghai.

BUY YOUR "CORONA" AND GET YOUR FREE TICKET from

The OFFICE APPLIANCE Co.

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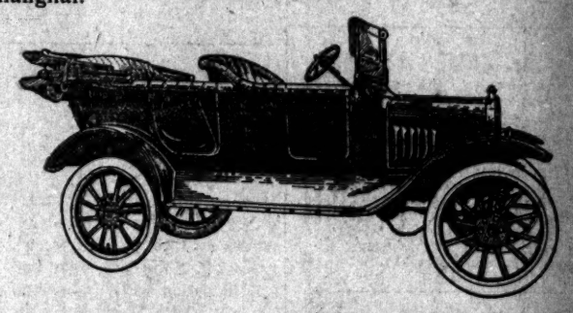


SHIPMENTS OF CHINA OILS IN BARRELS

Stocks of vegetable oils in the home markets are growing low. It is forecasted that a strong revival of oil exports is imminent.

Are you prepared? By far the bulk of oil exported from the Far East is carried in wooden barrels. They are easily constructed, easily handled and economical.

The Koster Company's barrels are made from the best selected stock. Years of successful use have made them the standard of the Far East.

Further, The Koster Company operates a department of service and will place at the disposal of barrel users the advice of experts.

We have on hand a limited number of copies of the Uniform Contract and Rules governing sales of imported commodities made ex dock, ex warehouse, or F.O.B. cars, port of entry in the United States. Have you your copy? If not, we shall be pleased to supply you.

THE KOSTER COMPANY
12 Nanking Road
Shanghai, China

Foreign Managers

THE CALIFORNIA BARREL CO.

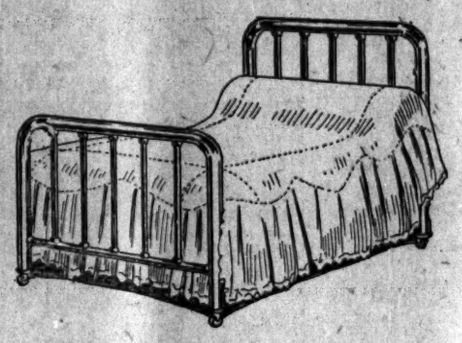
WING ON CO.

Big Winter Sale

Yardgoods

	Usual Price per yard	Sale Price
Outing Flannel	60 cts.	50 cts.
White Flannelette	55 cts.	45 cts.
Canton Flannel	45 cts.	35 cts.
American Prints	7 yards	for $1
Prints . . .	5 yards	for $1
Prints . . .	4½ yards	for $1
Fancy Flannelette	5 yards	for $1

Heavy Overcoating and Suiting at lowest prices



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All Steel Springs 3 ft 6 in. . . $23.50

All Steel Springs 5 ft $32.50

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$26.00

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Full line of shoes in popular foreign fashion $6.80 $7.20 $10.80.

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FOREIGN CARPETS

BIG STOCK OF IMPORTED CARPETS AND RUGS.

30% Discount

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Universal Providers

How Historical Records Were Preserved In China

The following paper by Mrs. W. L. Beaman was presented at a recent meeting of the Literary Department of the American Woman's Club. Since only a comparatively limited number were able to hear this scholarly inquiry into the historical records of China it is here given wider publicity. The title of Mrs. Beaman's paper is "Early Historical Records of China—How Preserved?"

BY MRS. W. L BEAMAN

"It has been said by Giles and other writers that the authentic record of history in China begins about the 8th century B. C. On the other hand it is frequently stated that much of the history of China is known for at least 4,000 years. Is this statement true? If so how have the data that make it possible been collected and preserved during all the centuries? A brief answer to this question is the purpose of our study today.

"The words 'history' or 'historical records' as used in connection with China, do not in any sense mean a complete, continuous account of the happenings of the country, such as we mean when we speak of a 'history' today. There are historical annals or records which have been sorted out by Chinese scholars and put, as far as possible, in their correct order. These, at least until the time of the Han Dynasty, are but dry and uninteresting facts with none of the explanation and detail that make our histories today such fascinating and interesting reading. A quotation from one of the ancient manuscripts will show you clearly what I mean. In speaking of the Emperor Yao, it is said in the Bamboo Books—'In his first year which was 'ping tze' when he came to the throne, he dwelt in K'e; he commanded She and Ho to make calendric calculations and delineations of the heavenly bodies. In the fifth year he made his first tour of inspection to the four mountains. In his twelfth year he formed the first standing army'—and so on until in his one hundreth year, 'he died in Tao.' One can easily see how much room there is left for the imagination of the historian, when such brief notes are all he has to build on.

RECORDERS OF CHOU DYNASTY

"In the dynasty of Chou, we have a work called 'the Rites' or more properly, 'the Officers of Chou.' In this are given under the various departments of the Court, the names of the different officers and their duties. Among these officers we find the 'Sze' variously translated as 'recorders,' 'historiographers,' 'annalists' and simply 'clerks.' There are recorders of the interior and of the exterior. Of the latter it is said, 'that his duty among other things was to have charge of the histories of the states in all parts of the empire. He has charge of the books of the three great rulers and the five sovereigns. It is his business to publish in all parts of the empire the books and the characters in them.' These passages show unmistakably that there was provision made in the 11th century before our era for the collection and preservation of the records of the empire and also that there were then in existence records of a much earlier date that were considered of such value that they were put in the care of a court officer. Ma Tawn Lin, the historian of the 13th century A.D., says, 'The pencil of the recorders was busy from the days of Hwang Ti.'

"But not alone in the central Court of the Empire did this office of Recorder exist, but also in the courts of the feudal princes. It was of these latter that Confucius says that in his early days a historiographer would rather leave a blank in his text than enter anything of which he did not have sufficient evidence.

"It is also true that often the rulers themselves and their ministers kept a record of what happened during the time of their reigns.

FEUDAL PRINCES DESTROYED RECORDS

"Many records were lost as the ages passed. Mencius complains that in his day feudal princes often destroyed the annals of the previous rulers, that the past might be blotted out and they be enabled the better to carry out their own designs and purposes. 'Time,' says Legge, 'is both a preserver and a devourer.' That any of them have been preserved is proof of the esteem with which the Chinese have, from the earliest times held writings of all kinds.

"The first attempt to collect these records and put them into one work, is that commonly ascribed to Confucius in the greatest of the Confucian Classics, the Shu Ching or Book of History. This work begins with the reigns of Yao and Shun and comes down to the time of the great Sage or a little earlier. One hundred books or chapters with, perhaps, a preface, constitutes this great work. It is not a book written by Confucius. He himself says he is a transmitter, not an originator. He has collected from the mass of tablets in existence those he considered to be worth while and collaborated them into a form that could be of use to other scholars.

"It is not necessary for our purpose today to go into the discussions and arguments that have been carried on by scholars, both Chinese and foreign, concerning the authenticity of this work. Concensus of opinion gives the credit to Confucius. Anyone interested in going into the details, can find them all in Legge's Classics, Prolegomena to Part of Vol. 3.

"From the time of Confucius there were many scholars and schools of scholars studying his works. They were committed to memory by some and copied on tablets by others. We read that in the 2nd century A. D., one Ts'ai Yung copied the five classics in red ink on 46 tablets of stone, for the workmen to cut the characters. In proof of this there still exists one broken stone on which are 547 characters corresponding with those in the books.

PROSPEROUS DAYS PASS AWAY

"But the prosperous days of Chou passed away and Shih Hwang T, the first ruler of the Ts'in Dynasty, did away with the feudal princes and formed of China 'a kingdom that was to last for 10,000 generations'—or forever. He was hindered in his plans by the scholars who were always comparing his deeds with those recorded in the Books as having been done by the rulers in the past. At last his ministers told him that he could never carry out his plans unless these men were forbidden to make these comparisons. It was about the year 212 B. C. that Li Tze, his prime minister made to him the following address:

"'The Five Emperors were not one the double of the other, nor did the Three Dynasties accept one another's ways. Each had a peculiar system of government, not for the sake of the contrariety but as being required by the changed times. Now, your Majesty, has laid the foundations of imperial sway, so that it will last for 10,000 generations. This is indeed beyond what a stupid scholar can understand. And moreover, Yue only talks of things belonging to the Three Dynasties, which are not fit to be models for you. At other times when the princes were all striving together, they endeavored to gather the wandering scholars about them. But now the empire is in a stable condition and laws and ordinances issue from one supreme authority. Let those of the people who abide in their homes give their strength to the tolls of husbandry, and those who become scholars should study the various laws and prohibitions. Instead of doing this however, the scholars do not learn what belongs to the present day, but study antiquity. They go on to condemn the present time, leading the masses of the people astray and to disorder.

BURN ALL RECORDS, ADVICE TO EMPEROR

"'At the risk of my life, I, the Prime Minister, say—formerly when the empire was disunited and disturbed, there was no one who could give unity to it. The princes, therefore, stood up together; constant references were made to antiquity to the injury of the present state; baseless statements were dressed up to confound what was real, and men made a boast of their own peculiar learning to condemn what their rulers appointed. And now, when your majesty has consolidated the empire, and distinguishing black from white, has constituted a stable unity, they still honor their peculiar learning, and combine together; they teach men what is contrary to your laws. When they hear that an ordinance has been issued, everyone sets to discussing it with his learning. In the Court they are dissatisfied in their hearts, out of it they keep talking in the streets. While they make a pretense of vaunting their Master, they consider it fine to have extraordinary views of their own. And so they lead on the people to be guilty of murmuring and evil speaking. If these things are not prohibited, your Majesty's authority will decline and parties be formed. The best way is to prohibit them. I pray that all the records in charge of the Historiographers be burned, excepting those of Ts'in; that with the exception of those officers belonging to the Board of the Great Scholars, all throughout the empire who presume to keep copies of the Shu Ching or She Ching or of the books of the Hundred Schools, be required to go with them to the officers in charge of the several districts and burn them; that all who may dare to speak together about the She or the Shu, be put to death and their bodies exposed in the Market Place; that those who make mention of the past so as to blame the present, be put to death along with their relatives; that officers who shall know of violation of these rules and not inform against the offenders, be held equally guilty with them; and that whoever shall not have burned their books within thirty days after the issuing of this ordinance, be branded and sent to labor on the wall for your years. The only books which should be spared are those on medicine, divination and husbandry. Whoever wants to learn the laws may go to the magistrates and learn them.'

"The Imperial decision was —'Approved.'

LITERATI BURIED ALIVE FOR DISOBEYING

"This advice was carried out and an edict put forth saying that all books were to be destroyed except those concerning husbandry, necromancy and medicine. At the end of the first year we read that 460 of the literati were buried alive in one grave for having disobeyed it, and having copies of the books in their possession. But there were other more fortunate ones who treasured the writings of the great Sage and others, who were able successfully to hide their treasures. It is to these that we are indebted now for having the Shu Ching and others of these ancient records.

"There lived in Tsinan in the Province of Shantung, a man by the name of Fuh, called Fuh Sang or Teacher Fuh. This man, when the edict to destroy the books was promulgated, hid in the walls of his house a copy of the Shu. During the troublous days Of Ts'in he wandered far from home but never forgetting his hidden treasure. The dynasty that was to have lasted 10,000 generations lived less than twenty-five years and when in the reign of the second of the Han rulers the edict was repealed, Fuh Sang returned to his house and took from the walls his precious tablets. Some had deteriorated or were missing, but he found 29 of the 100 books intact. The fame of his treasure spread and scholars came from far and near to be taught the books. No copy of the Shu had reached the court and the emperor Wan, hearing of Fuh sent a messenger to him for a copy. Fuh was then 90 years old and too feeble to travel, so one Ch'ao Tso was sent to Tsinan to receive what Fuh had of the Shu. Fuh Sang's copy was known as the modern text, because it was written in the new form of character introduced during the time of Ts'in. There were no doubt many who during the stormy days of Ts'in, did as this man and hid their precious tablets. We know it was done by a descendant of the great Sage who hid in the walls of Confucius' own house several of the Classics. But unlike Fuh Sang, he never came back to claim them. They were not found until in the reign of the emperor Wu. This man had ordered the walls of Confucius' house torn down in order to enlarge the palace which was adjacent. Then were found what remained of these books. It is said that when the prince entered the building he was greeted by sounds of sweet music from some invisible instruments and ordered the destruction of the building stopped at once.

FIND SEVERAL SETS OF TABLETS

"'The chief of the K'ung family at that time was one K'ung Kan Kwo, one of the Great Scholars, and the tablets were committed to his care.' He found that they were written in the old form of character called 'tadpole,' long gone into disuse. With the help of Fuh Sang's tablets which were in the current character of the day, and other sources, he was able to make them out and found that he had a treasure indeed. He had 25 books of the Shu besides those already found by Fuh. This was known as the 'ancient text.' These two texts are the ones that have been the basis of the study of the Shu during all the centuries that have followed.

"In addition to these there is an interesting account of another text which was found in the time of the Eastern Han. A man named Too Lin was traveling in Szechow when he found a portion of the Shu done on laquered tablets in the ancient text. These he prized highly and kept them always with him. When the affairs of the empire were settled, he brought these tablets to Wei Wang and other great scholars who made them the basis of a commentary on the Shu.

"There is yet one other set of records that should be mentioned, these are the Bamboo Books. We read so much in the study of the ancient literature of China that is evidently not genuine that we become sceptical concerning it very often. But Legge is my authority for this account of the Bamboo Books. All of the 'books' about which we have been writing are bamboo, in the sense that they were sets of bamboo tablets, but the Bamboo Books is a name given to a large collection of ancient manuscripts discovered in A. D. 279, embracing 20 different works which contain 70 or 80 different chapters or books.'

"The discovery of these tablets is thus related in the history of

(Continued on Page 11)

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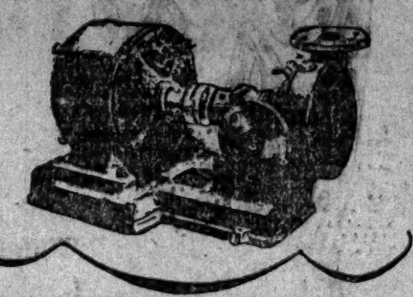

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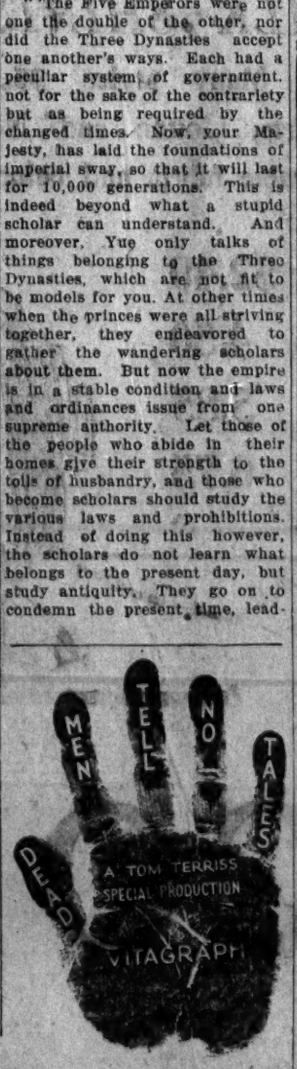

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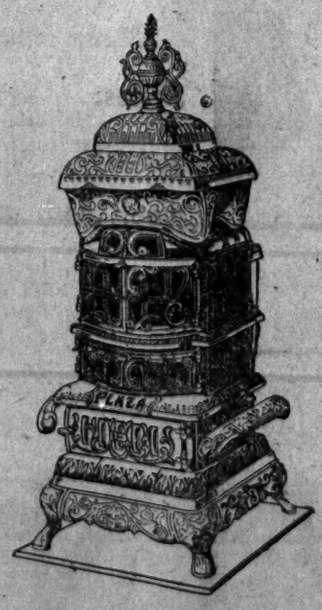

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How Historical Records Were Preserved In China

(Continued from Page 10)

the emperor Wu, the first ruler of the China. 'In the 5th year of his reign, some lawless parties dug open the grave of the King Seang of Wei who died in 295 B. C., and found a number of bamboo tablets written all over in seal character with more than 100,000 words, which were later deposited in the Imperial Library. But before the tablets had been placed in the library they had received various injuries and mutilations. The Emperor referred them to the principal scholars in the employment of the government to arrange the tablets in order, having first transcribed them into the modern form of characters.' Among all these books was one beginning with Hwang Ti and coming down to B. C. 298. These books had lain in the grave for 574 years until found by accident. The custom of the Chinese still current to some extent, of burying in the grave with a man all those things which were of importance or value to him, even in ancient time his wives and concubines, helps us to understand the finding of these tablets in the grave of this ancient ruler. Time alone will reveal how many more such things will be discovered in the tombs of long dead monarchs.

CHINESE FIRST HISTORIAN BORN 145 B. C.

"Up to this time, the early days of Han, there were but annals, merely the briefest records of those happenings that were considered to be of enough importance to be kept by the court historian. Many of these, we have seen, were lost or intentionally destroyed. But enough of them remained to give us some idea, at least of the various dynasties. It was during these days of Han that the art of history writing was created. About 145 B. C. there was born the man who is called the Herodotus of China, Si Ma Ch'ien, the son of Si Ma Tan, the Grand Astrologer of the Court. This position was then a hereditary one and when his father died in B. C. 110, the son came into his place. From a child he had been a student and while still a young man had traveled in all parts of the empire. His first work after coming into office was to reform the calendar, after which to quote Giles 'he took up the historical work which had been begun by his father, and which ultimately was to be given to the world as 'The Historical Record.' It is a history of China from the earliest ages down to about one hundred years before the Christian era, in 130 chapters arranged under five headings as follows: Annals of the Emperors; Chronological Tables; Eight chapters on Rites, Music, Pitch pipes, the Calendar, Astrology, Imperial Sacrifices, Watercourses and Political Economy; Annals of the Feudals; and Biographies of many of the eminent men of the period. It covers nearly 3000 years. In such estimation has this work been justly held that its very words have been counted and found to number 526,500 in all. It must be born in mind that these characters were, in all probability, scratched with a stylus on bamboo tablets, and that previous to this there was no such thing as a history on a general and comprehensive plan; in fact nothing beyond mere local annals in the style of 'Spring and Autumn.'

EVERY DYNASTY HAS HISTORIAN

"Since the Historical Record every dynasty has had its historian, their works, in all cases being based on the model bequeathed by Si Ma Ch'ien. The Twenty Four Dynastic Histories of China were produced in 1747 in a uniform series bound up in 215 large volumes, and together show such a record as can be produced by no other country in the world.'

"A short quotation from this history of Si Ma Ch'ien will show the difference of style of the annals of which Confucius made up his Shu and this later style of writing the same things and at the same time show us how the same problems confronted the people then as they are struggling with at this time. He says: 'At this epoch (the Han dynasty) the coinage in use was so cumbersome that the people themselves started a new issue at a fixed standard of value. But the laws were too lax and it was impossible to prevent grasping persons from coining largely, buying largely and then holding against a rise in the market. The consequence was that prices went up enormously. Rice sold at 1,000 cash per picul; a horse cost 100 ounces of silver. But by and by, when the empire was settling down to tranquility, his Majesty Kao Tsu gave orders that no trader should wear silk nor ride in a carriage; besides which the imposts levied on this class were greatly increased in order to keep them down. Some years later these restrictions were withdrawn; still, however the descendants of traders were disqualified from holding any office connected with the state.

"It is comparatively easy to trace the preservation of the Classics from this time down to our own. Each dynasty took pride in caring for these treasures, in most cases having special buildings erected as libraries, the Han, Sung, and the last, or Manchu, Dynasties being especially careful of the books of the past. It is true that no less than six times were these libraries burned, the last being ruthless destruction by the Boxers in 1900 of the Hanlin College in Peking, but by this time scholars throughout the country had copies of most of the books and it was possible to collect them again.

"It was not until the 8th or 9th century A. D. that block printing was invented and took the place of writing each character by hand, first by means of a sharp pointed stylus on bamboo or wood and later, probably about the 1st century A. D., with camel's hair brush on paper or silk. The invention of printing gave great impetus to the making of books."

West Is West—And That Doesn't Mean Pittsburgh

By Ring Lardner

To the Editor:

I will half to ask those of my readers that lives outside of N. Y. City and suburbs to excuse me writeing this article which I don't suppose it will interest non-residence of N. Y. as it won't tell them nothing they don't know, but I am writeing it in response to a request from a friend of mine in Youngstown, O., who says it looks to him like the people of N. Y. was laboring under a delusion in regards to the geo. lay out of the country of which they are suppose to be a citizen and would I oblige him by takeing the trouble to set them right. So the only way I know of to reach them is a article like this kind so I will ask the kind indulgents of my rural admires before beginning same.

My Ohio correspondent said he was in N. Y. city 3 wks. ago and he bought the N. Y. Sunday papers and the front page of one of them had a little article about football and he had clipped out a paragraph from the article and here is the paragraph he had clipped out:

"The West scored in another of her intersectional struggles, for Pittsburgh beat Syracuse, 35 to 0."

"Tell then N. Y. editors," wrote my friend, that Pittsburgh ain't in the West, but is right in the middle of the U. S. as they could see for themself by looking in their geography."

Well, some of my best friends is N. Y. editors and I feel like they won't take it amiss if I point out their mistake in a nice way and I will say at the start that my friend's letter ain't the only reason I have got to believe that maybe they is some slight misconception around here as to where is where in America, as I have heard New Yorkers make remarks from time to time that almost proved they was kind of hazy in regards to the strip of country laying west of 12th Avenue.

So again asking pardon from my yokel readers for writeing a few dry details which is old stuff to them and also asking my N. Y. friends to forgive me presuming to correct them, I will set down a few facts about the map of this continent as I learnt them in school and also found out from people that has traveled.

GEOGRAPHY REVISED

Well, in the 1st place Pittsburgh instead of being in the exact middle of U. S. lays a few miles east of the middle. Little was known of what layed beyond till 1949 when some boy scouts got back from their summer hike and reported that they was people liveing in rude huts as far west as Akron and that they had the gold fever and gold had actually been found out there and some of the prospectors had showed them nuggets as big as a bunion.

So the parents of some of these boys got the fever themselfs and broke up their home and went out there in search of gold and as they wasn't no prarie schooners in them days they had to make the trip on the B. and O. Some of them struck gold, but the most of them was Pittsburghers and struck out.

That was how it come to be discovered that they was land west of the Ohio and of course now days you can't travel a 100 miles out there without running acrost signs of human habitation and even as far west as Indiana a person will find settlements with more people in them than you could put in a Ford and some of them has got their own water plants and has running water and makes their own gin.

A friend of mine made an interesting trip last summer and took in pretty near the whole Pacific slop going as far west as Des Moines. This is 60 miles from a R. R. and lays right in the middle of what they call the sage brush country. It is pretty near a wks. journey on a tricycle from there to Rock Island, where my friend has a uncle that has got a sheep ranch.

The scenery is O. K. the 1st few days but when you been peddleing a tricycle that long you get tired of nothing but cactus, palo verde, yucca, mesquite and etc. and when you call it a day and lay down for the night you can't hardly sleep on acct. of worring about prairie dogs, coyotes and even rattlers, as most of the windows is without screens.

A dozen yards ago people liveing in Des Moines shot down all that was left of the Indians that had made their life miserable and now they are faceing another menace namely the Japs as every ship lands hundreds of the little yellow men who not only cheapen labor but have got hold of many acres of Iowa land and are threatening to cut of all up into tennis courts.

REMINISCENT OF NEW YORK

North of Iowa lays Minnesota which is as far as Admiral Peary says Doc Cook got whereas Peary himself claims to of reached Rat Portage and seen the Pole but all he could think of when he seen it was what a sucker he had been to not take the old ladys' advice and wear his winter underwear. They say that up there the ice gets so thick that you half to break it up to get it in a high ball and when they's heavy snow fall the snow lays there the rest of the winter the same as 5th ave.

Between Des Moines and Pittsburgh is 3 or 4 other states named after battle ships in the U. S. navy like Indiana, where our national parks is located, and Wisconsin, famous for its grand canyon to say nothing about Michigan where the troops was sent in 1916 to scare the Mexicans. Some of these states is pretty near a 100 miles acrost and they's places in Wisconsin and Indiana where you can board a train early in the morning and ride all day and not get nowheres.

So it will be seen that New Yorkers is kind of balled up on their georgraphy and they's a whole lot of this country west of Pittsburgh and when Horace Greeley told that young man to go west it was Cedar Rapids or Fort Wayne he was refering to or Altoona.

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Today's Church Services

Holy Trinity Cathedral.—Circumcision of our Lord. (Sunday after Christmas). 8 a.m., Holy Communion. 10:30 a.m., Mattins and Sermon. Psalms 2, 8. Lessons Genesis xvii, 1-13; Romans iv, 17-end. Te Deum, Dykes in F. Hymns 59, 165, 73, 546. Preacher: The Dean. 11:30 a.m., Holy Communion. 3 p.m., Children's Service and Sunday School. 6 p.m., Evensong and Sermon. Psalm 45; Lessons Deut xxx. Romans viii. Canticle: Arnold in A. Hymns 60, 72, 273, 31. Preacher: The Sub-Dean.

St. Andrew's Church Broadway.—10:30 a.m., Mattins and Sermon. Psalm 2 Lessons Genesis xvii, 1-13. Romans ii, 17-end. Hymns 60, 175 and Carols Preacher: Rev. W. Robbins, M.A.

All Saints' Church.—Corner Rue Lafayette and Rue Chapsal. 9:30 a.m., Holy Communion and Sermon. Preacher: Rev. F. L. Hawks Pott, D.D.

Union Church.—11 a.m., Preacher: Rev. A. Norman Rowland, M.A.; Subject: "Religion of Motive Power;" Chant 17; Anthem: Te Deum. . . . Smart; Hymns: 33, 724, 404. 12 noon Holy Communion. Hymns 479, 197. 6 p.m.: Preacher: Rev. A Norman Rowland, M.A.; Subject: "A Happy New Year;" Hymns: Suppl. 4, 40, 20, 10.

The Union Church Sunday School will be having their Annual Toy Sunday this afternoon. Scholars are asked to bring toys, and these will be distributed at the party for poor children which is being given by the King's Daughters Society on January 14.

Shanghai Free Christian Church.—(Corner of Range and Chapoo Roads): The services in the above will be conducted as follows: 11 a.m. by Rev. M. T. Stauffer; 6 p.m. by Rev. D. E. Hoste.

St. Joseph's Church.—Low Masses at 6, 7 and 8:15 a.m. At 10 o'clock, High Mass, sermon in French. At 4 p.m. Benediction. On week-days, Masses at 6 and 7:30 a.m.

Community Church.—11 a.m. Columbia Country Club, 30, Avenue Doumer. Rev. Luther Freeman, D.D., preacher: Subject: "If Another Year." 5 p.m. Masonic Hall, No. 50 The Bund, Rev. Freeman, D.D., Preacher: Subject: "The Challenge of the Holy Communion."

St. John's Pro-Cathedral, Jessfield.—Evening Prayer in English at six o'clock. Preacher: Rev. W. P. Roberts.

Christian Science Society of Shanghai.—Masonic Hall, The Bund. Sunday Service 11 a.m. Subject: "God" Sunday School 10 o'clock. Testimony Meeting Wednesday Evening 6 o'clock. Reading Room open daily except Sunday from 10:30 to 12:30 p.m. at No. 21 Nanking Road, Room 71.

The Exchange Problem

BY NORMAN ANGELL
(Noted English author of "The Great Illusion," in an article in the London Daily News.)

"The Exchange Problem Is Extraordinarily Complex, Yet the Basic Principles Are Simple—Inflation Is a Form of Confiscation, to the Detriment of Those Whose Possessions Are in Money or of Promises to Pay Determined Quantities of Money."

RELIGION, love and currency were once authoritatively declared to be the three things which most easily caused men to take leave of their senses. Currency confusions, the "mystery of money" have again and again in the past led able and acute commercial men to a belief in economic witchcraft: witness the endurance of certain forms of the mercantilist theory in most of the European nations during whole centuries; witness such phenomena as the Free Silver campaign in America.

The great American party, including eminent American business men, presidents of railroads, great corporation lawyers, put forward what was in effect the proposition that, by officially stamping 50 cents' worth of silver as worth a dollar, the nation would double its wealth, because it would have twice as many dollars. The suggestion nearly made Mr. Bryan President of the United States; it would have done, perhaps, if some optimistic whole-hogger had not declared it pusillanimous to stop at silver, and in the name of democracy demanded free coinage of iron; fortunes would then be within the reach of all who owned a discarded cooking stove.

SIMPLE PRINCIPLES

The contradictions of the indemnity demands, even more than the free silver campaign, suggest this question: If a thing so simple can be muddled, how can even an elementary notion of what lies behind the exchange problem be brought home to the busy mass of us?

The exchange problem in all its workings is extraordinarily complex. Yet the basic principles are simple and the layman can easily get an idea of them sufficiently complete to protect him from some of the grosser nostrums of the witchcraft aforesaid.

Here are two Islands: Red Island and Green Island. Red, wanting to reclaim some land from the sea, needs food for workmen, comes to a bargain with Green Island and borrows 10,000 sacks of food, to be repaid from the first year's product of the land reclaimed. Green Island agrees to deliver food when needed in return for a receipt, or order, or "chit"—which we may call a "sack note." Every note presented by Red gets a sack of food from Green Island.

Red Island, on closer examination of the work, finds it will need 15,000 sacks. How can it get over the difficulty? "Easily," says the Red Island Chancellor. "As every 'sack note' represents a sack of food, let us print 15,000 notes." But Green Island, hearing of the decision, says: "Our estimate of the product of the reclaimed land is still 10,000 sacks, and as in these circumstances we shall find ourselves with 15,000 notes, we shall give you in return henceforth for every note presented a fraction under three-quarters of a sack of food."

FOOD AND PAPER

What can Red Island do? It is obvious that 15,000 notes will only secure the same amount of food as that originally agreed upon. The Chancellor is equal to the occasion. He decides to print 20,000 notes. On learning this, Green Island says: "We regret that our estimate of the product of the new land is still 10,000 sacks. There are 20,000 sack notes' against it. In return for each note we shall, therefore, deliver half a sack of food."

The currency of Red Island has depreciated 50 percent.

Although this parable does not illustrate the actual details of the immensely complex mechanism of the exchanges, it does illustrate the fundamental principle of its working, the basic fact whch ultimately determines the relative value of national currencies.

And if we extend the illustration, and imagine that the notes taken in exchange for the food are in fact used as money by Red Island; that the islanders by long custom associats with each note a certain vaine in goods; that in consequence, goods equivalent in value to the sack of Green Island food change hands for a "sack note" long after the ten thousand issue has been increased—"inflated"—to fifteen, we shall get some idea of why eurencies have a value at home which they have not abroad; and, incidentally why the Red Island Chancellor may be able temporarily to stop a gap n his budget by inflation.

WHO PAYS THE PIPER?

If further, however, we remember that the Red Islanders must have Green Island food, and give two of their notes for a quantity previously purchasable with one, we shall see why the cost of living must rise with them—that is to say, why even within the frontiers of Red Island the value of the currency must fall: and if, further, we imagine that many Red Islanders had saved up "sack notes" against a rainy day, in the expectation that each would be worth a full sack of food, we shall see that a process of inflation, which compels them to give two notes for that quantity, is in fact a form of confiscation, to the detriment of those whose possessions are in the form of money, or of promises to pay determined quantities of money.

And that wil lgive us a hint of who really pays the piper, and makes possible the apparent miracle of creating illimitable riches with a printing press.

By Josephus Daniels: "The Way To Disarm Is To Disarm"

"Nobody is going to say, 'The way to Disarm is to Disarm,' until Public Opinion Exerts Its Rightful Mastery at the Conference—The people are truly in Earnest in Demanding Disarmament and Reduction of Taxation—They go together."

"The way to resume——" How? When? That was the question uppermost in American affairs a decade or so ago. Senators and Representatives and financiers spoke and wrote whole volumes giving in exhaustive detail how the thing to be done could be effected. The more they talked the more darkness they contributed and the less clear seemed the process.

And then one day a clear-headed statesman, not wordy or visionary, in one sentence pointed the way. "The way to resume," he said, "is to resume."

It was so simple and so easy that his seven-word plan carried where verbose plans had led to confusion.

Today the ordinary papers and that scintillating journal, the Congressional Record, are full of labored editorials and exhaust.ve—(Is not exhausting a better expression?)—speeches of how to bring about world disarmament. In addition to Wellington Koo and Briand and others in the statesman class, literary lights have crossed the ocean to tell us how to solve the problem and the war of peace we have been having since the United States Senate spilled the beans in 1920.

"BIG FIVE" MUST AGREE

Some day—may we not hope?—that some wise man with terminal facilities in his speech, will rise in the conference and thrill the body by saying,

"The way to disarm is to disarm."

It is certain we will never get it done until we get out of the sea of verbosity into the narrow channel of action, and direct action, too.

To be sure, it is not as easy for one nation to disarm as it was to resume specie payment.

But any day that the Big Five say in sincerity "the way to disarm is to disarm," on that day the processes of large and steady reduction of armament will begin. And until they are ready to say this with genuine emphasis, all the talk will get us nowhere.

In my judgment, while agreement of the powers to reduce guns and ships and armies and navies can begin without international agreement to settle international disputes in some international tribunal, the latter is the only sure, safe and permanent course to guarantee against the going back to competitive armament.

If the five great Powers would agree to crap all their dreadnoughts except five apiece, and other fighting craft in proportion, the reduction would leave each nation equally able to defend itself. Of course, when I say "other fighting craft in proportion" I mean aircraft as well as surface and undersurface fighting ships.

For we are all beginning to recognise that the next war—if stupidity of statesmen permit a next war—will begin by destruction of cities and forts and ships from the air. Percy Scott said that if Germany had possessed fifty more submarines in 1914, the British Isles would have become a German colony.

If we are going ahead building fighting craft, the European nation that will win the victory over another nation will be the one which is stronger in air, able by "grappling in the central blue" to drop the most bombs and poison gas.

The Germans complained bitterly that, when their army was reduced to 100,000 and their navy scrapped, the treaty of Versailles also took away their control over flying agencies. They argued that development of flying machines is important for delivery of mails and for commerce.

But the potentiality of the army or the navy that flies is such that within a few years, the nation that controls the air is the nation that can dominate the land and the sea. But that time is not yet, and if there is to be no international agreement, no nation is going to spike its big guns or its big ships even if it believes they are some day to take their places with coats of mail and forts and stockades and like curios seen only in museums.

HEED PUBLIC OPINION

Nobody is going to say "the way to disarm is to disarm" until Public Opinion exerts its rightful mastery in the conference to Washington.

In Paris, it was not the diplomats and sailors and soldiers and statesmen who led the way to incorporate reduction of armament in the Treaty of Peace. Many of them still believe that governments must have big standing armies and big navies and national greed is so entrenched that the old methods must be continued of alliances and ententes and strong armed forces. It was the people back home—those who furnish the food for cannon—those upon whom the tragedy and the expense of war mainly rest—who made their representatives agree to a plan that looked to reducing the cost of war preparedness.

The statesmen may still be groping in the dark, but the average man knows that preparation for war is not an insurance against war—1914 exposed that fetish.

We had been fed up on it for generations. Many of us believe it and preached it. The Kaiser said the best assurance for peace was Germany's great military system. In 1914 we learned it was the cause or war.

FORCE BREEDS WARS

No boy ever sharpens a knife without wishing to see how deep it will cut. No military nations build up a great fighting machine without being led into the use of it to justify its cost. If Germany could conquer the world, the German system could pay for itself. The Zaborn incident opened the eyes of the rulers that there was a limit to submission to military arrogance.

What brought on the war in 1914? Some say it was the Zabern incident. Some that the military party sensed the growing sentiment for international organisations to prevent war, presented to the Kaiser by President Wilson in the Spring of 1914 through Colonel House. Whatever the reason, both those incidents taught the German militarists that, ready for the struggle, unless they struck then, some practical plan would be evolved to compel the submission of international differences to an international tribunal.

The Washington conference must evolve some agreement between the nations to remove the incentive to war and some tribunal to adjudge international differences, or the conference will fall of its purpose.

It is evident that the Harding administration feels that settlement of the Pacific questions must precede real reduction of armament. It is equally true that there must be a place to solve European problems.

The world has become a very small place. The gun fired in Servia was heard around the world. It brought all the world to fighting in the cock-pit of Europe.

If Force is again to be the only way to determine differences, the same thing will happen again when the tragedy of the World War is a memory and when covetous nations wish to enlarge their boundaries.

A new and powerful ally of Disarmament has come into the field since the Versailles treaty was rejected by the Senate. When the debate on the League of Nations was going on it was said that nobody favored it except the idealists, the theorists, the preachers, some high-brow professors and sentimental women.

The truth was that the so-called theorists were the only practical men, for time has proved that the plans they proposed, or their equivalent, could alone stabilise the world.

THE PEOPLE'S DEMAND

But the chambers of commerce and the captains of industry and the business world were not then active. Today they have joined forces with the so-called idealists. Mr. "Hell and Maria" Dawes has told them that every time they pay $1 in taxes, eighty-four cents of it goes for war purposes without any war going on. It took a long time for that fact to get into the craniums of big taxpayers.

As long as the burdens of military preparation could be shifted upon the people per capita, expensive military preparations did not concern Mr. Big Rich Man so much. But, since we have become a cravitar nation, and government revenues cannot be levied on the basis of consumption, self-interest and hatred of war have lined up the "practical men," so called, on the side of disarmament. They know how to make themselves heard.

The people cannot stand the continued expense of armament. Necessity in every country compels even imperialistic countries to take note of the heavy cost of militarism. In many countries there will be a revolt if the high taxes continue.

You cannot make any great reductions anywhere else. The chief cut, if there is to be one, is in the cost of army and navy. The people are trully in earnest in demanding disarmament and reduction of taxation. They go together.

But are their representatives as keen? Are the representatives from the United States actuated by a motive that is single-minded?

If there is distrust of American motives, nobody is to blame but the people of this country. A Swiss paper, skeptical of the coming conference, informs its readers that the policy of this country "does not consist of pure idealism." It has made a chemical analysis of our motives and worked it out this way? Idealism, 2-5; business, 1-5; brutality, 1-5; ignorance, 1-5.

We need not accept this analysis of our motives, but we need not be surprised that many delegates at the conference, who lost faith in the United States when it selfishly chose to remain out of the League of Nations, will have their faith in us reborn only when we take the lead in willingness to take our share of the burden in promoting world peace and world stability.

Recently I have traveled in almost a dozen States from Maryland to Oklahoma and talked with men and women of all sections and all creeds, religious and political The first question upon almost every tongue is: What will be the outcome of the Disarmament Conference?

And nearly all of them call it that. They understand very well that neither this nor any other country can go it alone, and for that reason they regard a working out of some plan to reduce armament and secure an international agreement to settle differences is essential. And they feel that if it fails now, they will not live to see an end of competitive armament and real insurance against war.

They were disappointed because the League plan turned out to be a rope of sand. They were disappointed that the Treaty of Versailles failed in the Senate. They are not agreed as to responsibility, however. Democrats place the chief responsibility of the failure and the chaos that followed on the Republican Senate. Republicans are inclined to say it was Wilson's adherence to his own way.

But, no matter upon whose shoulders they lay the blame, the point is they are almost a unit in the hope that a way may be found in Washington to "ring out a thousand years of war and ring in a thousand years of peace."

Party rancor is adjourned for the time, and men and women of all parties in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Oklahoma and surrounding States do not hesitate to say that they are ready to go to any length to uphold the hands of the representatives of America in securing a plan that will undergird the peace of the world, reduce the burden of war preparation, and give time and money for the projects of peace which have heretofore gone to pay for war, for getting ready for war, or the cost of past wars.

The way to disarm is to disarm!

Bernard Shaw On Disarmament Moves

Old Balance Of Power Again Sought By Allies

BY GEORGE BERNARD SHAW

I have before me as I write an article on the conference by a popular English journalist. He is under the influence of the pacifist emotion aroused in him by the hymns of peace which are being sung to we come the delegates to Washington.

"War," he declares, "is criminal lunacy. It should be abolished. The Pacific problem can be settled peacefully if the United States and British governments will rise to the occasion and stand firmly together for the cause of humanity."

And again: "War is wicked, bestial, futile. It should not be allowed. It can be prevented. The first and most needful step towards prevention is a solemn agreement between our governments that they will forbid it."

BRITISH PRESS CHAMELEON

Excellent, you say, adding perhaps, that it is fortunate for the writer that he was not in America during the war, as he would certainly have shared the fate of Mr. Debs. But he would have run no such risk, for this out and out pacifist was, from the firing of the first shot in 1914 until the present wave of pacifism got him, the most frantic fire-eater in England.

The journal which he, himself, controls proposed the Herodian slaughter of babies whose fathers were Germans. And nothing is more certain in human nature than that if England and the United States came to blows, this apostle of peace would instantly denounce all Americans as the seed of Satan, preach their extermination as the most sacred duty of all good men, and hound our tribunals to deal mercilessly with every conscientious objector who ventured to hint at war being anything less than the noblest of human activities.

And he would mean every word of it, just as now he means every word of the sentences I have quoted from his latest article.

Whether America has any emotional journalists of that type is not for me to say. What I can say is that the British press is overrun with them.

The British newspapers, now that Washington is their theme, are seething in the milk of human kindness and backing up for all they are worth Mr. Henry Arthur Jones's pledge that it would take two thousand years of mischief-making to induce any Englishman to shed the blood of an American.

OLD "BALANCE OF POWER"

But do not be deceived. All that reckless, brainless, emotional self-indulgence, amiable as it may be, does not justify the faintest presumption that the British and American fleets may not be trying to sink one another with Henry Arthur and the rest frantically cheering their own sides within three weeks or less.

It is not emotion in the raw, but emotion evolved and fixed as an intellectual conviction that will save the world from war.

In short, we shall learn nothing about this conference from the conference itself. Its business is now avowedly not disarmament, but the old task of arranging a balance of power that shall be satisfactory to all parties, and as no arrangement will be satisfactory to any of the parties except an arrangement that it shall be stronger than all the rest, the conference will find itself pursuing a will-o'-the-wisp.

The delegates will begin scolding one another for alliances. They will make secret bargains and treaties in addition to the ones they already have in their pockets and pigeonholes. They will be swayed hither and thither, one way by fears of one another, and the other by their common appetite for the exploitation of China and by their hostility to Russian Bolshevism that threatens to supersede capitalism.

"U. S. HEMMED IN"

Japan will bid against America for British support. America, feeling hemmed in between Britain and Japan, as Germany felt hemmed in between Russia and France, and perhaps remembering Sir Halford MacKinder's demonstration, that she is after all only a rather perilously situated island between two jaws of a mighty continent, with the Japanese a tooth in one jaw and the British a tooth in the other, will be extremely uneasy and will find herself wishing that there was a strong China (but not too strong) and a strong Germany (strong as you like) to balance matters a bit.

The more uneasy she feels the more determined she will be to

(Continued on Page 13)

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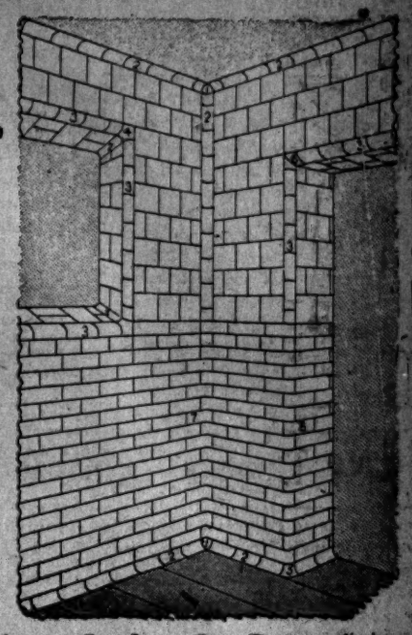

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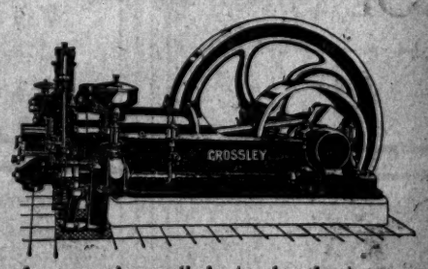

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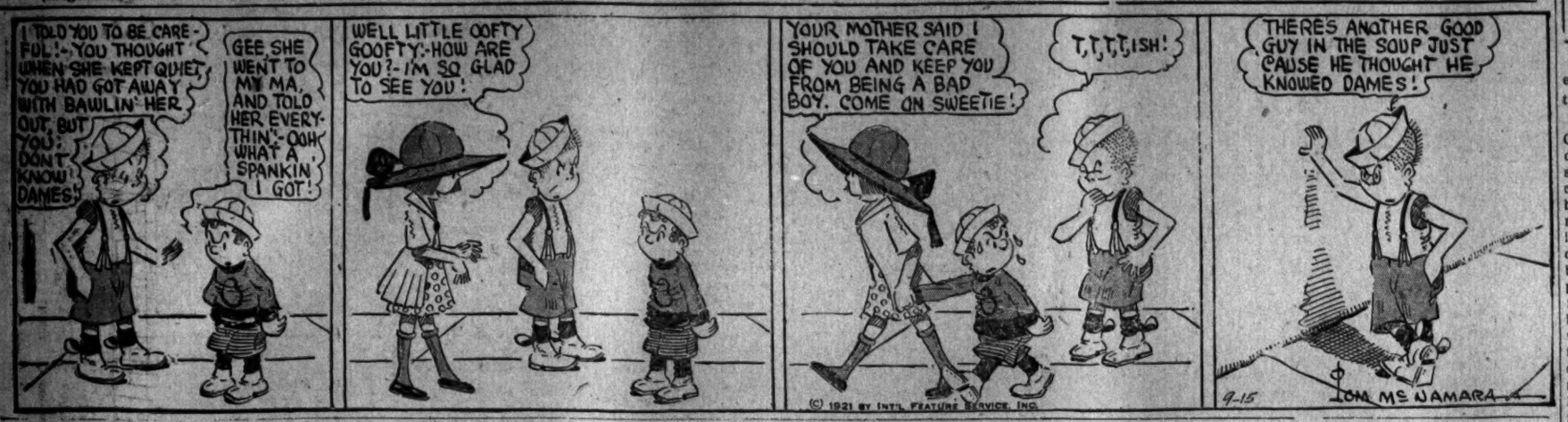
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THERES ANOTHER GOOD GUY IN THE SOUP JUST CAUSE HE THOUGHT HE KNOWED DAMES!
9-15
TOM McNAMARA

By Thomas R. Marshall: "Stand By President Harding"

"We Must Give To The Men Who Speak In The Washington Conference For Their Nations The Same Charitable Judgment We Would Ask For Ourselves—Only By Giving Here And Yielding There Will Something Be Accomplished."

If anything is to come out of president Harding's conference looking to the limitation of the armaments of the world, we must give to the men who speak in Washington for their respective nations the same degree of charitable judgment which we would ask for ourselves.

We must not attempt to construe their language literally. We must have faith. We must believe that their utterances are truthful, though tentative. We must understand that only by baring all facts to the gaze of all will a comprehensive view of the world situation be obtained, that only by giving here and yielding there will something be accomplished.

DANGER IN DISTORTION

It is apparent that whether they come from Great Britain or France or Japan or Italy, first-blush statements are intended to convey the national outlook, to reveal national desires, needs, fears, and, unfortunately, national ambitions. It is not at all difficult to construe the thought to suit either our own desires or our own prejudices.

John Stuart Mill affirms that most of the disputes and discussions of life originate in misinterpretations of thought rather than in the misuse of language.

A speaker employs certain language to convey his thought. An entirely different thought is accepted by the hearers. The speaker's purpose is thereby misunderstood and his motives misconstrued. Even the most carefully prepared papers are apt to be read in the light of the reader's preconceived notion.

Honest purpose and truthful utterance are thereby distorted into ulterior purpose and untruth. Suspicion and injustice arise because of a proneness, rather general in America, to hear what we desire to hear, to interpret spoken and written word to suit our own ideas.

I am reminded of an incident when the Porto Rican code was up in the Senate of the United States. This was before the Eighteenth Amendment was enacted and when the subject of intoxicating liquors entered into all regulatory measures. After much discussion of the code and an examination of its terms, those who favored prohibition believed that it prohibited the sale of liquor and those who favored liquor believed that it permitted its sale, so the code went speedily and unanimously to passage.

THE WAY TO FAILURE

We can draw, if we choose to, from the statements of the representatives of Great Britain that their interests are inimical to ours and that they propose to stand by their own interests. We can, if we will, lightly kiss aside the fears or the facts touching the danger of German aggression upon France.

It is quite easy to believe, if we wish to do so, that Japan has ulterior motives and desires only national aggrandisement. But if we begin to construe preliminary statements as ultimate we will soon have such a clamor and confusion of ideas that from the babel of that conference the nations will quickly go back to their old ideas of self-preservation and self-aggrandisement regardless of the common good of our common humanity.

It was misconstruction of the covenant of the League of Nations, in my judgment, that resulted in its rejection by the United States Senate and prevented this country from joining its world movement.

Who doubts that if all those who yield their intellectual assent to the doctrine of the fatherhood of God and the brotherhood of man had translated their faith into conduct that America today would be a member of the league, that this country would not have seemingly rejected the league idea at the polls and would not have consented to a separate peace with Germany.

"STAND BY HARDING"

The League of Nations is, of course, not dead in Europe. It is doing much good for the world and it is furnishing inspiration for this country in its efforts to unite all nations against war.

Hope is abundant that unless some other way to promote the peace of the world is found and adopted the league plan will be resurrected in America, where just now it is dead.

The responsibility of a Christian is not to be shirked with the mere statement that church and state are separate in America. Church men and women are American citizens and they must bring Christian principles to the solution of American problems.

Christian leadership and ideal government, beautiful as both are, get nowhere without the wholehearted support of the people.

Grave as I believe was the result of our failure to crystallise our pretended sentiments into action behind Woodrow Wilson, I emphatically feel that it is now the duty of every one to stand by President Harding.

If, alas, the armament conference should fail, then America should turn to the league.

I often recall the serio-humorous view of a high official that the World War perhaps might have been averted if telegraphy and stenography had not been invented. He was willing to argue that if the chancelleries of the world had been compelled to write out by hand all they desired to say and then to send their communications by post there would have been more than enough time for nations to have cooled off.

We cannot, however, change the methods of modern life. Neither writer nor public speaker can guarantee the language he uses will convey to the eye or ear of others the exact thought he has in mind.

It is, therefore, important that charity and discretion shall govern us with reference to the proceedings of the conference.

"BE CAREFUL CRITICS"

Why should we loftily declare that each other nation is looking after itself when we, ourselves, refuse to forget ourselves and insist that the sum of our duty is to look after America?

There is no hope for limitation of armament, no hope of our helping to form an association of nations, no hope of our joining the existing League of Nations, until we frankly admit that hitherto our policy has been a personal policy.

We must in justice concede that every other nation also has a personal policy and a right to advocate it. If we are unwilling to criticise ourselves for our boasted isolation and our spirit of self-determination, justice demands that we do not criticise any other nation for maintaining a like attitude.

Therefore, let us be careful of criticism, and let us hope and pray that when all personal interests and all national hopes and fears and ambitions have been fully expressed at the conference, a sober sense of the imperative necessity of doing something will enable us to yield many of the things that we think are good for America, to the end that the conference may do something that is good for the world.

Bernard Shaw On Disarmament Moves

(Continued from Page 12)

equip herself puissantly for battle in case of need.

But as war, in view of what Germany got by trying it, is so doubtful and desperate a resource, and none of the Powers can afford it just at present anyhow, there will be no shaking of mailed fists or clanking of shining armor. America will not dwell on the chances of another Jutland battle, another submarine campaign or another set of experiments in helium inflated dirigibles and poison gas bombs. She will reflect more and more attentively on the contrast of her own cohesiveness and the liability of the British Empire to fly to pieces like Prince Rupert's drop at the first breach made in it.

"OFFER SLICE OF ASIA"

California wants a white America. But so does Australia want a white Australian continent and Canada a white North American continent. Lord Northcliffe, having made the discovery so surprising to all British islanders, that Australia is much larger than the Isle of Wight and is, in effect, a whole quarter of the globe, has warned Australians that the British flag, plus birth control are not enough and that if the Australians do not populate Australia with white people it will be populated with yellow people.

The point is not likely to be lost on Japan, yet England cannot, with decency, repudiate the Anglo-Japanese alliance after what she has recently gained by it. She will have to ask Japan whether the Mikado will have the condescension to be bought off for a sufficient slice of Asia.

Here are the materials for some very animated conversations on the back stairs. None of them is fit for immediate publication. The peoples will find out all about it in time, when they cannot help themselves, just as we in England found out after 1914, what had been arranged in 1906.

But there are already so many cards on the table that a good deal may be said before the bargaining begins. I propose to say it in two further articles, in the first of which I shall deal with disarmament and in the last with the chances of getting rid of the balance of power in wars.

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Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Fr.	Jap.	Ros.
TODAY							
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Chinwangtao	Henrik	10.00	..	..	..	..	9.30
Tsilngtao & Chefoo	Wingsang	9.30	..	..	..	..	9.00
S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Koonshing	9.30	..	..	..	..	9.00
TOMORROW							
Vladivostok	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Ningpo	Hsin Peking	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Fengtien	21.00	17.00	..	..	..	21.00
Vladivostok & Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Amoy	Taito Maru	8.30	..	..	..	..	8.00
Hongkong and Canton	Lycaon	9.00	..	..	..	..	7.30
Hankow	Klangwah	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Tuesday, Jan. 3.							
Hongkong	Suwa Maru	..	16.00	..	..	..	
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe via Canada	S. State	..	17.00	..	..	..	17.00
Java Ports	Tjikembang	17.00	..	..	..	..	16.30
Japan Ports	Omi Maru	19.00	..	..	..	..	18.30
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Yusang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Swatow & Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Japan Ports	Omi Maru	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Wednesday, Jan. 4							
Amoy and Hongkong	Sinkiang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Swatow and Hongkong	Suiyang	..	12.30	..	..	..	..
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Suiyang	12.30	..	..	..	..	12.00
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe	S. State	‡10.00	..	..	..	..	9.30
Chefoo	Chihli	..	12.30	..	..	..	..
Australia & New Zealand via Hongkong	Suiyang	..	12.30	..	..	..	..
Thursday, Jan. 5							
Swatow and Hongkong	Wingsang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Friday, Jan. 6.							
Swatow & Hongkong	Soochow	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe	†Arabia M.	15.00	..	..	..	..	14.30
Saturday, Jan. 7							
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe	E. of Asia	‡16.00	..	..	..	..	15.30
Japan Ports	Chikugo M.	19.00	..	..	..	..	18.30
Hongkong	Chinkiang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..

*Parcel mail only.
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Rear-Admiral Fiske On Eastern Peril

"No Bases in East U. S. Would Fail in War on Japan"

This is one a series by Rear-Admiral Bradley Allen Fiske, U. S. N., on armaments. He will show us only an expert in naval warfare and a cool scientific historian can the inestimable importance of the International Conference on Limitation of Armaments in Washington Admiral Fiske is one of the world's foremost naval experts, and he writes from an American point of view. As a writer and inventive genius his leadership has been recognized by his selection as President of the United States Naval Institute.

By REAR-ADMIRAL BRADLEY A. FISKE, U. S. N.

There are so many overwhelming reasons why America and Japan should continue on their present terms of cordial friendship, that any discussion as to which would prevail in a hypothetical war between them can have an academic interest only. It does have an academic interest, however; and furthermore, it supplies the best method for bringing out some of the most important factors in the situation.

As to the relative armaments of the two nations, it is well known that the Japanese army is tremendously superior to ours in the number of officers and men in the regular service and in the essentials of actual preparedness.

It also is well known that our navy is superior at present to the Japanese in the number and size of its ships and guns; but there seems to be some ground for thinking that the Japanese navy may be at least equal to ours in efficiency from the fact that Congress has refused the appropriations necessary to provide our navy with aircraft and from the further fact that the Japanese army is supposed to be the most efficient in the world, and that there is no reason for thinking that the Japanese navy is less efficient than the Japanese army.

PHILIPPINES OUR MILITARY PROBLEM

But even if we should grant that the Japanese army is immeasurably superior to ours and that the Japanese navy is equal to ours, we can see at a glance that her army could not operate successfully in the United States unless it could be actually landed there, and that it could not be landed there unless her navy could first secure the command of the sea and of the air near the point of landing.

We also can see that the Japanese navy would operate on our coast against our navy at such an enormous disadvantage, because of its great distance from home bases, that it could not possibly secure command of the sea and the air, except in the highly improbable contingency of possessing some new weapons that we know not of.

We may, however, dismiss the idea that the Japanese would venture far from their home; because, by simply capturing the Philippine Islands, they could force us to send out an expedition 7,000 miles from our home to recapture them.

I first became familiar with the difficulties of recapturing them when I was a member of the General Board of the Navy and head of the Committee on War Plans. That was in 1910 and 1911. In 1913, 1914 and 1915 I became much more familiar with them when I was Aide for Operations, or, as it is now called, Chief of Naval Operations, a position analogous to that of Chief of Staff of the Army.

The difficulties were mainly "logistical" that is, the difficulties were mainly those connected with keeping the fleet supplied with the necessary coal, oil and other things of daily need, while on the way out and after they had arrived.

We were able to prepare a fairly good logistical plan, though an exceedingly expensive one, for getting the fleet out. The main difficulties were in securing a sufficient number of colliers and oil carriers of the necessary speed and capacity to assure the receipt by the fleet of sufficient fuel, and ensure the ability of the carriers and oil carriers themselves to make the trip out and back.

DIFFICULT TO RECAPTURE ISLANDS

But, further than this, we could prepare no plans whatever, because no human mind could foresee what would happen to the fleet after it had reached the vicinity of the Philippines. All we could see with our mental eyes was a fleet of United States naval ships and auxiliaries rolling from side to side in the ocean somewhere near the Philippine Islands, "all dressed up and no place to go."

Where could they go? The Philippines having been captured by a highly active and military nation, we knew that hostile submarines would be lurking in just the waters which we should like to enter, that mines would probably be planted abundantly in them, and that destroyers might be relied on to make attacks at night.

Of course, if the Japanese should offer battle on the open sea as they had done to the Russian fleet in 1905, these difficulties would vanish. But we did not believe that they would risk a battle with us though they had with the Russians.

The Japanese had known that the Russian fleet, though virtually equal to theirs in the material matters of size of ships, number of ships, men, etc., was far below in morale, in strategic and tactical training, and in the methods and instruments needed for securing accurate gunnery: but they would know that the American fleet was superior to them in material and probably equal to them in the other matters. We realize also that we could not force the Japanese to fight if they did not wish to do so; because they could at any time retire to their own coast, and (like the Germans) take refuge behind their mine fields, where we could not follow them.

We realized also, that our enemies, even if they would not give open battle, would probably annoy us continually, night and day, but especially by night, with attacks by means of destroyers, submarines and other craft; that some of those attacks could hardly fail to inflict injury on some of our ships, and that there would not be a single dry dock into which an American ship could go. For the only American dry dock in that part of the world was the floating one near Manila, that would, of course, have fallen into the possession of the Japanese.

On the other hand, we realised that the loss of all Japan's trade with the United States would be a serious economic loss to her, and that her only possible communication with the rest of the world would be by way of Korea and Manchuria to the westward and by way of the China Sea and China to the southward and the westward.

JAPAN'S COAST NEARLY IMPREGNABLE

We realised of course, that we would be able to send some ships of our fleet into the Yellow Sea, between China and the southern part of Japan, and harass the Japanese and the neutral merchant ships there considerably: but as such a place would probably be well supplied with Japanese submarines, daringly and skillfully handled, we realised also that many of our ships would be torpedoed, and that there was absolutely no place to which they could go and be repaired.

"But," it may be asked, "with our increased navy, the improvements made in submarines, mines, aircraft and radio communication, could we not send a more effective force than we could have sent in 1915?"

Yes, but the Japanese could reply with a comparatively more effective defense, for, while the improved submarine, mine and airplane have increased the power of an attacking force, they have increased the power of a defending force much more. At the present time an admiral would hesitate to take a hostile fleet within a hundred miles of a coast held by the Japanese, even if he knew that there were no battleships about.

For these reasons, it is difficult to see how we could either capture the Philippines or inflict much damage on the Japanese if they have increased their navy and kept it modern, and we have reason to believe that they have done both of these things, and to a greater extent than we.

Furthermore, it is difficult to see how the Japanese could fail to inflict a great deal of damage on us, especially by cutting off supplies from home and attacking our ships with torpedo planes, bombing planes and submarines. Our fleet would be in a position much like that of Hannibal in Italy, far from home in a hostile land where the enemy refused to meet him in open battle, but continually cut off his supplies, and attacked small detachments of his men.

U. S. FLEET 7,000 MILES FROM NAVAL BASE

To make another comparison, our fleet, near the Japanese or Philippine coast, would be in a position like that of the British fleet near the German coast, when the German fleet would not come out and fight. There would be this great difference, however: the British fleet had several good bases and dry docks within a distance of five hundred miles; but we would have none within 7,000 miles, except an inadequate one at Honolulu, distant 5,000 miles.

It is clear, of course, that if the British, German, Chinese and other foreign nations would join us in a determined war on Japan, the combined forces could easily subdue her; and it is equally clear that if they would merely decline to take advantage of their privileges as neutrals to sell goods to Japan, (ferrying them across the China Sea and the Yellow Sea), we could probably force Japan to yield from economic exhaustion.

But to imagine that any of those countries, except possibly China, would actually go to war against Japan, or even that any one of them would forego the enormous profit she could make by selling munitions and supplies to her, would seem a little like dreaming about rainbows.

A war between the United States and Japan would give such manufacturing and mercantile nations as Great Britain and Germany an opportunity of the most golden kind. Did not the United States sell goods at high profit to both sides during the World War, as long as we remained neutral? One of the delightful things about terrible wars is the profit they bring—to neutrals!

As to our army, their difficulties in attempting to make war against Japan would be so overwhelming that there would be no use in my discussing them. They could not get near Japan or the Philippines by any means that I have suggested.

Therefore, unless some exceedingly powerful nation should come to our assistance, it seems as if, in a war against Japan, we should wholly fail.

The situation is deplorable for us, but we can reasonably blame no one but ourselves. It could have been rectified easily by defending the Philippines with airplanes, submarines and mines, as I have continually pointed out during the last ten years, because, in that case, we would now have an adequate base for our fleet, and would therefore be as secure in the East as Japan herself, and able to negotiate with her on equal terms.

In my next article, I hope to discuss what would be the best thing for us to do.

Poor Girl To Wed Millionaire

THE secret romance of Herbert Melville Harriman, capitalist and cousin of the late E. H. Harriman, and Miss Sallie Hunter, a Red Cross Nurse, who lives with her parents in an East Side flat, was revealed by intimate friends, Mrs. Oliver Harriman, a sister-in-law of the bridegroom, verified the engagement and said she had received Miss Hunter at her home just before the young woman left for French Lick Springs, Ind.

The marriage, a real love match, had its inception in the war period. Harriman, an army captain, met Miss Hunter while she was serving as a Red Cross nurse. They met again on their return to this country, but only casually. Several months ago the young millionaire was taken ill. When the young women assigned to care for him asked for a relief nurse Miss Hunter was given the position Harriman was pleased with the selection and recovered health rapidly.

When he was well again he went abroad, but before going he proposed marriage to Miss Hunter.

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Hall Caine Denies That His Novel Is An Apology For Sin

Author Declares That "The Master Of Man" Drives Home The Lesson That An Evil Act Cannot Be Undone

BY SIR HALL CAME

(Author of "The Christian," "The Manxman," "The Master of Man," etc.)

"'The master of man' is essentially an apology for sin."

This is the first criticism of my new book, which reaches me in my rather remote home in the Isle of Man. It shocks me. Of all the criticisms I have been anticipating, it is the one I have least expected. Indeed, nothing of the kind has taken me with more surprise since the late W. E. Stead's interpretation of "The Christian."

The moral condemnation implied by the charge could hardly be more sweeping if the critics who make it had been so many good old Samuel Richardsons and I (who have so often been accused of sentimentality) the wicked author of "Tom Jones." But nobody knows better than I do that Fielding would have laughed at the first "sin" that is the foundation of my story, and that Squire Western would have asked, with his accustomed oath, what the —the pother was about.

Let me say how I came to write my recent novel.

When the subject first came to me it was merely as a dramatic incident. Long ago a judge in the Isle of Man committed suicide to escape the necessity of sitting in judgment on his fellow-sinner—a woman he had secretly corrupted and who had drowned his own child. I thought it a poignant situation, but I had to wait years before I could use it, for the most thrilling fact out of life has no value infiction, except merely sensational fiction, until it can be seen in the moral light of a common human experience.

The same incident came to Tolstoy, as he afterward told me, but before he could write "Resurrection" he had to see it not merely as an isolated fact in the life of a Russian juryman, but as an illustration of the hypocrisy of the social system which punished the guilty woman and left the guilty man go free.

It came to Hawthorne, but before he wrote "The Scarlet Letter" he had to see it not merely as an isolated fact in the life of a young New England clergyman, who had charge of the soul of a woman he had ruined, but as an illustration of the frightful struggle between religious principle and private interest which goes on every day in the hearts of all.

And if I may, without immodesty, draw under the shadow of these great writers, I will say that before I wrote my recent story I had to see it not merely as a tragic fact in the life of a judge on a little Island in the Irish Sea, but as an illustration of the universal struggle of the human soul with sin, and to think of it in the light of its terrible motto: "Be sure your sin will find you out."

Sin—that was to be my subject. To show that an evil act once done could never be undone; that it is in the nature of a sin that it cannot be hidden, utterly away and that any attempt on the part of the sinner to conceal his sin only leads to other and greater sins until his whole life is wrapped up in falsehood.

Is not that true? We talk of the mysteries of crime, but crime has no real mysteries. The authors of some crimes go undetected, but how few! And who will say that any crime, even in this life, has ever gone unpunished? The spirit of sin may wait, but it never sleeps, and its searching power is awful.

Some years ago a man killed his wife, buried her body in the cellar of his house and, making plausible explanations of her absence, prepared to go away with another woman; but at the last moment a trival accident betrayed him—his sin had found him out.

Years earlier a woman poisoned her husband, and no suspicion attached to her; but the mere chance of a servant girl dropping into the mud a letter to her lover led to her arrest and condemnation.

Time has no power to cancel sin, and the sea is not deep enough to conceal it. A man may put his secret sin behind him and build up a new life, yet some day, out of a blue sky, the bolt will fall.

That is one of the things I tried to show in my story. My young advocate sins with a woman and then forgets. But Nature never forgets, and when he becomes a judge the first case he has to try is that of his fellow-sinner, who, under fearful temptation, has killed his own child. His sin has found him out. Is that like making an apology for it?

Think of the lure of sin! When my friend, Father Jay, was working among the criminal classes in the slums of Shoreditch, London, he used to say: "I can never keep my boys up to thirty years of age; they are nearly all in prison before that." Crime has the same effect on the criminal as gambling on the gamester—always tempting him to another and still another throw. If he escapes detection, or if he is tried and acquitted, he frequently commits the same crime over again. It requires immense strength of will to stop at the first success in crime.

The spell of sin on the spirit of man is almost overpowering. Beginning with a good conscience, the sinner may go on for years to believe that any fresh sin is necessary and therefore justifiable. But the awful awakening always comes at last. I know of no case to the contrary.

That is another thing I tried to show in my story. My Deemster, who goes from sin to sin, justifying his conduct at every step, persuading himself that nothing else could be, is brought up in the end by the certainty that by his crime he has disturbed the very foundations of law and order in his little community. Again his sin has found him out. Is that like making an apology for it?

Think of the dehumanising effects of sin! A few years ago a distinguished Norwegian novelist, Johan Bojer, wrote a book called "The Power of a Lie," whereof the final moral was that a life of deception does not always harden the heart, but sometimes softens it, making it generous, unselfish and noble. I think Bojer's novel as a work of art is a great book, but its teaching is opposed to everything I know of life. Figs do not grow on thistles. Sin does not enlarge the heart, but withers it. A man cannot go on from sin to sin without becoming a worse man. The awful monster within must be finally cast out, or it can turn him into a brute.

This, again, was one of the things I tried to illustrate in my recent book. My man, my judge, is swept on from sin to sin until at last he is guilty of a crime—the worst of all crimes to him, the betrayal of justice. Then his conscience awakes. He sees that he is heading on to self-destruction and dragging his little community down with him. Finally, and for the last time, his sin has found him out. Is that like making an apology for it?

"But, then," it is said, "you seem to love your wretched sinner and criminal, and obviously expect your readers to love him."

Quite true. In describing his struggles in the toils of his temptation I treated him as tenderly as if he had been my own son. It has been my experience throughout a life that now grows long that no man born of woman has ever been a conscious villain, and that you can sympathise in some sort with the blackest scoundrel unhanged if you only come close enough to him.

About thirty years ago I visited in his jail in Philadelphia Holmes, the murderer, whom Lombroso calls "the criminal of genius." He had killed twenty women for the sake of their insurance money, and was apparently the most heartless being alive. Going up the iron staircase to the condemned cell I was trembling in every limb at the prospect of coming face to face with an inhuman monster; but, twenty minutes later, coming down again with a throbbing throat, I was saying to the Governor, "Thank God, I'm not a judge—I would let off every . . . one of them." As in life, so in art. To know all is to forgive all. No novelist ever yet depicted a great sinner without in some way loving him. Arthur Dimmesdale was a shameless hypocrite; but if you think Hawthorne did not love his guilty clergyman, read again that wonderful scene on the scaffold, and if there are tears in your eyes when you come to the end of it, ask yourself if there were not tears in the author's eyes also. Paskolnikoff, in "Crime and Punishment," was a brutal and covardly murderer who killed a helpless old woman from behind with a hatchet; but if you think Dostoieffsky did not love him, look again at that immortal chapter in which, by the light of a dying piece of candle, the assassin and the harlot read the story of the raising of Lazarus from the Book of Books.

Lincoln's Gettysburg Address On Canvas

A canvas of rare historical value, portraying Lincoln's Gettysburg address, has been completed by the famous Chicago artist, Fletcher G. Ransom, after three years of painstaking labor. Mr. Ransom's painting is the only canvas in existence that pictures the immortal address by the great Emancipator on the Gettysburg battlefield November 19, 1863. Mr. Ransom has received many offers for the exceptional picture, but intends to present it to the Presidential Mansion that posterity may look and marvel that "four score and seven years ago" known to every school boy and girl, will stand forth in lifelike form an imperishable memorial of Lincoln.

Girls Now Snub Boy Raised Among Them

Youth Creates Sensation When He Returns To Island Garbed In Pants

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 26.—Because he left home as a young woman and returned as a young man, Charles E. Williams may not again be happy on Ocracoke island, off the coast of North Baltimore, and now his "girlhood" friends will not have anything to do with him.

Williams has created quite a sensation on the island, where he spent twenty-one years as a "girl." He was known as "Vera" Williams when he wore dresses and had long blonde hair. The girls he grew up with and all of whom thought he was one of them, know him no more. They blush when they see him, but do not stop to talk to him. All of them knew him as Vera Williams and swapped confidences with him.

When Williams put his feet on Ocracoke island dressed like the average young man of Baltimore no one on the island apparently had ever seen him before, although he spent all but about five months of his life there. When he tried to tell his old friends who he was they laughed at him.

Nobody there had learned that "Vera" Williams had suddenly become a man. The boy's mother is said is have explained "Vera's" disappearance by declaring "she" had gone off to college.

Vera Williams was quite a heartbreaker herself, it is said. She had at least two steady sweethearts and several more were trying to make an impression.

When Williams reached Baltimore he wrote a former sweetheart telling the whole story. The letter was signed Charles E. Williams. The writing was that of "Vera" Williams. The story was a shock to the two men, but there was the letter and they knew it had been written by "Vera."

Williams says he wants to stay at Ocracoke and fish, as his father used to do, and as nearly every other man on the island does. He does not like the outside world. Five months in pants in the world was enough for him. He prefers to go back to skirts, if necessary, if only he can remain at Ocracoke.

MEN said that she had a heart of iron forged in hell-fire; yet around her neck, in a locket, safe from profane hands, she carried the picture of a child. See her **Reputation.**

PROTECT YOUR EYES with Scientific Glasses.

We have all kinds of motor goggles

Special Rate to Missionaries

Crookes Lenses, Invisible Bifocals, ground to any Doctor's prescription.

The Shanghai Optical Co.

P393 Nanking Road, opp. Sincere Bdg.

PHONE C. 1084.

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By Appointment To H.M. The King.

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A Happy New Year

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Stocks of Textile Machinery Accessories and Mill Equipment carried in Shanghai.

Enquiries and Correspondence invited.

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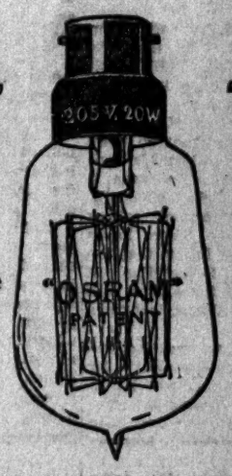

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An exhibit of over 1,500 samples of the latest and highest grade American Shoe Styles for Ladies and Gentlemen are and will be on display until January 5th, 1922.

Suite 137 ORIENTAL HOTEL, Nanking Road.

Inspection invited from 9 a.m. to 12, and from 2 p.m. to 4:30. Prices guaranteed for March delivery. Felix Edward Lehman, Foreign Field Manager, in charge

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Public invited from 12 to 1 p.m. and from 4:30 to 5:30 p.m. only.

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BAKE-RITE

And we *are* proud of the success which Bake-Rite Bread has attained in the few weeks it has been on the market. Already other bakers are improving their standards, but Bake-Rite took the lead from the start and will maintain it because Bake-Rite Bread is made by *foreign* bakers, from *imported* flour, cooked by electricity and the whole process of manufacture from start to finish is spotlessly pure. We will be glad to show you how we make it.

BEGINNING in January we shall deliver Bake-Rite Bread at the house. Phone or leave your orders—

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Production 80,000 bags per day

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ALWAYS SATISFIES

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Head Office: 58 Kiangse Road, Shanghai.

'Phone 1053 2518 Central.

Religion Now Outside Of Religious Institutions, Says Retired Rabbi

BY CHARLES W. WOOD
(New York World)

Would you start a laundry on some South Sea Island where the population had never seen any clothes?

How much would you give for the amusement rights at a Blue Law Convention?

Or how would you like to be appointed Physical Director in a School for Disembodied Spirits?

If none of these jobs appeal to you you will sympathise with Rabbi Harry R. Richmond of Paterson. Dr. Richmond has quit the ministry. He says it isn't real. He says it isn't related to modern life. He says it does not deliver the goods.

Dr. Richmond has been Rabbi of the Barnert Memorial Temple in Paterson. He has had no quarrel with his congregation and he has not abandoned his religious faith. He has been very popular in Paterson, as he has been elsewhere, and his reasons for resigning are by no means local. They are due to the fact that he believes that the pulpit is empty and ineffectual in the life of today.

"There was a time," he said, "in the childhood of the race, when the priest was the very center of the human group. People lived in childish simplicity. The supernatural to them was real, and how to conduct themselves so as not to offend the Deity was the central theme of life. The various religious dogmas that developed then, however antiquated some of them may seem today, were crammed with significance to the unsophisticated man of yesterday. Life was guided by them not merely on the deathbed but in the daily routine. The minister then told people how to act. He was not always obeyed but what he said was taken seriously.

"But that time has passed. The simple little units of society have evolved into a great social organism. Modern science has accustomed us to think in different terms, whether we are individually scientific or not. The storm no longer suggests the wrath of God. The Ruler is no longer endowed with Divine Right, and the miracles are all explained in the technical magazines. In the mean time, criticism has been brought to bear upon the ancient dogmas and modern theology has made desperate attempts to rationalise them.

"And the chief result," Dr. Richmond added, "Is that the average person who still considers himself religious insists on separating his religion from the activities of his life. He goes to church, but he does not go there to get any tips as to how his business shall be run. He calls a minister at the point of death, but he doesn't think of calling one at any point where he is actually alive. He insists that the divine shall stick to his rites and ceremonies when those rites and ceremonies have almost lost their meaning."

Dr. Richmond was not inclined to blame the modern clergy for this situation. Neither was he inclined to blame the modern congregation. The current had been disconnected somehow, however, and the condition was just that. He insisted, however, that religion is not dead. Religion, he said, is an energy, and energy cannot be destroyed. But it doesn't seem to function any more, he said, through the popular institutions labelled "religious."

"Religion," he repeated, "is righteousness and justice. Wherever there is a movement to achieve those ends, there we shall find the religion of today. The workers in a Straus milk station may not realise it, but in fighting for the lives and rights of the little ones they are truly worshipping God. The manager who transforms conditions in his factory so that human life shall have a fairer chance to express itself in joyous service to all—such a man may call himself an infidel but he is a Priest of the Most High.

"Every movement to abolish war from the face of the earth is an act of worship. In this respect we may even find religion in modern journalism, and The World's campaign for disarmament must be considered a holy act. I do not care how much the men of The World disclaim this honor; and I recognise that The World's campaign would have been utterly unsuccessful, except for the economic pressure upon the nations today. But The World did something. It proclaimed righteousness and justice in international affairs and has perhaps quickened the American conscience to disarmament. Unfortunately, the campaigns of the so-calleld religious institutions do not mature the same way.

"Take the Interchurch World Movement for an example. Here was a movement of all the Protestant Churches in America to relate religion to the actual affairs of life. It was not only an attempt to revive a creed. It was not simply a campaign for church membership and church support. It was also an effort of the churches to inject religion into practical affairs—to proclaim righteousness and justice even in political, social and industrial life.

"But what became of it? As soon as it became apparent that the Interchurch meant business the organisation tumbled down. No, it was not only the Steel Trust that wrecked the Interchurch. It was, moreover the demand from 'within' that the church quit dabbling in human affairs and confine itself hereafter to its mystic mission that made short shrift of the entire movement. The preachers everywhere were commanded to take no consequential part in life but to go back to peddling their theological formulas, which are designed to comfort certain cells in the brain for which active people have no active use."

Dr. Richmond is young "Red-blooded" is the adjective that first occurs in describing him, and his history bears out the description.

He was ministering to a congregation in Trinidad, Col., when the war broke out. He believed it was a war for democracy and he wanted to help recruit. Clergymen were exempt from the draft and he couldn't find it in his heart to ask others to take the risks from which he was apparently exempt. So he asked of the Government to waive his exemption and enlisted as a buck private. He was decidedly unwarlike. He didn't want to kill or be killed. But if killing was an act of righteousness, the minister, he believed, should not only preach about it but be first to exemplify it.

Dr. Richmond cited the recent fight as a second example of ministerial futility. There was a sincere religious effort, he said, to stop the contest between Dempsey and Carpentier, but how was this opposition met?

"Now, don't misunderstand me," Dr. Richmond interjected. "Personally I do not believe that there is anything highly edifying in prize fights, but I do not believe that they are peculiarly immoral. They are less immoral, far less immoral, than many other public exhibitions, and so I couldn't agree with the judgment of those clergymen who singled out this fight as particularly sinful. Had they started a movement to stop our national political conventions I could understand them better, for those conventions are positively scandalous.

"But, for all of that, the motive behind this opposition to the prize fight was religious. It was sought to stop the exhibition on the grounds of its immorality. And the people everywhere jeered. That ministers should interfere with their amusements was simply ridiculous. The place for ministers is in that realm of life in which nobody really lives."

Dr. Richmond smiled sadly. He started to speak and checked himself. I urged him to go on.

"I was thinking," he said, "of a perfectly satisfactory compromise between modern religion and modern sport. The scheme has been in use for some time at the political conventions and I wonder that Tex Rickard has not thought of it."

"Please tell me," I asked.

"Why couldn't they open those prize fights with prayer?

"I don't mean to shock you with this suggestion," he added. "Asking the blessing of God upon the political trickery of the conventions is a hundred times more of a travesty, and yet there are any number of clergymen who are willing to mime the part.

"That is the sort of religion to which the public is perfectly tolerant today—religion that is guaranteed not to interfere with results; religion that is purely mystical in this purely practical age; religion that is purely individualistic in the great collective organism of the modern world; religion that has nothing to do with events; religion that will act as a soothing-syrup to the soul in those holy moments when men cease human activities and are in the mood for slow music and dreams. Let the ministers mix up nice doses of that religion and the people stand ready to swallow it on all occasions. If both sides engage in solemn prayer before a modern battle, why shouldn't both the champion and the challenger each have a minister to officiate just before the gong?"

"It was with no love for satire that Dr. Richmond repeated these reasons for resigning from the modern ministry. The call to religious work had been a serious call to him and his resignation had left his life almost a blank. He had not the slightest idea what he would do. People asked him to engage in business, but he told them that a poor Rabbi will make a very poor business man.

"I might become a bank director," he said, "Not because I know anything about banking but because I don't. I might 'lend character' to the directorate in much the same way that the clergyman lends character to the doings of the political convention."

"What do you think you will do?" I asked.

"I haven't the slightest idea," he said. "The training of a clergyman is not apt to fit one for life's realities. I shall probably have to begin where the great mass of the unfit begin. I shall probably have to learn how to do some useful work."

"But could you stand it to work as a common laborer?" I asked.

"Yes," he said.

"Are you sure?"

"Yes," he said again.

"How do you know?"

"Because so many people do stand it," he said.

"I don't see any very inviting career ahead," he added, "but it will be something, at any rate, to realise at last that I am not exempt and that I am a useful member of society."

Titled Beauty

Lady Diana Somerset. WTL.

Lady Diana Somerset, younger daughter of the Duke and Duchess of Beaufort, who is regarded as one of the beautiful girls of the nobility of Great Britain.

Prefers Bobbed Hair To Bobbed Brains In Women

Baltimore, Nov. 26.—Judging a girl's fitness for business by the length of her hair as an employment standard, has little more to recommend it than the selection of a man because he wears a bow tie or a four-in-hand, in the opinion of Dr. Williams W. Guth, president of Goucher College, of Baltimore.

While a little vanity is good for any woman, "bobbed brains" are a more vital subject than bobbed hair, according to President Guth.

"It is difficult to see why this harmless feminine whim has aroused such widespread discussion," Dr. Guth added, "unless, perhaps, it is true that we delight in making mountains out of molehills. For all the evidence visible from a college office points to the fact that the young girl of today is aiming toward a standard not to be compared with uniform coiffures—the standard of real usefulness in the home, in the community and in the world of business.

"So much has been said about the vanities and frivolities of the modern girl that it is only fair to point out that the average girl of today is far better equipped mentally than the girl of a generation ago. The girl of today wants to be useful as well as ornamental."

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Both Hand and
Electricity
TOBEY'S
upstairs barber shop, clean, healthy surroundings.
BATHS AND MANICURE
8, Broadway
opposite the Astor House
44209

Carlton Cafe

TEA DANSANT

A Special New Year's Day Tea Dansant

will be held at the Carlton Cafe This Afternoon from 4 to 7 (3 hours).
Augmented orchestra.

TODAY Admission $1.00 Including Tea TODAY

NEW ARRIVALS

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DRESSING GOWNS,
WOOLLEN SCARVES,
AND HEAVY
WOOLLEN PYJAMAS
PATENT TROUSER PRESSES
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"Clothes that Fit"
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EXPERIENCED MEN
Who have learned the tailoring business in Europe and America are at your service to give you the best CUT STYLE and FIT.
"ONCE YOU COME YOU'LL ALWAYS COME"
OFFICE HOURS, WEEK DAYS
11 a.m.-1 p.m. and 4-7 p.m.
CLOSED SUNDAYS
7-8 SEWARD ROAD

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"SELECT"
LADIES TAILOR AND MILLINER
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Just received large collection of ladies' coats, costumes, gowns and Hats of all descriptions.
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GOOD WORK GUARANTEED
PRICE MODERATE. MONTHLY CREDIT GRANTED
CALL AND SEE US!!!

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2nd Floor—LIFT
SPECIAL MODELS at SPECIAL PRICES
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THE FEARON, DANIEL COMPANY

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217 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
NEW YEAR'S DAY
A Special Dinner de Luxe & Dance

Serpentine paper and confetti provided. The famous Darlington trio will be there in their classical and clog dances. Come one, come all and
BRING YOUR FRIENDS. TONIGHT
From 4.30 to 7.30 there will be a special tea dansant
From 8 p.m. a special dinner and dance will be held
To all our patrons: We wish you A HAPPY NEW YEAR.—*The management*
For Reservations Phone W. 2279 or 802

THE CHINESE ENGINEERING AND MINING CO., LTD.

6% First Mortgage Debentures (Kailan Bonds).

Payment of the Half-Yearly Interest due on 1st January, 1922, will be made on presentation of Coupon No. 19 at any of the undermentioned Banks, viz:

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China, Russo-Asiatic Bank } at Tientsin, Shanghai or Hongkong
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Banque Belge Pour l'Etranger } at Tientsin and Shanghai only.

The Interest, less Income Tax at 6/- in the £ will be:

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On £20 Debentures:	
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Per Coupon (Gross)	£3. 0. 0.
Less Tax @ 6/- in the £	18. 0.
Net amount payable	£2. 2 0.
On £500 Debentures:	
Per Coupon (Gross)	£15. 0. 0.
Less Tax @ 6/- in the £	4. 10. 0.
Net amount payable	£10. 10. 0.

Payment will be made in Taels at the Demand Buying rate of exchange of the day the Coupon is presented.

By Order,
THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION,
W. S. NATHAN,
General Manager.

TYRE SERVICE THAT IS SERVICE
You can smile while you ride if you have your tyres serviced at
H.S. HONIGSBERG & CO. INC.
GIOVANNINI TYRE DEPT

(Third Section)

The China Press
大陸報

SHANGHAI, SUNDAY, JANUARY 1, 1922

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The Superfine Small Car
BUILT TO LAST
FIVE-PASSENGER AND SPORT MODELS IN STOCK
CENTRAL GARAGE
Telephone C. 6003 9, Hongkong Road

Business and Official Notices

oyal Artillery Dinner 1922

A DINNER will be held at the anghai Club, at 8 p.m. on Satur-y, January 14th, 1922.

Anyone one who has, at any me, served in any branch of the ROYAL EGIMENT OF ARTILLERY cluding Territorials and New mies, is eligible to attend.

Tickets $10 each, obtainable from Holland, M.C., "North-China ily News."

All who are eligible to attend e requested to communicate th Mr. Holland, whether they e able to attend or not.

44007

anghai Waterworks Co., Ltd.

NOTICE

The following appointments will ke effect from the 1st January, 22:

MR. FRANCIS BERNARD TCAIRN to be Engineer-in-ief and Manager.

MR. CHARLES DEARNE PEAR-N to be Deputy Engineer-in-ief and Manager.

MR. WILLIAM REGINALD ALTER to be Secretary.

LESLIE J. CUBITT, Chairman.

anghai, 31st December, 1921.

44642

NOTICE

From date, Mr. E. Nouveau, oeat, is no longer connected th my office.

A. du PAC de MARSOULIES, 81, Rue du Consulat.

anghai, 1st January, 1922.

44578

NOTICE

MR. REGINALD BROWN, of anghai, an Associate of the In-tute of Chartered Accountants, s this day been admitted a part-r into the business at present rried on at No. 44 Szechuen ad, Shanghai, by Mr. Edward rtimer Reid, under the style of RTIMER REID & SLEE, Char-ed Accountants.

In future such business will be rried on by the said two part-rs at the same address and under e same style.

MORTIMER REID & SLEE, 44 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

nuary 1st, 1922.

44581

FRESH BUTTER
"DAISY" BRAND
and
"MEADOW" BRAND
in one-lb. pats.

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hese brands of finest quality resh Butter are supplied daily to all leading Storekeepers.

OUTPORT ORDERS

utter for outports (minimum 10 s.) is packed in pure machine ade ice, free of charge. Orders ay be sent to us direct.

Geddes & Co., Ltd.
5 Peking Road, Shanghai.
Tel. C. 346.

World's Evangelical Alliance Week of Prayer

Meetings will be held in the Union Church from 2nd to 7th January inclusive.

Time of Meetings:—
Monday, Tues., Wed.. 5.30-6.30 p.m.
Thursday, Friday .. 4.45-5.30 p.m.
Saturday ..... 5.30-6.30 p.m.

Leaders and Subjects:—
Monday: Rev. G. F. Fitch, D. D. *Thanksgiving and Confession.*
Tuesday: James Stark, Esq. *The Church Universal.*
Wednesday: Very Rev. C. J. F. Symons. *Nations and their Rulers.*
Thursday: Rev. C. F. McRae. *Missions.*
Friday: Rev. A. P. Parker, D. D. *Families, Educational Establishments and the Young.*
Saturday: Dr. G. A. Huntley. *Home Missions and the Jews.*

44580

NOTICE

Effective this First day of January, 1922, the Columbia Pacific Shipping Company has withdrawn their agency from the China Pacific Company and will operate their own offices. The Columbia Pacific Shipping Company will occupy the offices formerly occupied by the China Pacific Company, at 6 Kiukiang Road (4th Floor).

COLUMBIA PACIFIC SHIPPING COMPANY.
C. F. GORMAN, Manager.

44620

Hankow and Ports

The Hoong On S.S. Co.'s Steamer Chang-On, Capt. Warild, will leave from the Ningshao Wharf, Chinese Bund, Nantao, on Tuesday, the 3rd January, at about 12 o'clock (midnight) (Cabins fitted with steam heater), Passage Money, Shanghai to Hankow, $40 single and $60 return. For Freight or Passage apply to office of the Company, 1B Hankow Road. Telephones: Freight 1520, Passage 3283. 44575

DEATH

On the 30th December, 1921, at the Isolation Hospital, Shanghai. Albert George Williams, nephew of the late Albert McBeth Alexander, and grandson of Ida Virginia Westlake, aged 6 years. The funeral (cremation) will take place at the Bubbling Well Cemetery today, the 1st January, 1922, at 11.30 a.m. All friends are invited to attend. 44657 J. 1

Cercle Sportif Francais

—:o:—

THEATRE

Members of the Club are informed that a theatrical performance will be given in the Club Ball Room, on Friday, 21st January, 1922, at 9 p.m. sharp.

The character of the performance is composed as follows:

L'ENFANT DU MIRACLE
Comedie bouffe en trois actes
par
Paul Gavault et Robert Charvay

For further particulars, see notice boards and posters.

Owing to the size of the Ball Room, seating accommodation is limited 350 seats.

All seats are numbered and a plan of the Ball Room is in the hands of the Secretary.

Non-Members can only obtain tickets through Members, and when booking, their names must be given to the Secretary.

The performance will be followed by a dance.

Members and visitors wishing to take supper, will please note 1st supppr is at 12 o'clock and the 2nd at 1 o'clock.

Please give your name to the Secretary before 21st January, so that accommodation can be reserved.

Price of supper $1.00 each.

44614

NOTICE

Piles both external and internal cured altogether from the root by external painless applications only (No Knife used at all).
Apply to Dr. MEHTA,
40 North Szechuen Rd., Shanghai
42664

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For a GOOD VALUE at a REASONABLE price you are well advised to get

Heidsieck Monopole
"Red Top"
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"Gold Top" Dry
The pride of every host in every land

GARNER, QUELCH & CO.
73, 73A Szechuen Road, Shanghai. Tel. C. 2021.

S.S. Pine Tree State From Seattle

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

Examination of ship damaged cargo ex s.s. PINE TREE STATE, will be held at the China Merchants Central Wharf, on Tuesday, January 3rd, at 9.30 a.m. when Messrs. Eisler & Reeves, Marine Surveyors, will be in attendance.

THE ADMIRAL LINE,
Agents.

44550

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the Registered Offices of the undermentioned Companies have this day been removed to No. 10 CANTON ROAD.

Anglo-Java Estates, Ld.
Alma Estates, Ld.
The Bukit Toh Aiang Rubber Estates, Ld.
The Chempedak Rubber & Gambier Estates, Ld.
The Cheng Rubber Estates, Ld.
Java Consolidated Rubber & Coffee Estates, Ld.
Kroewoek Java Plantations, Ld.
The Senawang Rubber Estates Co. (1921), Ld.
The Shanghai Building & Investment Co., Ld.
The Shanghai Klebang Rubber Estates, Ld.
The Shanghai Seremban Rubber Estates, Ld.
The Tebong Rubber Estate, Ld.
The Ziangbe Rubber Company, Ld.

By Order,
J. A. WATTIE & CO., LD.
Secretaries.

Shanghai, 30th December, 1921.

44600

Shanghai Paper Hunt Club

NOTICE

7th HUNT
31st December, 1921

START—Springfield, French Siccawei, at 3 p.m.
FINISH—Will be announced after the Hunt has started.
YELLOW & WHITE PAPER WILL BE LAID.

8th HUNT
Monday, 2nd January, 1922

START—Stone Bridge North of Hungjao Golf Club, Rubicon Road, at 3 p.m.
FINISH—Will be announced after the Hunt has started.
YELLOW & WHITE PAPER WILL BE LAID.

9th HUNT
Tuesday, 3rd January, 1922

START—Near Burkill's Bungalow, Kiangwan, at 3 p.m.
FINISH—Will be announced after the Hunt has started.

F. W. POTTER, Master,
Shanghai Paper Hunt Club.

SHRINERS NOTICE

All Shriners will please attend a special meeting to be held in the Astor House Ball room at 2.30 p.m., Sunday, January 8th 1922. Important business. Invitations for the Shriners Ball are being issued by F. A. Bowen of the Asia Banking Corporation.

44175

China Detective Bureau

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SHANGHAI

New Yangtse Service

Commencing Wednesday January 4th at Midnight

R. S. BOYD & Co., Ltd.

Will inaugurate a new steamship service between Hankow and Shanghai

S. S. "HWAH TA"

Leaves Shanghai at Midnight Wednesday, January 4th from DAI DAH WHARF, Chinese Bund

THE BEST OF SERVICE

Under direct supervision

The food is supplied from such well known Shanghai firms as Lane Crawford; Dombey and Son; Ideal Butchery; Bake Rite Bakery, Culty Dairy.

The latest books, magazine and games.

Travel the Comfortable way

R. S. BOYD & Co., Ltd.

Glen Building Phone C. 2580

44603

Preliminary Announcement

The SHANGHAI NEW TUTORIAL CLASSES conducted by a UNIVERSITY GRADUATE in ARTS of over 25 years' TEACHING and COMMERCIAL experience, will be opened from January 9, 1922.

Pupils for the JUNIOR, SENIOR and MATRICULATION examinations of the HONGKONG UNIVERSITY as also for other examinations efficiently coached in ENGLISH MATHEMATICS, SCIENCE and other subjects.

Separate classes for the study of ENGLISH for Chinese, Japanese and Russians. For terms, etc., apply to Box 1013, THE CHINA PRESS. 44610

International Savings Society
7 Avenue Edouard VII, SHANGHAI

It is not necessary to wait until you accumulate a large sum before starting an account.

The I. S. S. accepts payments from $3 upward.

Subscribe at once to our Premium Bonds.

No. 71

The Throat Pastille with 200 years' experience behind it. The "Allenbury's" Medicated Throat Pastilles are known the world over for their excellence and reliability.

Your Chemist stocks them.

ALLEN & HANBURYS, LD.

DR. Z. S. TORJEWSKY

DENTAL SURGEON

11, Peking Road Phone Central 2073
(First Floor)

Newest methods of dental treatment and technical work.

OUTFIT AND MACHINERY AFTER THE LATEST INVENTIONS

Business and Official Notices

Ordonnance Consulaire

No. 45.

ELECTIONS MUNICIPALES
30 Decembre 1921.

Nous, Auguste WILDEN, Consul General de France a Changhai, Chevalier de la Legion d'Honneur,

Vu l'Article III du Reglement d'Organisation Municipale du 14 Avril 1868, modifie par les Ordonnances Consulaires du 28 Decembre 1907, du 24 Decembre 1909 et du 15 Fevrier 1919,

Avons ordonne et ordonnons:

ARTICLE I.

Les elections pour le remplacement de MM. R. FANO, Membre Francais, et C. H. C. PLATT, Membre Etranger, demissionnaires, et de MM. A. CHAPEAUX et Dr. E. TARTOIS, Membres Francais, et M. SPEELMAN, Membre Etranger, arrives au terme de leur mandat, sont fixees au Mardi, 17 Janvier mil neuf cent vingt-deux.

Le scrutin sera ouvert de dix heures du matin a quatre heures de l'apres-midi.

ARTICLE II.

La liste electorale, dressee conformement aux dispositions des Ordonnances Consulaires des 28 Decembre 1907, 24 Decembre 1909 et 15 Fevrier 1919, sera affichee aux lieux ordinaires, tant en la Chancellerie du Consulat General de France que dans les Bureaux du Conseil d'Administration Municipale, du premier Janvier au dix-sept Janvier mil neuf cent vingt-deux.

ARTICLE III.

Toutes reclamations ou contestations pouvant se produire au aujet des inscriptions d'electeurs seront jugees sommairement sans frais et sans recours par le Consul General de France Soussigne, jusqu'au seize Janvier, mil neuf cent vingt-deux, a Midi, heure a laquelle ladite liste electorale sera irrevocablement close et arretee.

ARTICLE IV.

Les regles concernant le vote et l'eligibilite, telles qu'elles ont ete fixees par le Reglement du 14 Avril 1868, modifiees par les Ordonnances Consulaires des 27 Decembre 1901, 28 Decembre 1907, 24 Decembre 1909 et 15 Fevrier 1919, devront etre appliquees.

ARTICLE V.

Les fraudes et manoeuvres frauduleuses en matiere electorale seront jugees et poursuivies conformement aux dispositions de l'Art. 75 de la Loi du 28 Mai 1836.

Fait a Changhai, en l'Hotel Consulaire le trente Decembre mil neuf cent vingt-et-un,

Le Consul General de France,
Signe: A. WILDEN.

Ordonnance Consulaire

No. 46.

Election de
Commissaires Fonciers
le 30 Decembre 1921.

Nous, Auguste WILDEN, Consul General de France a Changhai, Chevalier de la Legion d'Honneur,

Vu l'Ordonnance Consulaire No. 19 en date du 16 Decembre 1919, rendant executoire le Reglement d'Expropriation de la Concession Francaise de Changhai,

Vu le § III de l'Art. 6 du dit Reglement,

Avons ordonne et ordonnons ce qui suit:

Des elections pour la nomination de 4 Commissaires Fonciers, 2 membres titulaires (1 Francais et 1 Etranger) et 2 membres suppleants (1 Francais et 1 Etranger) en remplacement de MM. F. SALLOU et A. L. ANDERSON, Commissaires titulaires, et Ch. BARRIERE et A. JOST, Commissaires suppleants, arrives au terme de leur mandat, auront lieu en meme temps que les Elections Municipales le Mardi, dix-sept Janvier, mil neuf cent vingt-deux.

Fait a Changhai, en l'Hotel Consulaire le trente Decembre mil neuf cent vingt-et-un,

Le Consul General de France,
Signe: A. WILDEN.

44595

The Shanghai Hotels, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that Mr. E. Burrows has been appointed General Manager of this company from date.

By order of the Board,
BRODIE A. CLARKE,
Chairman.

Shanghai, 29th December, 1921.

44590

DR. R. HOLPER, M. D.
(Bordeaux University, France)
SPECIALIST IN VENEREAL URINARY AND SKIN DISEASES.
No. 15 Nanking Road.
Hours 11 to 1 and 4 to 6. Tel. C. 736.

In the United States Court for China

In re Estate of VERNE SMALL, *Deceased.* Cause No. 1570. Estate N. 419.

NOTICE

Pursuant to an order of said Court notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of Verne Small, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers, to the undersigned on or before June 17, 1922, and all persons owing debts to the said deceased are hereby to make payment of the same in due course to the undersigned.

CATHERINE H. KELLY,
Administratrix,
c/o Northwest Trading Co.,
46 Nanking Road,
Shanghai, China.

December 18, 1921.

44166

MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION

No. 2929.

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK

NOTICE is hereby given that on March 6, 1922, debentures in the 8 per cent (Tael). Loan of 1921 will be allotted to depositors in respect of the amounts at their credit on December 6, 1921, with interest thereon at the rate of 7 per cent per annum up to March 6, 1922. Accounts will be debited with the allotments at par.

Deposits received during the period December 7, 1921, to September 5, 1922, will carry interest at rates to be advertised from time to time, calculated in the manner provided for under Rule 4, and will be in respect of the Loan of 1922, the terms of which will be announced after the next Annual Meeting of Ratepayers.

With effect from January, and until further notice, deposits will carry interest at the rate of 6½ per cent per annum.

By order,
E. S. B. ROWE,
Acting Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, December 29, 1921.

44606

Screened Coke!

We, the undersigned, beg to announce that, from 1st January, 1922, we are the Sole Distributors of Gas Coke produced by the Shanghai Gas Works. The quality of the Coke as a fuel, its cleanliness in handling and its cheapness in price are too well known to the Consumers to be mentioned here. With a view to increasing sales, we are prepared to sell Screened Coke, delivered in bags, at $16.00 per ton. Your patronage is solicited.

LIEN NEE & COMPANY,
216 Thibet Road.

44597

LOST

Lost or strayed, on 29th December, from 133 Bubbling Well Road, male *fox-terrier*, white with black spots, age 16 months. Answers to the name of "Chips." Reward if necessary. Tel. West 762.

44592

Dr. GUIDO PIAZZA, M.D.
GRAZ-PADOVA UNIVERSITIES
(late assistant to Prof. MATZENAUER)

Has started his practice for internal diseases, surgery, skin and venereal ailments and latest treatment of syphilis. Consulting hours 10 a.m. to 12 and 2-5 p.m. 3 Ezra Road, 4th Floor. Tel. C. 6735.

44423

REMOVAL NOTICE

American Foreign Insurance Association

On January 30th the above offices will be located on the sixth floor of the Dollar Building, Canton Road.

The Marine Department will continue under Manager Kreulen—Reiss Building, Hankow Road.

We wish our friends and others a healthy, happy, and prosperous New Year.

H. A. WILEY
Manager for China

44591

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 20 and 21

Shanghai Foreign Exchange Bankers' Association

The Foreign Exchange Banks which are members of the above Association will be closed for the transaction of Public Business on Monday and Tuesday, the 2nd and 3rd January, 1922, on account of New Year Holidays.

44594

The International Recreation Club

KIANGWAN RACES

New Year Race Meeting, 1922
30th, 31st January and 1st February, 1922.
(Monday, Tuesday & Wednesday)

First Saddling Bell at 11.30 a.m. Daily.

FOURTH DAY
4th February, 1922, (Saturday)
First Saddling Bell at 1.00 p.m.

ATTENTION TO MEMBERS

ENTRIES for all Races, except those otherwise stated, close on Wednesday, 4th January, 1922, at 7 p.m. at the Club House, 126 Bubbling Well Road.

All Entries to be addressed to the Clerk of the Course and deposited in the Secretary's Office labelled "ENTRIES FOR THE KIANGWAN RACES."

Entry forms may be obtained upon application to the undersigned.

By order,
Y. S. DAY,
Secretary.

44455

Shanghai Race Club

NEW YEAR RACES
Monday, 2nd January, 1922.

The New Year Races will commence promptly at 10.15 p.m. on Monday, 2nd January, 1922.

The Members' Enclosure will be reserved for Members of the International Recreation Club and Shanghai Race Club and their Friends. Members of either Club may obtain complimentary tickets for their Friends on applying to the secretary of either Club.

There will be no charge for admission to the public enclosure.

Entrance, No. 14 Mohawk Road.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary.
SHANGHAI RACE CLUB.

44543

Dr. I. KURAHARA, M.D.
(Formerly member of the Kitasato Institute of Tokio).
No. 21A Haining Road (near Victoria Theatre). Tel. N. 2279.
Skin, venereal and internal diseases, the treatment of X-Ray and Diathermy.
Bacteriological and Serumtherapy Laboratory now opened.
Blood tests by the genuine Wasser mann's reaction.
Home consultations will be attended to in the evening.
Office hours: 8-12 a.m. and 2-4 p.m.

LOST

Two Bills of Lading; one No. 31, marked K. C. H., for ten packages of Silk (大灰絲), and the other, No. 12, marked H, for thirty-five packages of Waste Silk (亂絲頭), shipped from the Chin Kee and Zung Cheong (政記仁昌), Dairen, for Shanghai, per s.s. Ping-yang, (平洋) were lost.

Having requested Messrs. Jensen & Co., to cancel the said bills and to issue duplicates, please public not to negotiate the same.

HENG ZIANG DONG,
恆祥同啓

44483 J. 3

Change of Address

On and From 1st January, 1922.

ANDREWS & GEORGE
Will Remove to First Floor
"FETCO" BUILDING
62 Kiangse Road.
Telephone: Central 454.

44599

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital	£3,000,000
Reserve Fund	3,600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£3,000,000

Head Office:
28 Bishopsgate London, E. C.
Shanghai Branch: 18 The Bund

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael,
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
Sir William Henry Neville Goschen, K.B.E.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
Sir John Newall Jordan, P.C. K.C.I.E., K.C.B., K.C.M.G.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
James Maxwell Grant Prophit, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminister and Parrs Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Alor Star (Kedah)	Hongkong	Puket
Amritsar	Ilo Ilo	Rangoon
	Ipoh	Saigon
	Karachi	Seremban
Batavia	Klang	Shanghai
Bombay	Kobe	Singapore
Calcutta	Kuala-Lumpur	Sourabaya
Canton	(F. M. S.)	Tientsin
Cawnpore	Madras	Tavoy
Cebu	Manila	(Lower Burma)
Colombo	Medan	Taiping
Delhi	Peking	New York
Haiphong	Penang	Yokohama
Hankow		

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for collection. Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

R. W. ROBERTSON,
Acting Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
(THE BELGIAN BANK)
Paid up Capital Frs. 100,000,000
Reserves Frs. 15,978.00

Head Office: BRUSSELS
London Office, 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Paris Office: 2 Place de la Bourse
Branches: Cologne, Bucharest, Alexandria, Tantan, Cairo, Peking and Tientsin.
Agents:
(1) Manchester, 31 Mosley Street
(2) New York, 22 William Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Ste Gle de Belgique.

Correspondents in all important cities of the world.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in gold or local currency and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

L. STRAETMANS,
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabes."

Capital ..... Yen 10,000,000

Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T. Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtau, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

T. TSENG, Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital	$20,000,000
Reserve Funds:—	
Sterling	£4,500,000
Silver	$21,500,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$20,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq. Chairman
G. M. Dodwell, Esq. Deputy-Chairman.
D. G. M. Bernard, Esq.
A. S. Gubbay, Esq.
P. H. Holyoak Esq.
Hon. Mr. A. O. Lang,
E. V. D. Parr, Esq.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
J. A. Plummer, Esq.
H. P. White, Esq.
Chief Manager.
Hon. Mr. A. G. Stephen.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Harbin	New York
Bankok	Iloilo	Penang
Batavia	Ipoh	Rangoon
Bombay	Johore	Saigon
Calcutta	Kope	S. Francisco
Canton	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Colombo	London	Sourabaya
Foochow	Lyons	Tientsin
Hankow	Malacca	Tsingtao
Chefoo	Manila	Vladivostock
Dairen	Nagasaki	Yokohama
Haiphong	Peking	

London Bankers:
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12 The Bund
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

G. H. STITT,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserved Fund	26,960,000
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government	Kup. Tls. 3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head Office:
Paris, 9 Rue Boudreau
London Office:
64 Old Broad Street, E. C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Societe Generale pour favoriser le developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Paris: Societe Generale pour Favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour Favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Milan: Credito Italiano.
Rome: Banco di Roma.
New York: The Irving National Bank.
San Francisco: The Crocker National Bank of San Francisco.

BRANCHES IN ASIA

Bombay	Harbin	Shanghai
Chanchun	Hongkong	Tientsin
Chefoo	Manchouli	Urumtchi
Dairen	Kashgar	Vladivostock
Hailar	Newchwang	Yokohama
Hankow	Peking	Kobe

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars. Terms on application. Local Bills discounted.
Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.
SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES.
S. de Jastrzembski, L. Jezierski, Th. de Krzywoszewski, P. Petithuguenin.
Managers for Branches in Asia.

Bank of Communications

Specially authorised by Presidential Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China
Agencies abroad: Singapore Hongkong, Tokio (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
14 The Bund.
Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts. Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Y. M. CHUAN, Manager,
T. S. WONG, Sub-Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1.00 will be received.

Not more than $200 will be received during one month from any single Depositor.

Interest at the rate of 3.1/2% per annum will be allowed upon the monthly minimum balance.

The maximum balance on which interest will be allowed is $5,000.00.

Deposits may be withdrawn on Demand. Accounts will be kept either in Dollars or Taels, Local Currency, at the option of the Depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books, in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

OFFICE HOURS: 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
Saturdays, 10 a.m. to noon.

The Bank Of Canton, Limited

Incorporated 1912

Capital authorised	£1,200,000.00
Capital paid up	1,057,790.00
Reserved Fund HK.	$400,000.00
Undivided profit HK	$950,867.73

HEAD OFFICE
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong

SHANGHAI OFFICE
No. 2 Ningpo Road.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Canton	Bangkok	S. Francisco
Batavia	Bombay	Colombo
New York	Manila	Samarang
London	Singapore	Calcutta
Honolulu	Rangoon	Yokohama
Sourabaya	Canada, etc	

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

WONG WEN-KUANG,
Manager.

The Chinese American Bank of Commerce

Established by American and Chinese Capitalists under Special Charter of the Government of China April 12th, 1919.

Authorised Capital	G.$10,000.000
Paid-up Capital	5,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

Branches:

Hankow, Harbin, Manila, Peking, Shanghai, Sihkiachwan, Tientsin, Tsinan.

Correspondents throughout the world including the interior of China.

The Bank receives deposits, grants loans; issues drafts and makes telegraphic transfers; buys and sells foreign exchange; issues commercial and circular letters of credit; collects bills, checks and other documents; and does other general banking business.

Shanghai Branch
No. 11A Nanking Road.
Telephone Nos. Central 5841, 5842 and 5843.

A. KANN, Manager.
LOUIS SHEN, Assistant Manager.
SOOYII K. SHEN, Assistant Manager.

Banque De L'Indo-Chine

	Francs.
Subscribed Capital	72,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital	68,400,000.00
Reserve Fund (1|6|20)	69,500,000.00

Head Office:
15 bis, Rue Lafitte, Paris.

Branches and Agencies

Saigon	Pnom-Penh	Battambang
Haiphong	Hanoi	Tourane
Peking	Hankow	Tientsin
Hongkong	Canton	Mengtze
Singapore	Pondichery	Bangkok
Papeete	Shanghai	Noumea
	Djibouti	Yunnanfu

London Bankers:
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris—Credit Lyonnais

The Shanghai Agency undertakes all Banking and Exchange operations; grants credits on goods and approved securities; opens current and fixed deposit accounts in taels and francs according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN, Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Capital, Surplus & Undivided Profits G.$14,000,000

Owned By
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK.

Head Office:
60 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

London Office: 36 Bishopsgate E. C.
Lyons Offices 27 Place Tolozan.
San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street

Branches

China	Spain
Shanghai	Barcelona
Peking	Madrid
Tientsin	Straits Settlements
Hankow	Singapore
Harbin	Dominican Republic
Hongkong	Santo Domingo
Canton	Sanches
India	San Francisco de Macoris
Bombay	San Pedro de Macoris
Calcutta	Santiago
Rangoon	Puerto Plata
Japan	Barahona
Yokohama	La Vega
Kobe	Panama
Java	Panama
Batavia	Colon
Sourabaya	
Philippines	
Manila	
Cebu	

Branches of
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK

Argentina	England
Buenos Aires	London
Rosario	Italy
Belgium	Genoa
Antwerp	Peru
Brussels	Lima
Brazil	Porto Rico
Fernambuco	Ponce
Rio de Janeiro	San Juan
Santos	Russia
Sao Paulo	Moscow
Chile	Petrograd
Santiago	Temporarily closed
Valparaiso	Uruguay
Cuba	Montevideo
Havana and 22 branches	Venezuela
	Caracas

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

N. S. MARSHALL, Manager.
1a Kiukiang Road.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital	$60,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital	$12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund	$3,534,600.00
Special Reserve Fund	$3,534,600.00

Head Office: Peking.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifeng	Hankow
Chanchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dairy	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtao	Yangchow	Chungking

Foreign Correspondents:
London, Paris, Berlin, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Osaka and Yokohama.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,
3 Hankow Road.
Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

Sung Han-chang.
Manager.

Kincheng Banking Corporation

金城銀行

Sanctioned by Ministry of Finance and registered in Ministry of Agriculture and Commerce in accordance with Banking and Company Laws.

Authorised Capital	$5,000,000
Paid-up Capital	$4,500,000
Surplus	$ 300,000

Head Office: Tientsin
Branches and Sub-Branches; Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hankow, Nanking and Peng-pu.
Correspondents in all important places of the world.
President: Chow Tso Ming.
Manager, Shanghai Branch: S. Y. Tien.
Sub-Manager, Shanghai Branch: C. C. Woo.
Every description of Banking Business transacted.
Savings Accounts kept in Tientsin and Shanghai Offices.
Cable Address, "Kincheng" Shanghai
Tel. Nos:
General Office: C. 3800
Managers Office: 1350
Foreign Dept. C. 3440

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappy

(Netherlands Trading Society)
Established 1824.

Paid-up Capital: Guilders	80,000,000 (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Funds: Guilders	18,979,250 (about £1,581,604)
Special Reserve: Guilders	22,666,000 (about £1,888,333)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM

Branches

Bandjermasin	Pekalongen
Bandoeng	Palembang
Bombay	Penang
Calcutta	Pontianak
Cheribon	Rangoon
Djember	Semarang
Djokjakarta	Singapore
Hongkong	Soerabaya
Kobe	Soerakarta
Kota-Radja	Tebing-Tinggi
Langsa	Tegal
Makassar	Telok Betong
Medan	Tjilatjap
Padang	Weltevreden

London Bankers
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

Shanghai Interest Allowed on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

M. J. HERBSCHLEB,
Acting Manager.

The Bank of East Asia, Ltd.

東亞銀行

Shanghai Branch:—30 The Bund

Authorised Capital	$10,000,000.00
Paid up Capital	$5,000,000.00

Head Office: Hongkong
London Bankkers: The London Joint City & Midland Bank, Ltd.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted
Loans granted on approved securities
Fixed and current deposit accounts opened on terms according to arrangement.

RUE CHENG,
Acting Manager.

The Chekiang Industrial Bank, Ltd

Established 1908

Capital	$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund	$133,310.00
Undivided Profits	$120,751.00

Head Office and Branches:
Hangchow, Shanghai, Haimon, Hankow and Lanchi.
Domestic Agencies:
Throughout CHINA'S principal Cities.
Foreign Correspondents:
London, Paris, Rotterdam, New York, Chicago, San Francisco, Hamburg, Berlin, Tokyo, Koke, Yokohama, Osaka, Hakodate, Seoul, Fusan and Hongkong.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and fixed Depisits according to arrangements.
Saving Accounts at 4% compound interest.
Every description of Banking and Exchange transacted.

LI MING,
SHANGHAI BRANCH,
U39 Peking Road.
Tel. C. 3145, Manager's Office
C. 2147, General Office
Cable Address:
"CHINDUBANK" Shanghai

SINO-ITALIAN BANK

Aut. Cap. Silver Dollars	4,800,000
Aut. Cap. Gold It. Lire	16,000,000
Paid up Capital	Silver $1,200,000
Paid up Cap. Gold It. Lire	4,000,000

Branches:
Hankow, Peking, S'hai, Tientsin
Bankers:
Italy: Credito Italiano.
England: Credito Italiano, National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ld., Glyn Mills and Currie.
France: Banque Francaise et Italienne pour l'Amerique du Sud Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris, Banque Italo Belge.
United States: Credito Italiano, Equitable Trust Company.
Canada: Canadian Bank of Commerce.
South America: Banca Italo Belga.
Switzerland: Banca Unione di Credito.
Belgium—Credit Central Liegeois.
Current, fixed and savings accounts carried in Taels, Dollars, Sterling, U. S. Gold, Italian Lire, Francs and other currencies. Terms on application.
General banking business transacted. Special facilities for Italian exchange.
Telegraphic Address: Banksinit.
SHANGHAI, No. 16 Kiukiang Rd.
Tel. Offices: Central 5090 & 5091.
Managers' Office, Central 5094.
Managers.

Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1919
Head Office: TIENTSIN

Subscribed Capital	$2,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital	$1,500,000.00
Reserve Fund	$ 124,000.00

Managing Director: T. Clarence Sun
Deputy Managing Director: Nieh Chi-wei

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries:

Tientsin	Chinkiang	Ichang	Yokohama
Shanghai	Soochow	Changsha	Chicago
Peking	Wusieh	Shasi	Philadelphia
Hankow	Hsuchow	Wuhu	Seattle
Nanking	Ningpo	London	Baltimore
Yangchow	Shaoshing	New York	Cleveland
Hangchow	Canton	San Francisco	Detroit
Pengpu	Hongkong	Boston	Buffalo
Changchun	Chengteh	Tokio	Pittsburgh
Antung	Chengchow	Osaka	Montreal
Kiukiang	Tsinkiangpu	Kobe	St. Louis
			Cincinnati

And also in other principal cities in foreign countries.

Shanghai Branch:
S 441 Ningpo Road.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in taels, dollars and other currencies according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. B. Sun, Manager,
T. D. Zar, Sub-Manager.

PARK-UNION FOREIGN BANKING CORPORATION

Capital G.$4,000,000
Surplus and Undivided Profits G.$621,000
HEAD OFFICE, 56 WALL ST., NEW YORK
BRANCHES:
SAN FRANCISCO SEATTLE
TOKYO PARIS YOKOHAMA
CANADA—400 branches of the Union Bank of Canada
Shanghai Branch: 7 Kiukiang Road, Tel. C. Nos. 5874 & 5875.
CURRENT & FIXED DEPOSITS
Accepted in Taels, Mexican Dollars, U. S. Dollars, Canadian Dollars, Sterling, on Application.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

F. V. REILLY,
Manager.

The Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank, Ltd.

Head Office: 9 Ningpo Road

Capital	$2,500,000.00
Reserve	$380,000.00

Every description of modern banking and exchange business transacted—Personal, National & International.

Branches and Agencies:
In principal cities throughout China
Foreign Correspondents:

London	New York	Yokohama
Paris	Chicago	Tokyo
Marseilles	Seattle	Osaka
Amsterdam	San Francisco	Manila
Berlin	Singaporo	

Cable Address: "COMSAVBANK"

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

中南銀行 CHINA & SOUTH SEA BANK, LTD.

Authorized Capital: $20,000.000
Paid-up $5,000,000

4 Hankow Road, Shanghai.

Every kind of banking business transacted. Agents and correspondents all over the world.

Telegraphic Address: Chinasosea

Tel. Nos. { Managing Director: C. 6324 / Foreign Exchange: C. 3099

Y. Hou,
Managing Director.

FAR EASTERN BANK

Capital Authorized	Lit. 50,000,000.—
Capital Paid up	Lit. 12,500,000.—

HEAD OFFICE
36, Kiangse Road, Shanghai.

BANKERS
Banca dell'Italia Meridionale; Naples, Milan, Bari, Genoa, Palermo, Pozzuoli. Italy.
East River National Bank, New York, U. S. A.
Bank of Italy, San Francisco, Cal., U. S. A.
The Dai-Ichi Ginko, Ltd., Tokyo, Yokohama, Japan.

BRANCHES
Canton—Tientsin—Tsingtao.
SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on current accounts, savings accounts and fixed deposits in all currencies according to arrangement.

Local bills discounted N. Cable transfers bought and sold. Drafts issued and telegraphic transfers effected all over the World.

SPECIAL FACILITIES for Italian business and Exchange, for Gold exchange and for Chinese Stock Exchange transactions.

Viscount di Villa & Mr. W. S. T. Nien,
Managing Directors.

TELEPHONE:—C. 3487 Managers
C. 6678 T. T. and Exchange
C. 2082 General Office
C. 494 Chinese Department.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

	Sh. Tls.
Subscribed Capital	5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:—
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.

Paid-Up Capital	$2,500,000.00
Reserve Fund	$500,000.00

Head Office: Shanghai.
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Manager's Office: Cen. 2656
General Office: Cen. 2613 & 2614
Branches
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.
FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, Paris, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe Osaka, Berlin and Hamburg.
Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Yen according to arrangement.
Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.
Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.
Credit granted on approved securities.
Savings accounts—4% per annum.
Every description of banking business transacted.
Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.
Shen Chu Hsu, Manager.
Shu Chin Mih, Sub-Manager.
Y. S. Tung, Sub-Manager.

THE SHANGHAI INDUSTRIAL BANKING CORPORATION

上海商工銀行

Authorized Capital	$1,000,000.00
Capital paid up	$ 750,000.00

Head Office and Branch I:
17 & 18 Kiukiang Road.
General banking business transacted and agencies, correspondents in principal commerical centres in China.
General Manager: ROBERT LEE, 李瑞九
Manager: K. N. SUNG, 沈幸年
Sub-Manager: S. Y. FONG, 馮叔鴻
Opening date: 3rd Nov.
Tel. No. C. 6414 & C. 6415.
Telegr. Address: { Banksibco / Chinese "4999"

Passengers Departed

Per C. N. s.s. Hsin Peking for Ningpo: Misses Graham, M. Proctor, Messrs. Hotchkiss, A. E. Fitzsimmons, Mrs. A. H. Gabb, Miss E. Wilbur.

Per C. N. s.s. Luenyi for Hankow: Messrs. C. N. Gray, Eastman, Rev. A. Gordon Simon, Mr. and Mrs. Henderson Smith and five children.

Per C. N. s.s. Sunning for Hongkong: Capt. and Mrs. A. Sommerville, Mr. and Mrs. Denham, Capt. Olsen, Mr. T. B. Mudie.

Per P. and O. s.s. Dongola for London: Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Collins, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Aiers, Miss E. W. Aiers and infant, Mr. and Mrs. W. Crosbie, Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Connell, Mrs. J. O'Neil, Messrs. G. H. Enderby, F. C. Flack, C. Hepburn, J. Colquhoun, J. R. Youles, E. B. Smith, F. C. Benham, S. D Sickson, Fu Kuan Hsing Yang Chen Kang, P. Keane; for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Huisman and two children, Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Mick; for Hongkong:—Capt. W. Forrster, Miss C. Hawk, Messrs. J. W. Carle, H. L. Stainfield, J. E. Fry, A. E. Way, W. G. Kirwood, A. Mitchell, J. R. Burgett, Mr. and Mrs. H. Humphreys.

Per S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru for Dairen: Messrs. Bowey, Tyrtoff, Hopstock, E. Taylor, A. Christiansen, Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Lazaridy, Mrs. F. L. Knibb, Mrs. E. Laurekt, Mr. and Mrs. Chedanoff, and two children, Mr. and Mrs. Jacobson.

Per C.M. s.s. Kiangteen for Ningpo: Messrs. Schmitte, Christensen.

Per T.K.K. s.s. Taiyo Maru for Manila: Messrs. N. McMillan Jr., H. L. Rogers, A. Tipple, Tan Sen Shio, Miss C. Reynolds; for Hongkong: Mrs. C. P. Bartlett, Miss M. A. Daniels, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Daus, Mrs. E. A. Jackson, Miss F. Proyor, Mrs. W. M. Weller, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Worley, Miss Worley, Messrs. H. Bickerton, H. B. Campbell, E. H. Daniels, W. E. Daniels, W. E. Jewell.

Paris Meet Debates Readjustment Plan

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, Dec. 30.—M. Loucheur presided at the opening of the Conference at the Quai d'Orsay on the question of the most effective form of International Co-operation for the industrial reconstruction of Europe, and especially of Central and Eastern Europe.

Britain, France, Italy and Belgium were represented at the Conference which is a preliminary to the meeting at Cannes.

Financial And Commercial News

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST
Yesterday's Close

Stock Banks	Closing Quotations
H. K. and S. B...	$735 B.
(New).....	$725 B.
Chartered	£14¼
Russo-Asiatic ..	Rs. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	H. 440
North China ...	Tls. 144
Union of Canton.	H. 230 B.
Yangtsze	$25 S.
Far Eastern Ins...	Tls. 22½
Fire Insurance	
China Fire	H.$125 B.
Hongkong Fire —	H.$365 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def...	H.$260
Indo-China Pref.	H.$36 B.
"Shell"	92/- S.
Shanghai Tug ord.	Tls. 36½
S'hai Tug Pref. —	Tls. 36 B.
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 18¾
Oriental Cons. —	18/- S.
Raub	H. $1 B.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock .	H.$170 Sa.
Shanghai Dock ..	Tls. 110 S.
New Eng. Works .	Tls. 8½
„ Pref. .—	Tls. 4½ B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf..	Tls. 150 B.
Hongkong Wharf.	H.$90 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 82 B.
Shanghai Land ..	Tls. 78½ B.
Weihaiwei Land .	Tls. 8
S'hai Hotel, Ltd—	Tls. 67½ B.
China Realty ord.	Tls. 80
China Realty Pref.	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo (ord.)	Tls. 19¼
E-wo (pref.) .—	Tls. 96
Laou-kung-mow .	Tls. 32
Oriental	Tls. 14
Shanghai Cotton .	Tls. 145
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	H.$175 S.
Green Island	H.$25 S.
Langkats	Tls. 9 B.
Major Bros.	Tls. 5
S'hai Sumatra ..	Tls. 80
Stores	
Hall and Holts ..	$8
Llewelyn.....	$30
Lane, Crawford ..	$96 B.
Moutrie	$40
Watson	H.$9¼ B.
Weeks	$12½ B.
Rubbers (Local)	
Lima	Tls. 3½ B.
Amherst	Tls. 0.10 B.
Anglo-Java	Tls. 4.60 B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 1¼ B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 9½ B.
Batu Anam 1918.	Tls. 0.35
Bute	Tls. 0.40
Bukit Toh Alang.	Tls. 1
Chemor United ...	Tls. 0.45
Chempedak	Tls. 1.90 B.
Cheng	Tls. 1
Consolidated	Tls. 1.45
Dominion	Tls. 0.80 B.
Gula Kalumpong.	Tls. 4 B.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 6 B.
Kapeh	Tls. 6
Kapayang	Tls. 0.20
Karan	Tls. 3 B.
Kedah	Tls. 1
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 0.85
Kroewoek Java ..	Tls. 6 B.
Padang	Tls. 3
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 1
Permata	Tls. 1
Repah	Tls. 25 cts.
Samagaga	Tls. 0.40
Seekee	Tls. 50 cts.
Semambu	Tls. 0.80 S.
Senawang	Tls. 0.65 B.
S'hai Klebang ..	Tls. 0.35
Shanghai Malay .	Tls. 1
S'hai Malay pref..	Tls. 5
Shanghai Pahang .	Tls. 50 cts.
Sungala	Tls. 25 cts.
Sungei Duri	Tls. 6
Sua Manggis	Tls. 1
S'hai Seremban .	Tls. 0.40
Taiping	Tls. 0. 15.
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.40
Tebong	Tls. 0.90
Ulangbo	Tls. 2¼
Miscellaneous	
C. I. & E. Lumber	Tls. 825
Culty Dairy	Tls. 18xd S.
Shanghai Trams .	Tls. 80 B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 25 B.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 40
S'hai Mercury ...	Tls. 20 B.
S'hai Telephone .	Tls. 01
S'hai Waterworks.	Tls. 132½ B.

S. Sellers. Sa. Sales. B. Buyers

Benjamin and Potts, 3 Jinkee Rd.

Telephone No. Central 392.

Silk Report

Messrs. William Little and Company write as follows in their silk report of yesterday.

Our last report was dated December 23.

White Silk.—The few transactions reported have reduced supplies immediately available to a minimum.

Tsatlee Filatures.—King Kee Mars 1, Tls. 1,085.

Tsatlee New Style.—Gold and Silver Peacock Ex. 1, 2, Tls. 1,195 av. Gold and Silver Locomotive Ex. 1, 2, Tls. 1,195 av. Ostrich Ex. 1, Tls. 1,155 av.

Steam Filatures.—There has been some enquiry at slightly higher rates.

Tussah Filatures 8 coc have established a fresh record. Best grades coming at Tls. 800 av.

The Japan market is reported dull with Shinshui No. 1 quoted at Yen 2,020 nominal.

Money Exchange

Shanghai, December 31, 1921

Market	72.65
Native Interest	33
Mexican Dollars	
Shanghai Gold Bars 978	
Touch	324
Copper Cash	212.500
Bar Silver	34.¾
„ **London rate**	
Bank rate of Discount ...5%	
Paris on London	52.50
New York on London ...	420

Banks Opening Selling Rates.

London	
Telegraphic Transfer per Tael	3/5
Demand	3/5⅛
New York	
Telegraphic Transfer	72
Demand	72¼
Paris	
Demand	898
India	
Demand	256¾
Hongkong	
Demand	73½
Yokohama	
Demand	67
Batavia	
Demand	199
Singapore	
Demand	68

Banks Opening Buying Rates.

London	**Nominal**
Demand	3/6⅝
4 m-s. Credits	3/8
4 m-s. Docs.	3/8⅛
6 m-s. Credits	3/9¼
6 m-s. Docs.	3/9⅜
New York	**Nominal**
Demand	75
4 m-s. Credits	79
4 m-s. Docs.	79¾
Paris	
4 m-s.	995

Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate 75=Tls. 137.34
@ exch. 72.9=Mex. $182.91

Sovereign: Bank buying rate
@ 3s. 6⅝d.=Tls. 5.61
@ exch. 72.9=Mex. $7.69

Tourists' Exchange
@ Bank's Demand Buying Rates (*Hongkong and Shanghai Bank*)
£10 @ exch. 3/6⅝=Tls. 56.14
G.$50 @ exch. 75=Tls. 66.67
Fr. 250 @ exch. 945=Tls. 26.46

1 Shanghai Tael=Mex. $1.38 at Bank's selling rate for Mexican Dollars.

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR DECEMBER

Hk. Tls.	4.66	@ 3/10¼....	£1
„	1.17	@ 67¾ Gold	$1
„	1	@ 1103 Frs.	12.29
„	1	@ 62¾ Yen	1.78
„	1	@ 288 Rps.	3.21
„	1	@ — Mark	—
„	1	@ — Roubles	—
„	1	@ 18 It. Lire	20.05
„	1	@ 1.50 Mex.	$1.50

International Banking Corporation
CLOSING COUNTER RATES

Demand selling on America	73½
Demand buying on America	75½
Demand selling on London	3/6
Demand buying on London	3/7½

GOLD BAR QUOTATIONS
(*Far Eastern Bank*)

Time	Quotations	Bars
Opening		
9:00	322.80	
9:35	324.30	1190
10:10	323.80	1080
10:55	325.00	550
11:35	325.00	770
12:05	324.60	770
Closing		
12:07	324.70	

LIRE EXCHANGE
Bank's Selling Rates
It. Lire 16.50=1 Tael
Swiss Frs. 3.675=1 Tael
Marks 120.=1 Tael

Equivalent Foreign Quotations
It. Lire 96.50=1 Pound Sterling
It. Lire 22.90=1 U. S. Dollar
It. Lire 135.25=100 Fr. Francs

ROUBLES EXCHANGE
Banks' Buying Rate
Roubles 265,000 .....Tls. 100
Roubles 100 .....Mex. $0.05

PARIS-LONDON RATE
(*French Wireless through Reuter*)
Paris, Dec. 30.—The Paris-London cross-rate was quoted today at £1=Francs 52.40.

Share Market

Messrs. J. P. Bisset and Company write as follows in their share report for week ending Friday:

Busines has been dull on the local share market since resumption of business last Wednesday following the Christmas holidays though quotations show a slight change for the better due to an improved demand at the opening, mainly for Shanghai Cottons and Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf.

LET US DO YOUR PAINTING
THE FEARON DANIEL COMPANY

Exchange Fluctuations

Asia Banking Corporation

December 31, 1921

Spot and forward bar silver were each down 3-8d. in London yesterday.

The New York price declined to 64⅝, and the London-New York cross rate improved to 421½.

The official Sterling rate here today was dropped to 3-5, the Gold Dollar rate to 72, the Franc rate to 895, the Rupee rate to 256¼, and the Yen rate raised to 67.

The market opened steady, but eased off considerably during the day, particularly for near delivery.

At the opening, there were sellers of Sterling at 3-6¼ for cash, 3-5⅞ for January, and 3-5½ for February. There were Gold Dollar sellers at the same time at 74¾ for cash, 74 for January, and 73 for February.

None of the banks, however, seemed to be in need of cash today and, in fact, were good buyers for spot rather than for forward delivery.

At the close of the market, there were buyers for December at 3-6 in Sterling, and at 74¼ in Gold Dollars.

Sellers at the close were offering 3-5⅝ for January and 3-5¼ for February.

In Gold Dollars there were sellers at 73½ for January, and 72¾ for February.

London and New York report their silver markets as being easy.

Silk Shipments

Messrs. Messageries Maritimes announce the following list of silk shipped to the undermentioned ports per steamer Angkor on December 30.

St. Chamond, 38 bales raw silk.

Marseilles, 175 bales raw, 10 bales wild and 453 bales waste silk.

Marseilles option, 60 bales raw silk.

Lyons, 467 bales raw silk.

Silk shipped from Shanghai on November 26 by the Canadian Pacific liner Empress of Japan, arrived in New York on December 22.

The Small Investors' Co.

8A Peking Road
Shanghai, December 31, 1921
Business Reported
Shanghai Waterworks 8% 1921
Debs. Tls. 101.00

Passengers Arrived

Per C. M. s.s. Hsinchi from Foochow: Misses Simpson, Wang, Mr. Lou.

Per C.N. s.s. Ugankin from Hankow: Miss Lessack.

Per I-C. s.s. Hankow and ports: Mrs. Hall, Mrs. and Mrs. Watson and four children, Messrs. A. Slor J. Watson, J. B. Katz.

Per T.K.K. s.s. Taiyo Maru from San Francisco: Mrs. A. and Miss E. B. Bickel, Messrs. S. Baronian, R. R. R. Boxburgh, W. E. Comerford, Mrs. F. S. and Mstr. C. J. Doughty, Judge and Mrs. C. S. Franklin and child, Mrs. R. B. Fogg, Mrs. M. Fukuda, Mrs. K. Fukuda and two sons, Mr. and Mrs. Fuhrmann, Messsrs. G. V. Fuller, A. D. Galloway, F. E. Hamel, E. C. Holbrook, Miss E. B. Heindenritch, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. O. Hayes, Mr. K. Ishii, Mrs. S. B. Jamieson, Misses J. Kelly, A. Kavanaugh, Mr. S. Kusakari, Mr. and Mrs. H. Kokawa, Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Maxwell, Misses L. C. May, M. Miller, N. Oastes, Mr. P. H. McKay, Mr. and Mrs. T. Ono, Mr. W. Palmer, Mrs. T. Palmer, Miss R. Seleen, Mrs. M. R. Schmid, Misses E. L. and V. Schmid, L. Shields, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Shuttleworth, Mrs. C. Silvernail, Messrs. A. P. Stoner, R. Sudo, T. Suzuki, G. Tolson, Misses C. S. Vance, K. U. Williams, M. Wixted, S. Wada, H. Watanabe, Messrs. M. Wada, C. H. Ying, C. Yoda, Y. Yogo; through for Manila: Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Ball, Mr. A. S. Coffin, Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Connett, Miss S. C. Hawkins, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Jolbuena, Mstrs. J. J. and S. W. Jolbuena, J. A. Jolbuena, Mrs. M. L. and Miss T. Rothwell, Mr. and Mrs. S. G. and Miss D. E. Seiligman, Mr. C. L. Skinner, Mrs. E. H. and Mstr. S. Williams, Miss V. Weeks; for Hongkong: Mr. A. C. Adamson, Mrs. T. Adamsen, Miss O. Adamsen, Messrs. G. L. Andrews, A. P. Brown, Mrs. B. Elkins, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Harris, Mrs. L. S. Jones, Mrs. A. G. Miller, Mstr. W. E. Miller, Messrs. Geo. C. Niblo, James M. and Albert M. Niblo, J. O'Neill, Miss M. O'Neill, Rev. B. Paul, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Page Jr., Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Stener, Messrs. W. E. Smith, R. W. Stenzel, Mr. and Mrs. H. Teller, Miss E. Teller, Mrs. S. K. Walling, Miss K. Wellman, Mr. H. C. Webster.

The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

Registered in England and Hongkong.

A BRITISH COMPANY with a complete organisation throughout Asia, and Assets exceeding.

TAELS TEN MILLIONS

HEAD OFFICE
10 Canton Road, Shanghai

Well-known Reader Speaks Here Friday

Mr. Fred B. Smith, one of the best known lay readers in America, will visit Shanghai next week. Mr. Smith is vice-president of the Johns-Manville Co., of New York, and is making a tour of the world in the interests of international friendship, giving addresses in various countries as one of a number of such representatives to be sent on world tours.

Mr. Smith visited Shanghai some years ago, and many of our readers will remember his addresses with great interest and will be glad to hear him again. He will be the guest at a joint meeting of the Pan-Pacific Association and the American Association of China at the Carlton Cafe next Friday at 12.15 p.m. He will also address gatherings at the Union Church on Thursday and Friday afternoons at 5:30, and at the Community Church on the following Sunday at 5 p.m. His engagements with Chinese audiences include addresses at several colleges, an address at St. Peter's Church on Sunday, the 8th and another at the Y. M. C. A. on next Sunday night.

HALT PORTUGAL REVOLT
(*Reuter's Service*).

Lisbon, Dec. 30.—The new Premier, Senhor Cunhaleal promptly checked a revolutionary movement on the night of December 28 by concentrating troops in the city and arresting the ring-leaders. The city is again normal.

Whiteaway Laidlaw Open New Store In Kuala Lumpur

Another link in the chain of fine stores owned and controlled by Messrs. Whiteaway Laidlaw & Co., Ltd., in the Straits and F. M. S. was opened to the public recently at Kuala Lumpur, states the Straits Times.

This handsome block, erected by Messrs. Swanson and Sehested, occupies a commanding position at the junction of Java and Malay Streets. It has a frontage of 245 feet and consists of four floors, each measuring 8,000 square feet. There are two electric lifts, and the interior fittings, including the display windows, are in keeping with the main architectural features of the building, being of handsome construction and first class quality. Messrs. Whiteaway Laidlaw & Co., Ltd., are now erecting a large new store at Soerabaya.

Chen Chan Tai Fur Co.

All kinds of new skins and furs have now arrived from their noted places of production as follows: seal, sable, ermine, otter, beaver, musquash, tiger, leopard, wolf, mink, raccoon, cat, fitch, skunk, and natural black, white, red, yellow, and cross fox skins, etc., all of superiative quality and suitable for gentlemen's and ladies' garments, collars, cuffs, scarfs, muffs, capes, etc. Various fox-skin, wild-cat skin, leopard-skin, and wolf-skin rugs in large sizes suitable for motor-cars and carriages. All descriptions of stock are of superior quality and sold at moderate prices.

No. C 133 Honan Road,
Shanghai.
Telephone No. Cent. 2933. 43204

CHIANTI

JUST LANDED A CONSIGNMENT of DELICIOUS
CHIANTI RED and **WHITE WINE**
bottled by
MELINI and Buition
Cases of 12 quarts $10.00
Cases of 24 Pints 12.00

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U. S. CONSUL SENDS REPORT ON UPPER YANGTSE TROUBLE

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, Dec. 29.—A communication from the American vice-consul at Chungking to his legation here gives an interesting account of discussions which have been in progress for some time between the consular body in Chungking, the commissioner of customs and the steamship companies concerned regarding the loss of life and property due to the sinking of junks during the passage of larger craft through the upper reaches of the Yangtsze.

It is understood that the frequency of these accidents was largely responsible for the boycott of the foreign vessels at Chungking some time ago, and the communication in question points out that as six or seven new steamers are to be introduced into the Upper Yangtsze service for the coming season the problem is likely to become still more serious.

It recalls that owing to the number of junks sunk in this manner the junk-masters and salt merchants petitioned the commissioner of customs at Chungking last summer asking that new rules should be drafted with a view to minimising such catastrophes. At a meeting on August 18, the commissioner of customs submitted several proposed amendments to the Upper Yangtsze navigation regulations which the consular representatives present were asked to lay before the steamship companies.

The American vice-consul points out in his letter that the over-loading of junks and excessive speed on the part of the steamers are the two factors chiefly responsible. The force of the proposed new regulations is that the Chinese Government should undertake that provision be made as soon as possible that all junks on the Upper Yangtsze should have two feet of freeboard, while, on the other hand the steamers should adhere to time and speed limits to be established from time to time by the consular body and commissioner of customs.

'Ninety Fathom Dan' Makes Last Voyage

(Special To The China Press)

San Francisco, Dec. 29.—Captain Daniel Edwin Friele, retired, who by seniority was commodore of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's fleet, died here today.

Captain Friele celebrated his eightieth birthday on July 17th last. He had been forty-six years in the service of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company up till the time that he retired in 1914, and later, during the war, returned to active service. In his earlier days he had been a master of side-wheelers and had inaugurated the service between the Pacific Coast and the Far East.

Among mariners who ply the Pacific and landsmen of the Pacific Coast and Far East, Captain Friele was widely known as "Ninety Fathom Dan." Word of his death occasioned general sorrow in Pacific Coast shipping circles.

Free Socialists, Debs' Appeal Now

(Special To The China Press)

Terre Haute, Ind., Dec. 29—Eugene V. Debs, socialist, who was released from the federal penitentiary at Atlanta on Christmas Eve on a pardon granted by President Harding, arrived at his home here today. He was greeted by a great crowd at the railroad station, and a large parade was held to welcome him.

In addressing members of the welcoming party, Debs pledged himself not to rest until the other Socialists convicted under war-time legislation were released.

Russian Princes As Farm Hands

Quite a difference. Two Russian Princes are working at Hurst Farm, Headley, Surrey, England, along with thirty other refugees from Soviet Russia. The photograph shows Prince Nicholas Golitzin (right) and Prince Serge Oblinsky having a breather during their morning work.

American Woman's Club Starts New Year Tuesday

The American Woman's Club starts the New Year right with a full program beginning with its regular meeting on Tuesday, January 3, at four o'clock at the Carlton Cafe. The attention of the members of the Executive Committee is called to the meeting at three o'clock, preceding the general meeting. Tea will be served at four o'clock, the hostesses being Mrs. F. B. Hudson and Mrs. H. G. Pape. At 4:30 the usual business meeting will be held after which the meeting will be in charge of the Social Service Department of the Club, whose chairman, Mrs. J. W. Nichols, has arranged a Red Cross afternoon.

The Shanghai Chapter of the American Red Cross is not now functioning and there are no funds for local civilian relief so the Central Committee of the Red Cross is asking for contributions which shall then be administered by the Social Service Department of the American Woman's Club. The Club has been asked to conduct a canvass of the Americans in Shanghai both for membership in the A. R. C. and for contributions for relief work to be expended entirely in Shanghai. Mrs. Edwin S. Cunningham will head this campaign and asks for volunteers to report to her at this meeting.

Dr. Mary E. Woolley, President of Mt. Holyoke College, will speak on the work of the Red Cross and Dr. W. W. Peter will tell of definite service which this organisation has rendered needy Americans in China.

A great responsibility and an equal privilege has been given the American Woman's Club in this request to conduct a campaign for enrollment and contributions. The cause makes a strong appeal to the sympathies of all American women and it is hoped that a large number of enthusiastic volunteers will enlist for service in this canvass.

MOTHER'S SECTION MEETS

On Wednesday morning at ten o'clock at the Carlton Cafe the Mother's Department of the Club will meet to hear a particularly interesting paper on "Discipline" written by Mrs. Henry S. Houghton of Peking and read by Mrs. Fred R. Sites. Mrs. Houghton, who is the wife of the Director of Peking Union Medical College, originally prepared this paper for the Peking Woman's Club where it created so much interest that it has since been presented before women's clubs all over China and is given here in response to many requests. The author presents the advantages of a strict disciplinary system and while all who know her children admit that her theory has worked out well in practice, there are many adherents of other methods so that the discussion after the paper should be spirited.

The chairman of department, Mrs. Van Buskirk, wishes to emphasise the fact that a cordial invitation is extended to all who are interested in the subject to attend the meeting whether enrolled in this department or not. This includes not only club members but all women of any nationality who would find the program of value.

LITERARY DEPARTMENT

The Literary Department will meet on Friday at 4:30 p.m. in the rooms of the Royal Asiatic Society. As a vote will be taken as to whether the time of future meetings shall be changed to 5:00 or remain as now 4:30 the chairman, Mrs. H. A. Wilbur, asks for a representative attendance. Professor C. H. Robertson will speak on "Confucius, the Uncrowned King." This is one of the "key" lectures of the course outlined for the year and members are reminded that they may invite friends, both men and women, to hear this adequate presentation of a great leader. Professor Robertson has always been interested in the work of this department and his assistance and advice have proved so valuable that it is a special pleasure to be able to announce him as the speaker for Friday.

TO SELL COOK BOOKS

The Social Service Department has received a gift of one hundred copies of "The Anglo-Chinese Cook Book," the proceeds from which will go to swell its funds for general welfare work. The book is published in two volumes, one in English for the housekeeper, the other in Chinese, for her cook. Each recipe in the Chinese volume is numbered in both English and Chinese to correspond with the English version and has an English title as well so there is no opportunity for misunderstanding. Books may be obtained from Mrs. Percy L. Bryant at any general meeting of the Club or those wishing to secure copies may communicate with her at 40 Avenue Dubail.

British Have Gone Limit In Erin Terms

(Special To The China Press)

London, Dec. 29.—Premier Lloyd George today made the statement that the British government had gone to its utmost limit in agreeing to the Irish treaty and that it would be impossible to re-open negotiations.

The premier stated that the delay in ratification was holding up the cabinet committee appointed to arrange the exclusion of British forces from Ireland. The British government's terms of amnesty transferred executive responsibility to the Irish provisional government.

Reichsbank Note Circulation Gains

(Reuter's Service)

London, Decfi 29.—The reichbank note circulation has increased to 108,996,000,000 marks. The week's increase amounts to 4,428,000,000 marks.

Starving Russians Become Cannibals

(Special To The China Press)

Riga, Dec. 29.—The first official report of cannibalism in the famine districts of Russia was made to the All-Russian Soviet Congress here today. The people were eating the dead, it declared.

Maddened mothers are cutting the throats of their babies, according to the report. The Soviets are able to feed only one-twentieth of the starving children.

Transvaal Coalminers Planning Finish Fight

(Reuter's Service)

Capetown, Dec 30.—The latest developments of the situation in the Transvaal mining industries indicate that a strike of the colliers on January 1 is almost inevitable. The main cause of the dispute is the endeavor of the mining companies to reorganise labor by the greater utilisation of native colored workers, especially in semi-skilled occupations, in order to reduce working costs. The trade unions are strongly opposed to this step and there is every sign that it will be a fight to a finish.

GETS POST AT TOKIO

(Reuter's Service)

London, Dec. 30.—Mr. Harold Palmer, lecturer on spoken English, at University College, London, has been appointed linguistic adviser to the Japanese Department of Education and will proceed to Tokio at the end of January.

The American Red Cross

A moving picture story of Red Cross Operations in Shantung and Shansi during the recent famine

9.15 p m. Y.M.C.A. Hall 120 Szechuen Road

Monday, January 2nd, 1922

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On Thursday January 5th, and Friday, Saturday and Sunday

DEAD to all sense of humanity or kindness Joaquin Santos deliberately planned to murder scores of MEN and women and little children to hide dread secrets which they might TELL if left alive when the treasure ship was burned and blown to bits far out at sea with NO help near so the theft of gold might be concealed.

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Is A Film Masterpiece! A Mammoth Spectacle! It has made a big sensation everywhere. Millions have read the book and have been held spellbound

ARE YOU GOING TO SEE IT? DECIDE NOW. LET NOTHING KEEP YOU AWAY FROM SEEING "DEAD MEN TELL NO TALES"!

Prices: Box seat $1.00, Dress Circle 60 cents, Stall 40 cents.

MATINEE TO-DAY at 3 p.m. ART ACORD in "THE WHITE HORSEMAN" Episodes 7th, 8th and 9th Usual Matinee Prices

SPECIAL MATINEE on MONDAY January 2nd at 3 p m. LOUISE GLAUM in "I AM GUILTY!" Usual Matinee Prices

TONIGHT THE LAST NIGHT TONIGHT

MARY PICKFORD in her biggest character role

"THE HOODLUM"

The romance of a spoiled heiress who dropped through a coal chute to the joy of living

JUST IMAGINE! ONE STREET SETTING COST $20,000 gold

Prices: Box seat $1.50, Dress Circle $1.00 Stall 60 cts.

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TONIGHT! TONIGHT! TONIGHT!

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"I hold you just as if you had shot the man yourself. Your extravagance drove your husband to thievery and finally to murder itself. What have you to say for yourself?" The judge leaned over the bench and fairly boiled with anger as he denounced her.

Was the judge right or wrong? Get the evidence! Come to see "Extravagance" today. Then - you be the judge.

Matinee Today, January 1st Showing "EXTRAVAGANCE" and Two New Episodes of THE HAWK'S TRAIL

Special Matinee on Monday, January 2nd

DOROTHY DALTON "Extravagance"

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On Monday January 2nd, 3rd and 4th

Mystery! Thrills! Suspense!

ART ACORD

The Cowboy Champion

in

"The White Horseman"

An exciting story of the West packed full of thrilling situations and daring feats.

Trapped in an abandoned opal mine and ignorant of the great wealth surrounding him, what does Acord do?

SEE Episodes 10th, 11th and 12th

Millions Face Starvation In Hwai River Flood Area

(China Press Correspondence)

Hwai Yuen, Anhwei, Dec. 29.—With the settling down of the cold weather have come the first distressing signs of the dreaded famine in the Hwai River flood area. Until now the weather has been clear and warm. Fish and a few garden vegetables, along with what little was left over after the flood have kept the poor people alive. But whatever has been the source of sustenance up to date it is very evidently rapidly becoming exhausted. Many people have left their homes to travel near or far. Pengpu has one refugee camp of at least a thousand families. Many others are staying by their homes and are suffering more unnoticed there. Mothers with small babies come to the hospital daily, both sick because of the starvation of one. Older children are being sold, after clothes and other material property have bought a little food. These cases of extreme want are still fairly well scattered. The general population is not in such a condition. But the winter still lies ahead, and harvest is five months away, and these first few cases are forerunners with a message that is unmistakeable. As one experienced observer has put it: "The famine is beginning to tighten its grip."

But the thing that puts cheer into the situation is the fact that relief is on the ground. Following the recent meeting in Shanghai of all the famine relief societies an Anhwei Committee consisting of the Civil and Military Governors and Bishop Huntington of the American Church Mission in Anking took active steps for the immediate establishment of work in the Pengpu area. This resulted in the formation of a central committee in Pengpu which will work in conjunction with a resident foreign director, accountant, and engineer. In addition to this there will be a committee in each of the eighteen hsiens applying for relief, these smaller committees to administer the work in their particular fields.

COMMITTEE IS FORMED

On the Pengpu Committee the six Chinese gentlemen are Mr. Chang, representative of the Civil Governor; Mr. Ma, Chief of Pengpu Police; Li Taoyuin; Messrs. Mack and Wong of Pengpu, and Mr. Sz, of Anking, President of the Anhwei Educational Society. The foreigners are: Mr. T. F. Carter, of Nanhsuchou, director and foreign treasurer; Dr. E. I. Osgood, of Chuchow; Mr. H. O. Plummer, of the Standard Oil Company, Pengpu; Mr. Brown, of the Asiatic Petroleum Company, Pengpu; Messrs D. S. S. Morris and M. Chaplin Hwai Yuen. Mr. Travers-Smith of Shanghai will be in charge of the Accountant's Office. Mr. S Hancock, of Shanghai, will have the Construction work.

The International Famine Relief Commission, of Shanghai has already assigned $100,000 to the Pengpu Committee, and $50,000 additional has been secured from other sources. Of this amount $60,000 has been designated for the eighteen hsien committees, to be divided equally, and probaby to be used in most instances in direct relief.

TO BUILD ROAD

$50,000 has been set aside for the building of a road from Pengpu to Hwai Yuen. This is to be the first relief construction work to be undertaken. It will be about twenty-five li in length and will run along the southern border of one of the most severely devastated districts of the flood area. This road has already been surveyed, thanks to the generous help of Mr. M. T. Yu and other members of the Hwai River Conservancy Bureau, of Pengpu, who are co-operating with Mr. Hancock, and by the giving of their time and the use of surveying apparatus are making rapid and efficient engineering work immediately possible. Organisation is being rapidly effected for handling labor and it is expected that early next week the famine sufferers of the Pengpu-Hwai Yuen district will be earning relief by labor on this road.

With this piece of work already well in hand Mr. Hancock plans to begin in a few days an inspection of the Hwai both above and below Pengpu, with a view to determine what other relief construction work can best be undertaken. Further work cannot be undertaken until more funds are in hand, but it is the purpose of the Pengpu Committee to be ready to use whatever may be given it without delay.

MILLIONS FACING DEATH

More than two months ago the Northern Anhwei Flood Relief Committee was formed by the foreigners who now are the foreign half of the Pengpu Committee. At that time, after careful investigation, the Committee estimated the population directly affected by the flood at eight million. Of this number it was thought that about twenty per-cent would require outside assistance if they were to live till the next harvest. Developments in the meantime have not altered the Committee's judgment. In this flood area there are now about one and a half millions of people who must expect starvation during the coming winter and spring if they are not helped. That seems to be a sober fact.

An organisation for administering relief has been effected and is at work. The funds now in hand are but a small fraction of the amount needed. The International Famine Relief Commission of Shanghai has offered a second $100,000 on condition that the Pengpu Committee secure an equal sum. It is expected that the Chinese and foreigners directly interested in the affected district will make this $200,000 immediately available but even that will make a total under half of the minimum $1,000,000 estimated required for relief in any way approaching the adequate. An efficient machine has been assembled and is in operation. Sufficient money in its hands will spare the world one more great massive human tragedy.

Japanese Ordered To Stay Neutral

(China Press Correspondence)

Peking, Dec. 30.—The Japanese legation has been informed that Habarovsk has been taken by the White Guards. They state that the Japanese forces have been instructed to observe strict neutrality because of the White success. It is explained that the peasants aided in the capture of Habarovsk.

STAYS AT HARBIN

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, Dec. 2.—Owing to the recent hostilities in the neighborhood of Habarovsk Mr. Kuai Hung-chi, newly appointed Consul at Habarovsk, is remaining at Harbin.

11 Egyptians Slain In Riots At Cairo

(Special To The China Press)

London, Dec. 29.—Eleven Egyptians were killed and fourteen wounded in the recent Nationalist disturbances at Cairo, according to reports received here today. Attempts to burn several buildings were frustrated. The disturbances are continuing.

OLYMPIC THEATRE

TONIGHT! TONIGHT! TONIGHT!

CHARLES RAY

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A Broadway rounder redeems himself in this tempestuous picture of sunshine and love

Matinee Today, January 1st, at 3.15 Showing CHARLES RAY in "PLAYING THE GAME"

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DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS'

Powerful picture

"THE MARK OF ZORRO"

8 Parts 8 Parts

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To-day at 3 p.m.
A serial
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7 parts comedy-drama

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DOLORES CASSINELLI
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A seven-part gripping drama

FOR THE HAPPY NEW YEAR we have some more presents for you, to be given during these matinees.

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APOLLO THEATRE

MONDAY and TUESDAY, January 2nd. and 3rd.

FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY.

Special Realart Picture!

WOMAN'S OLDEST TRICK IN THE LOVE GAME!

One of the things that every flirt knows "Make a man jealous and he becomes your doormat. Make him uncertain of you and be quiet certain of him. Make him fear that he may lose you. Flout him, trick him, tease him, treat him and he will be humble and grateful for the last kind word."

The manner of NURSE MARJORIE'S retaliation and her unique way of testing Danbury's affection offer wide scope for the acting versatility of

Beautiful CAPTIVATING TANTALIZING little

MARY Miles Minter

IN A DELICIOUS COMEDY OF TENDER LOVE INTEREST ENTITLED

"NURSE MARJORIE"

From the play by

6 PARTS 6 PARTS

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"NURSE MARJORIE"

IS A GOOD, CLEAN, HIGH-GRADE COMEDY, WITH JUST ENOUGH DRAMA TO GIVE YOU A CHANCE TO BREATHE.

Here's a sure cure for the blues! See it

Who steals my purse steals trash—
But he that filches from me my good name
Robs me of that which not enriches him
And leaves me poor indeed—

Shakespeare.

AT THE APOLLO THEATRE COMMENCING Wednesday next

The Reputation of a woman, if it be good, is her most cherished possession —It is worth more to her than all the material riches of the universe. Its possession gives her a place in the world that no amount of money can buy. It means HOME, and Children, RESPECT and LOVE and— HAPPINESS.

"REPUTATION"

Can you afford to lose it?

Can you live without it?

No woman can afford to be without it.—

"REPUTATION"

8 parts is a production that will forever stand high on the pinnacle of the silent drama—a sumptuously staged motion picture that carries you from a small country town to the dazzling heart of fashionable London, then down to the famous Limehouse slums, then to New York. Dramatised without regard for expense in order to give you an entertainment the memory of which will remain with you all the days of your life. 8 parts

To the Patrons of the Apollo Theatre—

Allow us to be frank with you and tell you what We think of "Reputation."

It is a master-piece and one of the best productions we have played at this theatre.

Miss Dean's acting is exceptional, in fact is so good that at times you forget that she is playing a dual role.

Personally we can say that "Reputation" is *some picture* and one of the best this Star has ever made.

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Apollo Theatre Management.

Gone! FAME. FORTUNE AND REPUTATION

Featuring PRISCILLA DEAN

UNIVERSAL JEWEL DE LUXE

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

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For River Ports

PUKOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Chinkiang, Captain ——— will leave on Sunday, January 1, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. Kiangfoo, Capt. Johannesen, will leave on Sunday, January 1, at midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. Kutwo, 2,664 Tons, Captain Christie, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Monday, January 2, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Tel. C. 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Ngankin, Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on Monday, January 2, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. Kiangwah, Capt. McArthur, will leave on Monday, January 2, at midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. Kianghsin, Captain Philips, will leave on Tuesday, January 3, at midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. Tuckwo, 3,770 Tons, Capt. Polkinghorn, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Tuesday, January 3, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone: Central 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Shengking, Capt. G. P. McAdam, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, January 3, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Whangpu, Captain Pickard, will leave on Wednesday, January 4, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to all Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. Woosang, 1,783 Tons, Captain McClelland, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Old Ningpo Wharf on Thursday, January 5, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone: Central 241. Extension for Freight and Passenger Department.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Tatung, Captain K. E. Tuebben, will leave from the French Bund on Thursday, January 5, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s s.s. Loongwo, 3,925 Tons, Captain James, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Friday, January 6, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Tel. C. 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Chungking, Captain J. Legge will leave on Friday, January 6, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. Central No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Woosung, Captain C. C. Williams will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, January 7, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The steamer Meian, Captain Mender, will be despatched from Shanghai on Monday, January 9, at ——. For Freight, etc., please apply to L. V. Lang, No. 8 French Bund. (Tel. Nos. Cen. 4702 and 3059).

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. Luenho, 2,868 Tons, Captain Reid, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Monday, January 9, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone C. 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. Suiwo, 2,671 Tons, Captain Everett, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Tuesday, January 10, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone C. 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. Esang, 1,782 Tons, Captain Williams, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Old Ningpo Wharf on Wednesday, January 11, at about midnight. For Freight, or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Tel. C. 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

For Southern Ports

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Chenan, Captain P. R. Purslow, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Sunday, January 1, 1922, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

SWATOW & HONGKONG.—The Str. Hsinchang, Capt. Chewburgh, will leave on Sunday morning, January 1. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Shuntien, Capt. C. A. Christiansen leave from the French Bund Wharf on Sunday, January 1, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Hsin Peking, Captain J. Oudney, will leave from the French Bund on Monday, January 2, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Exchange to all Departments.

NINGPO.—The Steamer Hsin Kiangteen, Captain Sandle, will leave on Tuesday, January 3, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

SWATOW, HONGKONG AND CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Suiyang, Capt. W. Shane will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, January 4, at 2 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. French Bund Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to all Departments.

FOOCHOW.—The Str. Hsinchi, Captain Hansen, will leave on Wednesday morning, Jan. 4. For Freight or Passage, apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The Str. Kwangtah, Captain Steward, will leave on Wednesday morning, January 4. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Sinkiang, Captain C. W. Puckett, will leave from the French Bund on Thursday, January 5, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

SWATOW, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Soochow, Captain E. Monkman, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, January 7, at daylight For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Company's Steamer Chinkiang, Captain B. A. Thomson, will leave on Sunday, January 8, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD AND SWIRE, Agents. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to all Departments.

For Northern Ports

CHINWANGTAO direct, taking through cargo for transportation by railway to TIENTSIN....The Kailan Mining Administration will despatch the s.s. Henrik on January 1, 1922. For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent, 1 Jinkee Road. Tel. C. 317.

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Yingchow, Captain G. Byers, will leave from the Watung Wharf on Monday, January 2, at 1 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Tel. Central No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

CHEFOO & WEIHAIWEI.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Fengtien, Captain McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, January 3, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange, to All Departments.

CHEFOO & DAIREN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Chihli, Captain J. M. Clare, will leave on Wednesday, January 4, at 2 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Kansu, Captain D. Williams, will leave on Wednesday, Jan. 4, at 2 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD AND SWIRE, Agents. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to all Departments.

CHINWANGTAO direct, taking through cargo for transportation by railway to TIENTSIN.—The Kailan Mining Administration, will despatch the s.s. Kwangping, on January 4, 1922. For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent, 1 Jinkee Road, Tel. C. 1115.

VLADIVOSTOK via NAGASAKI.—The mail s.s. Yungshin, Captain Pooiga, will be despatched from Shanghai on Tuesday, January 17. The tender conveying mail and passengers will leave the French Mail Jetty on Tuesday, at 2:30 p.m For Freight or Passage, apply to L. V. Lang, No. 8 French Bund. (Tel. Nos. Central 4702 and 3059).

For Japan Ports

NAGASAKI DIRECT.—The Mail s.s. Yungshin, Capt. Pooiga, will be despatched from Shanghai on Tuesday, January 17, at —— The tender conveying Mail and Passengers will leave the French Mail Jetty on Tuesday at 2:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to L. V. Lang, No. 8 French Bund. (Tel. Nos. Central 4702 and 3059).

Shipping Items

YANGTSZE PORTS

The S.P. s.s. Changon left Hankow on Thursday and is due in Shanghai today at noon.

The C.M. s.s. Kianghsin left Hankow on Thursday and is due in Shanghai today at noon.

The I-C. s.s. Tuckwo left Hankow on Thursday and is due in Shanghai today at noon.

The C.N. s.s. Shengking left Hankow on Thursday and is due in Shanghai today at noon.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung left Hankow on Friday and is due in Shanghai tomorrow noon.

The C.N. s.s. Poyang left Hankow on Friday and is due in Shanghai tomorrow noon.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangshun left Hankow yesterday and is due in Shanghai on Tuesday.

The I-C. s.s. Wosang will leave Hankow today and is due in Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.N. s.s. Tatung will leave Hankow today and is due in Shanghai on Wednesday.

The S.P. s.s. Hwahlee will leave Hankow tomorrow and is due to arrive in Shanghai on Thursday.

The I-C. s.s. Loongwo will leave Hankow tomorrow and is due in Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Chungking will leave Hankow tomorrow and is due in Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu will leave Hankow on Tuesday and is due in Shanghai on Friday.

The C.N. s.s. Woosung will leave Hankow on Tuesday and is due in Shanghai on Friday.

SOUTHERN PORTS

The I-C. s.s. Choysang is due to arrive in Shanghai from Canton, Hongkong and Swatow tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Sinkiang left Hongkong on Thursday and is due in Shanghai tomorrow.

The I-C. s.s. Waishing is due to arrive in Shanghai from Canton, Hongkong and Swatow on Tuesday.

The I-C. s.s. Chipshing is due to arrive in Shanghai from Hongkong and Swatow on Wednesday morning.

The P. & O. s.s. Khosrou was expected to leave Singapore for Hongkong and Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Shantung will leave Hongkong today and is due in Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.N. s.s. Tean will leave Hongkong tomorrow and is due in Shanghai on Friday.

The C.N. s.s. Szechuen will leave Hongkong on Tuesday and is due in Shanghai on Saturday.

The C.M. s.s. Irene left Swatow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kwangchi left Wenchow yesterday and is due in Shanghai today.

NORTHERN PORTS

The I-C. s.s. Yusang is due to arrive in Shanghai from Tientsin and Chefoo this afternoon.

The C.M. s.s. Toonan left Dairen for Shanghai on Friday.

JAPAN PORTS

The N.Y.K. s.s. Omi Maru left Moji for Shanghai on Friday and is due to dock at the N.Y.K. Wharf today.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Chikugo Maru will leave Moji for Shanghai tomorrow and is due to dock at the N.Y.K. Wharf on Wednesday.

INDIAN PORTS

The P. & O. s.s. Dilwara, from Bombay on December 13, is expected to leave Hongkong today and is due to arrive in Shanghai on Wednesday, Jan. 4.

The B.I. s.s. Japan left Calcutta on Dec. 23 and is expected to arrive in Shanghai by way of Straits and Hongkong on Jan. 16.

EUROPEAN LINES

The P. & O. s.s. Nagoya, from London on Dec. 8, is expected to leave Colombo tomorrow and is due to arrive in Shanghai on Jan. 22.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Helenus was expected to leave Tsingtao for Shanghai on Friday and is scheduled to sail from this port for London and ports of call on Jan. 5.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Myrmidon, from Liverpool, is expected to leave Hongkong for Shanghai today.

The M.M. s.s. Cap Arcona, with the French mails of December 5, left Colombo on Saturday, Dec. 24 and is due to arrive at Saigon today and in Shanghai on Jan. 14.

The M.M. s.s. Porthos will sail from Shanghai for Marseilles and ports on Friday, Jan. 13 and the tender with passengers and hand baggage will leave the French Mail jetty at 9:30 o'clock Friday morning. Heavy baggage must be delivered to the Company's godown before Thursday noon. Jan. 12.

The S.E. s.s. Japan, outbound from Gothenburg for Shanghai, left Gothenburg on Dec. 15.

The S.E. s.s. Nippon, outbound from Gothenburg for Japan ports, left Stockholm on Oct. 27.

The S.E. s.s. Canton is due to leave Gothenburg for the East in the first half of January and will be followed by the steamers Ceylon, Formosa and Sumatra in early February, March and April respectively.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Cyclops, from Liverpool, left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday.

AMERICAN LINES

The Isthmian Steamship Line s.s. Craster Hall left New Orleans on Nov. 8 and is expected to arrive in Shanghai by way of Yokohama and Kobe on Jan. 10.

The Adl. Line s.s. Eastern Cloud left New York for Otaru by way of Panama on Wednesday, Dec. 28.

The Adl. Line s.s. City of Spokane left Seattle for Yokohama on Tuesday, Dec. 27.

The Adl. Line s.s. West Himrod left Yokohama for Honolulu on Tuesday, Dec. 27.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Suwa Maru is expected to arrive in Shanghai from Seattle and Japan ports on Tuesday and will dock at the Wayside Wharf. The liner sails for Hongkong at daylight Wednesday.

The Adl. Line s.s. Silver State is due to sail from Shanghai for Seattle next Wednesday and is expected to arrive at the destination by way of Japan ports on Jan. 20.

Launch Services

Friday, January 13, 1922

The tender Whangpoo conveying passengers and hand baggage on board the M.M. s.s. Porthos, for Marseilles will leave the French Mail Jetty at 9:30 a.m.

Wharfage and Landing Charges

Owing to the increased cost of working and maintenance the undermentioned Wharves find it necessary to raise the charges for WHARFAGE, LANDING and DELIVERY, and after careful consideration beg to announce that on and after January 1st, 1922, there will be an increase of 10 per cent. on the present R. S. & D. tariff, dated January 1st, 1920.

STORAGE RATES

Revised STORAGE TARIFFS have been drawn up and are in course of distribution, the new rates applying to all goods not on Landing Accounts or Godown Warrants on January 1st, 1922. Copies will be supplied to all Firms communicating with the various Wharves.

China Merchants' Lower, Central, Eastern and Yangkadu Wharves
The Robert Dollar Company
Holt's Wharf
Kailan Mining Administration
Kaiyosha Company
Nippon Yusen Kaisha
Osaka Shosen Kaisha
The Rioka Soko Kaisha, Ltd., Changkapang Wharf
Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co Ltd,

C. N. C.
CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

YANGTSZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.
FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

FOR CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG & HANKOW
S.S. "SHENGKING" .....sails January 3rd, midnight.
S.S. "WHANGPU" .....sails January 4th, midnight.
S.S. "TATUNG" .....sails January 5th, midnight.

Steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's sailings on the Middle Yangtsze and Hunan Lines.

FOR WEIHAIWEI AND CHEFOO
S.S. "FENGTIEN" .....sails January 3rd, at daylight.

FOR HONGKONG and CANTON via SWATOW and AMOY.
S.S. "SUIYANG" .....sails January 4th, at 2 p.m.
S.S. "SINKIANG" .....sails January 5th, at daylight.
S.S. "SOOCHOW" .....sails January 7th, at daylight.

Steamers connect at Hongkong with services to the Philippines, Indo-China and Australian Ports, also to Bangkok and Singapore.

FOR NINGPO.
S.S. "HSIN PEKING".....sails at 4:30 p.m. every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of Passengers.

For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "The Taikoo Shipping Gazette" or apply to

Telephone Central No. 4881 Private Branch Exchange to all Departments.
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents, French Bund.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
STEAMSHIPS — LIMITED

QUICKEST TIME TO CANADA UNITED STATES AND EUROPE

THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED — ALL RESERVATIONS ARRANGED, ITINERARIES PLANNED.

TO VANCOUVER VIA NAGASAKI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA

	Leave Shanghai	Leave Yokohama	Due Vancouver
Empress of Asia	Jan. 7	Jan. 14	Jan. 28
Monteagle	Jan. 21	Jan. 27	Feb. 10
Empress of Japan	Feb. 11	Feb. 17	Mar. 1
Empress of Russia	Feb. 25	Mar. 4	Mar. 18
Empress of Asia	Mar. 25	Apr. 1	Apr. 10

TO HONGKONG VIA MANILA	TO HONGKONG DIRECT
Emp. of Russia Jan. 22	Emp. of Japan Jan. 10
Emp. of Asia Feb. 19	Monteagle .... Mar. 14
Emp. of Russia Apr. 9	Emp. of Japan Mar. 28
Emp. of Asia May. 6	Monteagle May 19

Dominion Express Travellers Checks Sold.

Freight Department
Corner Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads,
Telephone, Central 181
Cable Address.
"NAUTILUS"

Passenger Department
Palace Hotel Building
19 The Bund.
Telephone Central 132
Cable Address.
"GACANPAC"

THE ADMIRAL LINE
PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE.
"The Short Route"
To SEATTLE
Via Kobe, Yokohama and Victoria

	Leave Shanghai	Arrive Seattle
S.S. "SILVER STATE"	Jan. 4	Jan. 20
S.S. "PINE TREE STATE"	Jan. 15	Jan. 31
S.S. "WENATCHEE"	Jan. 29	Feb. 14
S.S. "BAY STATE"	Feb. 12	Feb. 28

SUBSEQUENT SAILINGS EVERY FOURTEEN DAYS

To HONGKONG and MANILA

	Leave Shanghai
S.S. "WENATCHEE"	Jan. 12
S.S. "BAY STATE"	Jan. 26
S.S. "KEYSTONE STATE"	Feb. 2

SUBSEQUENT SAILINGS EVERY FOURTEEN DAYS.

All new twin screw steamers of 21,000 tons each with the most modern equipment and accommodations for the comfort and pleasure of passengers and efficient and expeditious handling of cargo. Through tickets and bills of lading issued to all points in America and Europe.

THE ADMIRAL LINE
CORNER NANKING AND KIANGSE ROADS
Tel. C.5971-5972-5973. Tel. Address "Admiraline"

ANYWHERE ON THE PACIFIC

Large Display Advertisements intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before **5 p.m. on Friday**

PACIFIC MAIL S.S.CO.
AMERICAN STEAMERS
TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE
PASSENGER and FREIGHT.

For San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu	For Hongkong via Manila
S.S. Hoosier State ..Jan. 25	S.S. Hoosier State Jan. 8
S.S. Golden State ..Feb. 22	S.S. Golden State ..Feb. 5
S.S. Empire State ..Mar. 19	S.S. Empire State ..Mar. 1

* San Francisco via Honolulu direct.

PANAMA SERVICE
PASSENGER and FREIGHT.
Regular bi-monthly sailings for Mexico, Central America, Panama and West Coast of South America.

SAN FRANCISCO-BALTIMORE SERVICE
Passenger and Freight.
Regular bi-monthly sailings for Baltimore calling at Central American Ports, Panama, Kingston, Jamaika and Havana, Cuba.

Through tickets and Bills of Lading issued to all points in United States, Mexico, Central America, South America and Cuba.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY
Managing Agents U. S. Shipping Board

1 B, Nanking Road
Palace Hotel Building,
Cable Address: SOLANO.
Telephones:
Agent C-5057
Passenger & Freight C-5056
Cashier C-5053

T. K. K.
TOYO KISEN KAISHA.
(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP CO.)

Imperial Japanese and U.S.M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai via Nagasaki, Dairen, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.
ALONG THE PATHWAY OF THE SUN.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI FOR SAN FRANCISCO

S.S. "TAIYO MARU" via Nagasaki	Jan. 19
S.S. "SIBERIA MARU" via Dairen	Feb. 8
S.S. "TENYO MARU" via Nagasaki	Feb. 14
S.S. "KOREA MARU" via Nagasaki	Feb. 27
S.S. "SHINYO MARU" via Nagasaki	Mar. 12

FOR HONGKONG

S.S. "SIBERIA MARU" direct	Jan. 20
S.S. "TENYO MARU" direct	Jan. 29
S.S. "KOREA MARU" via Manila	Feb. 8
S.S. "SHINYO MARU" via Manila	Feb. 19

Through Bills of Lading issued to all Principal Overland Points in United States, Canada and Mexico by rail; and to Atlantic Coast Ports of the United States by connecting steamers, of Panama; also for South America.

Regular sailings from Hongkong and Yokohama, via Hawaii, for West Coast Ports of South America.

Excellent passenger accommodation on all steamers. Tickets issued under liberal privileges.

For information regarding Passenger Fares, Freight Rates, etc., apply to

S. KINNO, Acting Manager,
No. 71 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.
Tel. Nos. Central 3229 and 3230.

STRUTHERS & BARRY

For San Francisco via Hongkong and Philippine Islands

U.S.S.B. "WEST CHOPAKA"	Jan. 20th
U.S.S.B. "WEST FARALON"	Feb. 5th
U.S.S.B. "APUS"	Feb. 25th
U.S.S.B. "WEST CARMONA"	March 15th

Through Bills of Lading issued to all U. S. A. and Canadian overland common points.

Connecting at San Francisco with weekly service to U. S. Atlantic Coast via Panama Canal. Through Bills of Lading issued.

For information on rates, etc., apply to

EXECUTIVE OFFICE FOR THE FAR EAST: STRUTHERS & BARRY.
Shanghai, China. 7 Jinkee Road
Tel. Cent. 5017 and 5018
Telegrams "DIXSTRUTH"
Acting General Agent.
W. B. LUNT,

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.
PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT

Sailings From Shanghai
(Subject to Change)

FOR SAN FRANCISCO VIA JAPAN AND HONOLULU

	Leave Shanghai	Arrive San Francisco
S.S. "CHINA"	Jan 19	Feb. 10
S.S. "NANKING"	Feb. 23	Mar. 16

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

S.S. "CHINA"	Jan. 5
S.S. "NANKING"	Feb. 9

The Steamers "China" and "Nanking" connect at Hongkong with the S.S. "Nile," which will maintain a regular schedule between Hongkong, Singapore and Batavia.

Through Bills of Lading issued to United States and Canadian Overland Points, Mexico, Central and South America, Panama, Cuba and Atlantic Coast Ports of the United States.

For information regarding Passenger Fares, Freight Rates and further particulars as to sailings, apply to

F. R. BARRETT
FREIGHT AND PASSENGER AGENT
Corner Szechuen and Kiukiang Roads.
Telegraphic Address "CHIMAIL"
Telephones:
General Office Central 4773
Agent Central 6113

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

N.Y.K.
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
Sailings From Shanghai (Subject to Alteration).

EUROPEAN LINE MAIL SERVICE

Marseilles, London and Antwerp via Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, and Port said:—

	Tons		
YOSHINO MARU	19,000	Capt. S. Shibata,	Jan. 13
MISHIMA MARU	17,000	K. Okamoto,	Jan. 16

EUROPEAN LINE CARGO SERVICE

For London and North Continental Ports via ports.

LIMA MARU	12,500	Capt. C. Ota,	Jan.. 14, 1922
MATSUMOTO MARU	12,500	Capt. ———	Feb. 2, 1922

For Marseilles and Liverpool via Ports.

MALACCA MARU	12,500	Capt. H. Tsuzuhashi,	beginning of Feb. 1922

FOR VICTORIA and SEATTLE

S.S. SUWA MARU	21,000	Capt. S. Murazumi,	Jan. 22
FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	R. Shimazu,	Feb. 12

FOR SAN FRANCISCO AND NEW YORK via Panama.

Calling at Japan Ports.

TOBA MARU	15,000	Capt. K. Teramoto,	Jan. 7

FOR SOUTH AMERICA (Sailing from Kobe). (Cargo only).

For Buenos Ayres, Santos, Rio de Janeiro via Durban and Cape Town:—

FOR YOKOHAMA VIA NAGASAKI, MOJI AND KOBE

TAKESHIMA MARU	4,500	Capt. Y. Yoshida,	Jan. 9
YAWATA MARU	7,000	Capt. T. Shirai,	Jan. 12
KASUGA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Yasuhara,	Jan. 19

FOR KOBE AND OSAKA VIA MOJI.

OMI MARU	7,900	Capt. S. Yoshimatsu,	Jan. 4
CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Capt. G. T. Matsushita,	Jan. 8
YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	Capt. T. Sasaki,	Jan. 11
KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. K. Kobayashi,	Jan. 14

FOR KOBE DIRECT.

KITANO MARU	15,980	M. Nakamura,	Jan. 12

FOR HONGKONG only

SUWA MARU	21,000	S. Murazumi,	Jan. 4

FOR HONGKONG via MANILA

FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	Capt. S. Shimizu,	Jan. 25

FOR AUSTRALIA (Sailing from Hongkong).

For Manila, Zamboanga, Thursday Inl., Townvilla, Brisbane. Sydney, Melbourne:—

NIKKO MARU	9,600	Capt. S. Takano,	Jan. 17

For freight, passage and further information apply to

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
3 North Yangtsze Road, Shanghai.
Tel. Add: "YUSEN, SHANGHAI"
Tel. No: Passenger Dep't. ..... N. 1159 and 2729.
Freight Dep't. ..... N. 1155 & 167 (Ocean). N. 1154, 1157 & 1162 (Local).

The North China Line
Sailings from Shanghai

To Portland via Tsingtau, Taku Bar And Dairen

S.S. "VINITA"	Jan.	10, 1922
S.S. "WEST NOMENTUM"	Jan.	19, 1922
S.S. "WEST KADER"	Feb.	1, 1922
S.S. "EASTERN SAILOR"	Feb.	28, 1922

To Hongkong and Manila

S.S. "WEST CAYOTE"	Jan.	12, 1922

Through Bills of Lading issued to all U. S. cities and Canadian Overland Points.

Also through Bill of Lading issued to New York, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Charleston and Boston in connection with fast Inter-coastal Liners.

For information as to freight rates, etc.
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C. F. GORMAN, Manager.
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O. S. K.
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
Under Mail Contract with Imperial Japanese Government

Sailings From Shanghai (Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE. For London, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg via Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo. (Cargo only)

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave
ARGUN MARU	15,000	S. Yamaga,	Jan. 12	Jan. 14

NEW YORK LINE. For San Francisco, Panama and New York via Dairen and Japan Ports. (Cargo only)

HAGUE MARU	10,000	M. Kimura,	Jan. 18	Jan. 20

PUGET SOUND LINE. For Tacoma, Victoria, Seattle and Vancouver via Dairen and Japan Ports.

ARABIA MARU	20,000	K. Komiya,	Jan. 6	Jan. 7

FOR HONGKONG via MANILA

ARIZONA MARU	20,000	T. Fuchigami,	Jan. 7	Jan. 8

(This steamer calls at Manila).

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS. For Dairen direct.

SEIKYO MARU	5,000	N. Kamizawa,	Jan. 6	Jan. 9

FOR FORMOSA. For Keelung and Takao via Foochow.

KOHOKU MARU	5,000	T. Akazawa,	Jan. 3	Jan. 5

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
N.K.K. Building, 2 Canton Road. Tel. Nos. C. 4233, 4234 and 4235.
Yangtszepoo Wharf Office ..... Tel. Nos. East 208 and 212.

P. & O., British India, Apcar, E. & A. S. S. Line
(Companies incorporated in England)

FOR MARSEILLES, LONDON AND ANTWERP via HONGKONG, STRAITS, CEYLON, EGYPT

*S.S. "EGYPT"	Jan.	14th
S.S. "KASHMIR"	Jan.	28th
S.S. "NAGOYA"	Feb.	11th
S.S. "KASHGAR"	Feb.	25th

*Also calls at BOMBAY.

FOR BOMBAY via STRAITS AND COLOMBO

S.S. "DILWARA"	Jan.	10th
S.S. "EGYPT"	Jan.	14th

FOR CALCUTTA FROM HONGKONG via THE STRAITS

S.S. "GREGORY APCAR"	Jan.	16th
S.S. "TORILLA"	Jan.	30th

FOR SYDNEY and MELBOURNE from HONGKONG

S.S. "ST. ALBANS"	Feb.	6th
S.S. "EASTERN"	Mar.	6th
S.S. "ARAPURA"	Apr.	3rd

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S.S. "Melville Dollar"	January 26
S.S. "Harold Dollar"	end of February

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S.S. "Esther Dollar"	end of February

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S.S. "NIELS NIELSEN"	Middle January
S.S. "LUISE NIELSEN"	Late January
S.S. "HANNA" NIELSEN"	Early February
S.S. "UNITA"	Late February
S.S. "BRATSBERG"	Early March.
S.S. "HEKTOR"	Early March

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S.S. SURUGA ..... JAN. 7th

For rates and particulars apply to

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MEN OF WAR IN PORT

Section	Date	Name	Flag and Rating
F N B	Dec. 12	Altair	Fr. Cruiser
VIII B	Oct. 28	Akashi	Jap. cruiser
B N B	Dec. 21	Bee	Br. Gunboat
Y T P D		Gnat	Br. Gunboat
Y T P D W	Nov. 12	Isabel	Am. yacht
	Nov. 25	Seb. Carboto	Ital. Gunboat
N S N B	Dec. 7	Wilmington	Am. Gunboat

VESSELS IN HARBOR AND AT WOOSUNG

Date	From	Ships Name	Flag	Agents
Sep. 29	Tientsin	Agnes Dollar	Am.	Dollar
Nov. 27	Hankow	Alice Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Dec. 30	Japan	Aizawa M. 23	Jap.	S. Yoko
Dec. 31	Vancouver	Can Inventor	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 30	Pukow	[illegible]	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 30	Native Customs	Chenhua	Chi.	Kut Kee
Dec. 29	Chinwangtao	Chokai Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Dec. 13	Japan	Chenkai Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Dec. 17	Cruise	Chuentiao	Chi.	Customs
Sep. 15	—	Chowfa	Chi.	
Dec. 16	Native Customs	Chinhsing	Chi.	Kut Kee
Dec. 27	New York	Egremont Castle	Br.	Dod. & Co.
Dec. 31	London, ports	Egypt	Br.	M. M. & Co.
Dec. 30	Hankow, etc.	Esang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Dec. 4	Hankow, etc.	Fookyuen	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec. 28	London, ports	Glenavy	Br.	G.L.E.A.
Nov. 1	Hankow	Hanhwa		
Nov. 25	Hankow, etc.	Hwahta	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Dec. 7	Hankow, etc.	Hsin Shutung	Fr.	
Dec. 8	Hongkong	Hsinwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Dec. 19	Tientsin,	Hsinming	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Dec. 22	Tientsin	Hunan	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 28	Swatow	Hangchow	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 29	Wenchow	Haean	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec. 30	Chinwangtao	Hachiro Maru	Jap.	K.M.A.
Dec. 29	Bombay, ports	Hektor	Am.	Adl. Line
Dec. 29	Hongkong	Heinchang	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec. 31	Foochow	Hsinchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Dec. 30	Chefoo	Hwahkuei	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec. 10	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Dec. 27	Swatow	Kaho	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Dec. 28	Tientsin	Kansu	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 28	Foochow	Kienhsin	Chi.	W. & Co.
Dec. 25	Tientsin	Kwangse	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 31	Chinwangtao	Kasbing	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 31	Hankow, etc.	Kiangfoo	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Dec. 31	Hankow, etc.	Kiangtsai	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec. 31	Tsingtao	Koonshing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Dec. 31	Hankow, etc.	Kutwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Dec. 31	Hongkong	Kwangtah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Dec. 23	Cruise	Likin	Chi.	Customs
Dec. 10	Cruise	Lubeing	Jap.	N. K. K.
Dec. 2	Chungking	Loongmow	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 29	Japan	Lycaon	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 5	Hankow, etc.	Meitan	Am.	Socony.
Dec. 18	Ningpo	Meinan	Am.	Socony
Dec. 30	Hankow, etc.	Nanyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Dec. 31	Hankow, etc.	Ngankin	Am.	S. & B.
Nov. 23	Cruise	Pingching	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 23	Cruise	Pacific	Dan.	G.N.T. Co.
Nov. 24	Chungking, etc.	Robert Dollar	2 Am.	Dollar
Dec. 30	Hongkong	Radjo	Dut.	H. C. T. Co
Dec. 31	Singapore	Sandakan	Br.	M. M. & Co
Dec. 30	Hankow, etc.	Shunhun	Fr.	
Dec. 30	Tientsin	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 31	Hongkong	Suiyang	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 31	Cruise	Store Nordlake	Nor.	Gr. N. T.
Dec. 18	Vladivostok	Shinlee	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec. 27	Chefoo	Shinfoo	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec. 27	Chinwangtao	Shinping	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Nov. 21	Japan	Tangei Maru	Jap.	K.M.A.
Dec. 13	Hongkong	Taishun	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Dec. 24	—	Torrey	Br.	
Dec. 27	Dairen	Teli	Chi.	J. T. Co.
Dec. 31	Chinwangtao	Tungus	Rus.	C.I.&E.L.Co.
Dec. 28	Tsingtao	Tairyu Maru	Jap.	K.M.A.
Dec. 29	Amoy	Taito Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Dec. 31	Hankow, etc.	Talee Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Dec. 30	Hongkong	Tjikembang	Dut.	H. C. T. Co
Dec. 31	Hankow	Tsaantah	Br.	C.I.&E.L. Co.
Dec. 31	Hankow, etc.	Tsekiang	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec. 31	Chinwangtao	Tongan	Chi.	J. T. Co.
Dec. 31	Hankow, etc.	Tungting	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 30	Dairen	Tungwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec. 29	Japan	Toyo Maru 3	Jap.	Kaiyosha
Oct. 18	—	Vigan	Am.	C.I. & E.L. Co.
Dec. 31	San Francisco	West Jester	Am.	S. & B.
Dec. 29	Hongkong	Wingsang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Dec. 30	Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 31	Chinwangtao	Wugo Maru	Jap.	K.M.A.
Dec. 28	Hongkong	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.

Sailed from Shanghai

FOR SAN FRANCISCO		
Tenyo Maru	Dec.	1
Can Winner	Dec.	2
Royal Arrow	Dec.	10
Korea Maru	Dec.	11
Empire State	Dec.	12
Golden State	Dec.	14
Nanking	Dec.	15
Cathay	Dec.	21
Shinyo Maru	Dec.	22
West Jena	Dec.	25
West O'Rowa	Dec.	27
Shabonee	Dec.	31
FOR PORTLAND		
West Keats	Dec.	3
Lasvegas	Dec.	10
Eastern Sailor	Dec.	17
FOR PORT TOWNSEND		
Boobyalla	Dec.	1
Chattanooga City	Dec.	15
FOR VANCOUVER		
Emp. of Russia	Dec.	10
FOR TACOMA		
Hawaii Maru	Dec.	10
FOR SEATTLE		
Katori Maru	Dec.	11
Horaisan Maru	Dec.	11
Keystone State	Dec.	12
FOR NEW YORK		
Delagoa Maru	Dec.	2
Knoxville City	Dec.	2
Harold Dollar	Dec.	2
Katuna	Dec.	8
Yangtsze	Dec.	24
Wytheville	Dec.	28
FOR LONDON		
Laomedon	Dec.	4
Hakone Maru	Dec.	5
Somali	Dec.	6
City of Glasgow	Dec.	7
Teiresiaz	Dec.	8
Gleniffer	Dec.	10
Kazembe	Dec.	14
Bellerophon	Dec.	15
Nellore	Dec.	17
Yokohama Maru	Dec.	19
Dongola	Dec.	31
FOR LIVERPOOL		
Agamemnon	Dec.	17
Deucalion	Dec.	18
FOR HAMBURG		
Atlas Maru	Dec.	19
FOR COPENHAGEN		
Java	Dec.	11
FOR MARSEILLES		
Amazone	Dec.	5
Lt. De La Tour	Dec.	11
Paul Lecat	Dec.	16
Angkor	Dec.	30
FOR TRIESTE		
Nippoh	Dec.	16
FOR BOMBAY		
Lahore	Dec.	2
Dunera	Dec.	23
FOR CALCUTTA		
Takada	Dec.	18
Gregory Apcar	Dec.	30

Siccawei Weather Reports

30.—The Northern depression reaches Hokkaido and the Kuriles, attended with whole cyclonic gales. The anticyclone advances towards the Sea, and a depression may develop in the Mean Yangtsze provinces. Monsoon to the S. of the Saddles. Fine day, a little milder, at Shanghai and in Central China, rain at Manila.

31.—The pressure is falling at accelerated rate and a depression must be deepening not far away. The breeze has veered to S.S.E. Weather overcast and mild. Little rain about 6 a.m.

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Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents.
Jan. 4	—	Seattle	†Silver State	Am.	Adl. Line
Jan. 5	—	New York	Toba Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan. 5	—	New York via Suez	Eurylochus	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 7	—	Portland, ports	Vinita	Am.	Ch. P. Co.
Jan. 7	—	Tacoma, ports	Arabia Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Jan. 7	—	Vancouver	†E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.S.S.
Jan. 15	—	Seattle, ports	†Pine Tree State	Am.	A. Line
Jan. 19	—	San Francisco	†Taiyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Jan. 19	—	San Francisco	†China	Am.	China Mail
Jan. 20	—	New York, ports	Hague Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
Jan. 20	—	San Francisco	W. Chopaka	Am.	S. & B.
Jan. 21	—	Vancouver	†Monteagle	Br.	C.P.S.S.
Jan. 22	—	Seattle, ports	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan. 25	—	New York	Robert Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Jan. 25	—	San Francisco	†Hoosier State	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Jan. 29	—	Seattle, ports	†Wenatchee	Am.	Adl. Line
Feb. 3	—	San Francisco	Siberia Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Feb. 5	—	San Francisco	W. Faralon	Am.	S. & B.
Feb. 8	—	San Francisco	†Nanking	Am.	China Mail
Feb. 11	—	Vancouver	†E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.S.S.
Feb. 12	—	Seattle	Fushimi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Feb. 14	—	San Francisco	†Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Feb. 14	—	Seattle, ports	†Bay State	Am.	Adl. Line
Feb. 12	—	Seattle	†Bay State	Am.	A. Line
Feb. 22	—	San Francisco	†Golden State	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Feb. 25	—	Vancouver	†E. of Russia	Br.	C.P.S.S.
Feb. 25	—	San Francisco	Anus	Am.	S. & B.
Feb. 27	—	San Francisco	†Korea Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Mar. 12	—	San Francisco	†Shinyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Mar. 15	—	San Francisco	W. Carmona	Am.	S. & B.
Mar. 19	—	San Francisco	†Empire State	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Mar. 25	—	Vancouver	†E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.S.S.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Jan.	1 noon	Kobe & Yokohama	Fooksang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan.	4 —	Moji, K., Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	8 —	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Chikugo M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	9 —	N'saki, K., Y'hama	Takesuima M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	11 —	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Yamashiro M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	12 —	N'saki, K., Y'hama	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	12 —	Kobe	Kifune Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	14 —	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	19 —	N'saki, K., Y'hama	Kasuga Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR EUROPE INDIA, STRAITS, ETS,

Jan.	1 noon	Calcutta, ports	Fooksang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan.	2 —	London, ports	Kleist	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	3 —	Hamburg, ports	Oldekerk	Dut.	H. C. T. Co
Jan.	5 —	Hamburg, ports	Helenus	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	9 —	Liverpool, ports	Myrmidon	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	12 —	Antwerp, ports	Teucer	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	13 —	London, ports	Yoshino Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	13	9.30* Marseilles, etc.	†Porthos	Fr.	M. M. Cie
Jan.	14 —	Hamburg, ports	Argun Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Jan.	14 —	Bombay, ports	Egypt	Br.	M. M. & Co
Jan.	14 —	London, ports	†Kashmir	Br.	M. M. & Co
Jan.	15 —	Liverpool, ports	Eurypylus	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	25 —	Rotterdam, ports	Radja	Dut.	H. C. T. Co
Jan.	25 —	London, ports	Glenavy	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Jan.	26 —	Hamburg, ports	Cyclops	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	27 —	Liverpool, ports	Neleus	Br.	B. & S.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Jan.	1 noon	S. H'kong, C'ton	Koonshing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan.	1 noon	Hongkong & Canton	Chenan	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	1 —	S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Hsinchang	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Jan.	1 —	Wenchow	Haean	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	1 noon	Hongkong, Canton	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	2	4.30 Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	2	5.00 Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Jan.	3	4.30 Ningpo	Hsin Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Jan.	4	2.00 S. H'kong, C'ton	Suiyang	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	4	— Hongkong	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	4	— Foochow	Hsinchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	4	— Hongkong & Canton	Kwangtah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	5	— Keelung, ports	Kohoku Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Jan.	5	— Hongkong	China †	Am.	China Mail
Jan.	5	D.L. A. H'kong, C'ton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	7	D.L. S. H'kong, C'ton	Soochow	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	8	D.L. Hongkong & Canton	Chinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	8	— Manila & Hongkong	Hoosier State	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Jan.	8	— Hongkong	Arizona Maru	Jap.	O.S.K
Jan.	10	— Hongkong	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.S.S.
Jan.	12	— Hongkong & Manila	Wenatchee	Am.	Adl. Line
Jan.	20	— Hongkong	Siberia Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Jan.	22	— Manila & Hongkong	E. of Russia	Br.	C.P.S.S.
Jan.	25	— Manila & Hongkong	Fushiki Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	26	— Hongkong & Manila	Bay State	Am.	Adl. Line
Jan.	29	— Hongkong	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Jan.	1 noon	Tsingtao	Haean	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	1 —	Chefoo & Dairen	Tungwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	2	1.00 Tsingtao	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	3	D.L. Weihaiwei & Chefoo	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	4	2.00 Chefoo & Dairen	Chihli	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	4	3.00 Tsingtao	Waishing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan.	9 —	Dairen	Seikyo Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Jan.	9 —	Tsingtao & Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S.M.R. Co.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Jan.	1	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangfoo	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Jan.	1 noon	Pukow	Chinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	2	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangwan	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	2	M.N. Hankow etc.	Kutwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Dec.	2	M.N. Hankow etc.	Nganking	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	3	M.N. Hankow, etc.	[illegible]	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	3	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tuckwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan.	3	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	3	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Chungon	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Jan.	4	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangyung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	4	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Whangpu	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	5	D.L. Pukow	Choysang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan.	5	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangshun	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Jan.	5	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Wosang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan.	5	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	6	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Hwahlee	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Jan.	6	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	6	M.N. Hankow, etc.	[illegible]	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan.	7	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Woosung	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	8	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiankyu	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	9	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangan	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan.	9	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenho	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan.	9	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.

* A.M. M.N.—MIDNIGHT D.L.—DAYLIGHT
† CARRYING MAIL

Vessels Due

Arizona Maru, *Tacoma*	Jan.	7	
Changon, *Hankow*	Jan.	1	
Chekiang, *Hongkong*	Jan.	9	
Chikugo Maru, *Japan*	Jan.	5	
China, *S. Francisco*	Jan.	4	
Chipshing, *Hongkong*	Jan.	4	
Choysang, *Hongkong*	Jan.	2	
Chungking, *Hankow*	Jan.	5	
Cyclops, *Liverpool*	Jan.	3	
Dilwara, *Bombay*	Jan.	4	
E. of Asia, *Hongkong*	Jan.	7	
Esang, *Hankow*	Jan.	9	
Helenus, *Tsingtao*	Jan.	1	
Hsin Kiangteen, *Ningpo*	Jan.	3	
Hsin Ningshao, *Ningpo*	Jan.	1	
Hsin Peking, *Ningpo*	Jan.	1	
Hwahlee, *Hankow*	Jan.	5	
Irene, *Swatow*	Jan.	2	
Kiangan, *Hankow*	Jan.	7	
Kiangfoo, *Hankow*	Jan.	9	
Kianghsin, *Hankow*	Jan.	1	
Kiangshun, *Hankow*	Jan.	3	
Kiangyu, *Hankow*	Jan.	6	
Kiangyung, *Hankow*	Jan.	2	
Kwangchi, *Wenchow*	Jan.	1	
Loongwo, *Hankow*	Jan.	5	
Luenho, *Hankow*	Jan.	7	
Luenyi, *Hankow*	Jan.	8	
Myrmidon, *Liverpool*	Jan.	4	
Omi Maru, *Japan*	Jan.	1	
Poyang, *Hankow*	Jan.	2	
Poyang, *Hankow*	Jan.	7	
Shantung, *Hongkong*	Jan.	5	
Shengking, *Hankow*	Jan.	1	
Shuntien, *Tientsin*	Jan.	1	
Silver State, *Hongkong*	Jan.	3	
Sinkiang, *Hongkong*	Jan.	2	
Suiwo, *Hankow*	Jan.	8	
Suwa Maru, *Seattle*	Jan.	3	
Szechuen, *Hongkong*	Jan.	7	
Takeshima Maru, *Japan*	Jan.	7	
Tatung, *Hankow*	Jan.	4	
Tean, *Hongkong*	Jan.	6	
Tehhsing, *Hankow*	Jan.	3	
Toonan, *Dairen*	Jan.	2	
Tuckwo, *Hankow*	Jan.	1	
Vinita, *Portland*	Jan.	7	
Waishing, *Hongkong*	Jan.	6	
Woosung, *Hankow*	Jan.	9	
Wosang, *Hankow*	Jan.	1	
Wuchang, *Hankow*	Jan.	3	
Yamashiro Maru, *Japan*	Jan.	8	
Yawata Maru, *Japan*	Jan.	9	
Yusang, *Tientsin*	Jan.	1	

AUCTION SALES

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NEXT AUCTIONS

IN GODOWN

Sundry Goods Auctions are held every Wednesday in their Godown in rear. Goods sent in today may be included in the sale

On Wednesday, January 4th, at 2.30 p.m.

57 pkgs. Cotton (damaged), 8 cases "Yakama and Odozuem" Perfume water, 1 case Red Face powder, 1 case Unglazed red paper, 21 cases Whole Dried Egg Powder, 21 x 1½ picul D with bags Soda ash, 2 cases Biscuits, 1 case Glass ware contg. Crystal, Hollow Pearls, Collars, Brooches, Needle stone (assorted colors), Chimneys, Lamp wicks, Vases, 59 bottles Horlick's Food, Macasor, Fish, Malted milk, &c.

On view Tuesday.

IN REAR SALESROOM
Thursday, 5th January, at 10 a.m.
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND SUNDRIES, ALSO FINE RHINE WINES, CHAMPAGNE AND SPIRITS
Including

New Motor Car Tyres, Sanitary Commodes, Gramaphone and Records, Large Assortment of Books, Easy Chairs, Carpets and Rugs, Japanese Matting, Flower Stands, Electric Table Fans and Reading Lamps, Pictures and Frames, Single Iron Bed, **Travelling Trunks and Boxes,** Toilet Sundries, Small and Other Heating Stoves, Large assortment of Crockery and Glassware, Curios and Ornaments in Bronze, Brass and Porcelain, Enamel Sink, Sofa, Mirror Back Sideboard, Cellarette, Small Roll Top Desk, File Cabinet, Overnamentel, Ice Chests, Spring Couch, Perambulator, Camp Bed with Mattress, Camp Cooking Outfit, Saddles, Tennis Racquets, 1 New Perfection Oil Cooking Stove, and a long line of Sundries

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WINES, SPIRITS AND PROVISIONS

Royal Spey Whiskey, London Old Tom Gin, American Rye Whiskey, Cognac, 1911 and 1915 Chambolle, Volnay Ler Cru, Peuilly Fuisse, Chambertin, Nuits St. George, St. Esteph Rudesheimer, Nierstiener, Liebfraumilch, Piesporter, Zeltinger, Bernasteler, and other newly imported choice wines and liquers,

also

Newly imported Australian Butter in 1 lb. Tins.

On view Wednesday.

FORWARD AUCTIONS

Saturday, January 7th. A most Valuable Collection of postage Stamps in Upper Salesroom at 2.30 p.m.

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45 Kiangse Road.

CHILE TO ARBITRATE

(Reuter's Service)

Santiago de Chile, Dec. 30.—In reply to the proposal of the Peruvian Government regarding the Tacna Arica dispute the Chilean Government says it will only accept arbitration regarding the application of the third clause of the Treaty of Ancon of 1883 in reference to Tacna Arica.

3 AVIATORS KILLED

(Special To The China Press)

Arcadia, Fla., Dec. 29.—Lieutenants Samuel F. Davis, William Sinclair, and August Arciusas were instantly killed here today when the airplane in which they were flying went into a tailspin and crashed to the ground. The men made deperate efforts to right the plane but failed.

THE RAW, damp, clinging fog of London's Limehouse was his shroud but around the supple body of Laura Figlan a profligate world wrapped its finest silks. Do you think a good reputation??

SHE changed admirers as often as she changed her gown. Who? The wickedest woman in Europe—and the most sorrowful. It's all about reputation.

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MORE 'DRUNKS' IN 'DRY' CHICAGO SAY COURT STATISTICS

(Special To The China Press)

Chicago, Dec. 29.—The annual report of the municipal courts of Chicago made public today show that drunkenness increased in Chicago during the year of 1921. This report followed action taken yesterday by the city council when it adopted, by a vote of fifty to six, a resolution declaring that prohibition had failed to prohibit the drinking of liquors. The aldermen demanded that the state legislature authorise the manufacture of wholesome beers and light wines.

SHIP IS SEIZED

Boston, Dec. 29.—The British schooner Golden West, loaded with alcohol and liquor, was seized by a United States Coast Guard cutter while anchored off port here. The coast guard men towed the vessel into port and turned her over to Customs authorities. It developed that the ship was in charge of a former Boston bar tender who was on his way to Halifax.

Minister At Berlin To Care For Students

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, Dec. 28.—The Government has appointed Mr. Wai Cheng-tsu (Chinese Minister at Berlin) concurrently to act as Superintendent of Chinese students in Berlin.

39,402,000 IN FRANCE

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, Dec. 30.—The French census returns for 1921 show that the population of France, including Alsace-Lorraine, numbers 39,402,000, including 1,550,000 foreigners, as compared with 39,604,000, including 1,132,000 foreigners in 1911.

TRUCE WITH SZECHUEN

(China Press Correspondence)

Peking, Dec. 30.—General Wu Pei-fu has announced that a truce has been signed with the Szechuenese. Wu believes that reconciliation with the Southwest will henceforth be more rapid.

PLAN 5-POWER MEET

(Special To The China Press)

London, Dec. 29.—Evidence piles up that Great Britain is opening relations with Russia. The Times today says that Lloyd George has suggested a Five Power Conference, including Russia, Germany and Italy, to be held here in January.

New Film Tragedy

Al Stein, twenty-seven, assistant director of screen comedies, residing in Los Angeles, died suddenly under mysterious circumstances. Poison has been hinted at. Mildred Bellwin, twenty-six, known on the stage as Billy Deslys, and Frances Stewart and Jean Munroe, twenty-three, pretty, are being held by authorities pending further investigation. Stein was mentioned as a probable witness in the Arbuckle case.

CHANG HU GOES TO SALT GABELLE; OTHERS GET JOBS

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, Dec. 28.—A mandate issued yesterday afternoon contains the following appointments: Mr. Hsu Shih-fang (former Vice-Minister of Communications) is made Director of the Currency Bureau. Mr. Tung King (former Minister of Justice) becomes Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. Mr. Liu Shueh-pu is appointed Vice-Minister of Finance.

This afternoon's mandate appoints Mr. Cheng Hung-nien Vice-Minister of Communications, Admiral Chiang Chen, Commander-in-Chief of the Fleet at Shanghai, is given the Order of Merit, Fourth-Class. Mr. Cheng Hu, Minister of Communications, is appointed concurrently Director General of the Salt Gabelle. General Tsai Cheng-heun, former Minister of War, is given the rank of Chi Wei Chiang Chun (grade of full General conferred on a retired officer). General Wu Hsin-tien is appointed Pacification Commissioner for Southern Shensi.

Famine May Bring Death To 80,000 In Western Hunan

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, Dec. 28.—A communication from the West Hunan Relief Committee to the American Legation describes the famine conditions in that Province, due to drought last summer, as exceedingly grave.

It states that bandits have further contributed to the misery of the inhabitants, burning at least 151 villages in one district, stealing thousands of domestic animals, making captives of women and generally throwing the population into disorder. It is estimated that 80,000 are faced with starvation.

British Rap Limit On Post Packets

(Reuter's Service)

London, Dec. 30.—The announcement that sample post packets must in future be limited to 12 ounces in weight and from 12 to 8 inches in size, as against the present allowance of 5 lbs. and no restriction as to size, is viewed with extreme disfavor in Lancashire cotton circles.

The changes are proposed in order to comply with the regulations of the Postal Union, to which China is a party. China is being asked whether she will continue to take packets of 5 lbs. in weight, as an exceptional arrangement, and her reply is awaited with interest.

Fair And Cold May Now Really Mean It

(Special To The China Press)

Oakland, Calif., Dec. 29.—The University of California announced today that the observatory may soon be able to make weather forecasts with a remarkable degree of precision as a result of a discovery made by A. Clawson, professor of geology, that the movements of the earth are antecedent as well as consequential to earthquakes.

Santa Claus Costs U.S. $100,000,000

(Special To The China Press)

New York, Dec. 29.—The National City Bank of New York estimates that more than $100,000,000 were spent by the American people for toys, games, etc. in 1921.

T. E. Doremus Heads American Association

Officers elected at the annual meeting of the American Association held Thursday afternoon at the American Club are as follows—Mr. T. E. Doremus, president; Mr. J. S. Potter, vice president; Mr. H. B. Lane, treasurer; Mr. E. C. Stocker, secretary. The executive committee consists of Dr. W. T. Findley, and Messrs. William Morris, F. V. Reilly, H. O. Hashagen, A. B. Rosenfield, O. G. Steen and Dr. F. A. Ransom.

The reports of the secretary and treasurer were approved and plans made for the work of 1922.

AU PETIT LOUVRE

ANNUAL CLEARING SALE,
Commencing on
TUESDAY, JANUARY THIRD

At sacrificing prices we shall offer the entire winter stock of our latest imported Paris and New York models, during the month of January to enable to make a clearance for want of space, owing to large shipments of Spring and Summer goods shortly to arrive.

We give below a few items of the goods and prices which are offered in this Sale:

Evening Gowns in Silk Net and Taffettas ..... from $49.50
Evening Gowns in Sequins and Beads ..... from $125.00
Costumes and Afternoon Dresses of Serge, Gabardine, Broadcloth, etc. from $49.50
A large range of Coats and Capes in various materials ..... from $49.50
Model Hats, to clear ..... at $9.75
Sweaters, Jersey Suits, Angora Capes, Sporting Jackets, Scarfs, Fur Stoles, Muffs, Fur Coats, etc., at prices defying competition.

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Will sell by Public Auction within their Salesroom
No. 49 KIANGSE ROAD
On Thursday, the 5th Jan., 1922
Commencing at 10 a.m.
and
Continuing at 2.30 p.m.
and
To be recontinued on Friday at 10 a.m.
A very fine and splendid collection
of
SUPERB FURS
Comprising:—
Silver tip sables, ermine, grey and white fox, squirrel skins, Thibet lamb, monkey, fox leg, sheep skins, otter, racoon, wolf, tiger, rugs, etc., etc.
Just arrived from North China, in excellent condition.
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RUGS AND CARPETS
BIG ASSORTMENTS—RETAIL AND WHOLESALE
Also Old Persian and Turkish Rugs
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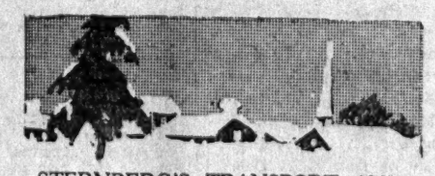

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Lee Van Ching
Proprietor of the Chinese Art Gallery,
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Every article guaranteed by Mr. Lee Van Ching.

Full particulars will be published shortly.

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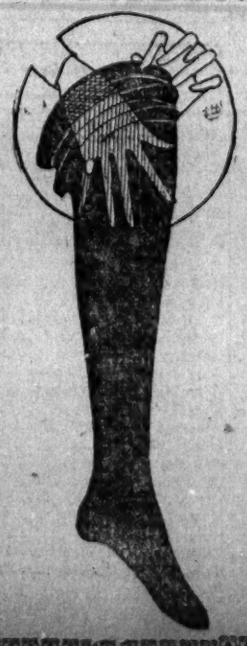

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Increase the comfort of these very hours by the taste of a—

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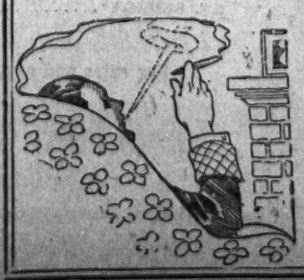
Our well supplied stock makes it easy to you, and pleasant to us, to find what you may want



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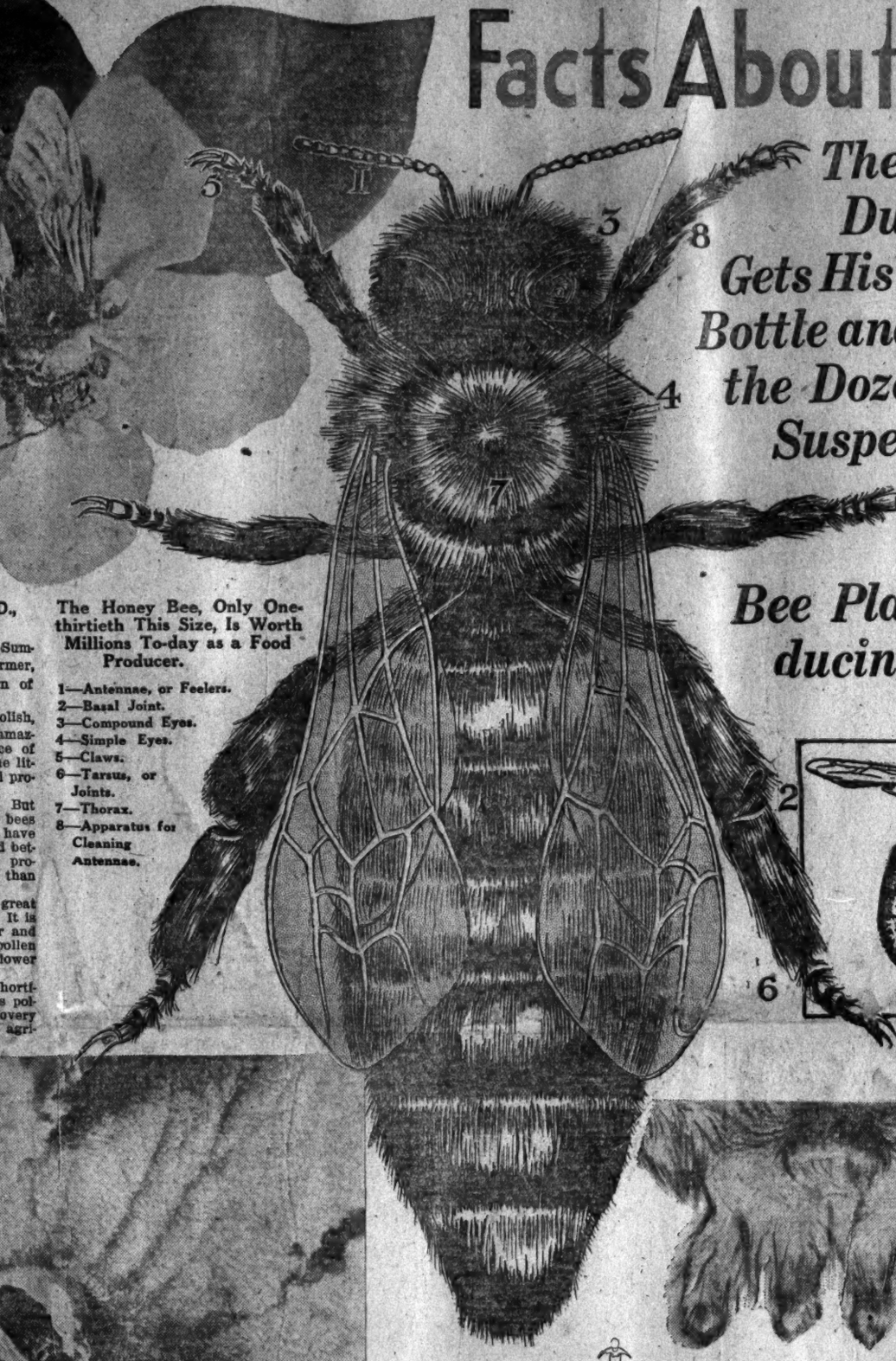
Science Discovers Astonishing New Facts About the Bee

The Apartment Dweller, Who Gets His Milk by the Bottle and His Corn by the Dozen, Little Suspects the Helpful Part the Bee Plays in Producing His Food

Honey Bee Pollinating an Apple Blossom to Make Two Apples Grow Where Only One Grew Before.



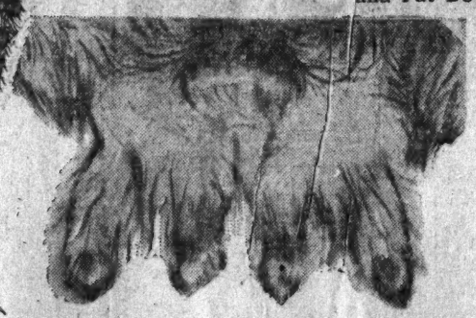
The Honey Bee, Only One-thirtieth This Size, Is Worth Millions To-day as a Food Producer.

1—Antennae, or Feelers.
2—Basal Joint.
3—Compound Eyes.
4—Simple Eyes.
5—Claws.
6—Tarsus, or Joints.
7—Thorax.
8—Apparatus for Cleaning Antennae.

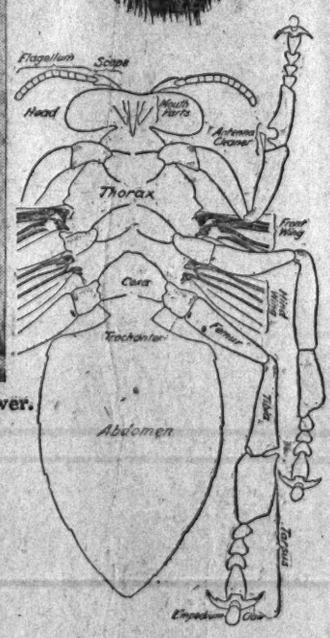
This Veteran Bee Fancier, Dr. Woods, of Vincennes, Ind., Has No Fear of Bees. He Even Permits a Swarm of Them to Make Him a Beard.

A Honey Bee Upon the Wing, Showing the Position of the Middle Legs When They Touch and Pat Down Pollen Masses.

Remarkable Snapshot Photograph of a Bee Pollinating a Squash Flower.



Micro-Photographs of the Spines or Pollen Combs On a Bee's Hind Legs. These Spines Are Used in Removing Wax from the Underside of the Body.



Anatomical Study of the Honey Bee, Showing Its Wonderfully Formed Legs and Claws.

By DR. W. H. BALLOU, Sc. D., Ltt. D., L.L.D.

"OH, do you keep a bee?" the Summer boarder asked the farmer, much to the latter's scorn of such ignorance.

And yet the question was not so foolish, for science recently has made some amazing discoveries about the importance of keeping a bee, demonstrating that the little insect is man's best friend in food production.

Of course, nobody keeps one bee. But the farmer who owns a swarm of bees not only will have honey; he will have more and better vegetables, more and better fruit, finer cattle, richer dairy products, fatter chickens and more eggs than if he had no bees.

That is because the bee is nature's great dependence for fertilizing plant life. It is the bee, flying from flower to flower and from plant to plant which bears pollen from the male flower to the female flower and thereby causes them to grow.

Science has long recognized sex in horticulture and the part the bee plays as pollinator. But only lately has this discovery been applied in a practical way to agriculture. Research showed that lands with no bees became barren and lands with bees waxed fertile. A farm with a bee hive produced twice as much as a farm without a bee hive.

The result has been a nation-wide movement on the part of farmers, fruit growers and even cattle raisers and chicken fanciers to add bees to their stock. The movement has swept from the cranberry bogs of Cape Cod to the prune belt of California. For bees mean rich crops of all kinds. And richer crops not only mean increased vegetable and fruit production, but better fodder, sleeker cows, fatter porkers, creamier milk and butter, plumper chickens, more eggs—and the benefit of all this to producer and consumer.

It seems astounding that man has tilled the soil for so many centuries blind to the advantages of bee-keeping. It was left to a modern biologist in the West, who selected the honey bee as his particular specialty for observation and study, to open man's eyes.

As usual, with modern biologists, he made hundreds of yards of notes, and then compared and classified his data into scientific summary. He found that in his garden of observation, where only one variety of a truck plant was grown, the bee made no particular improvement of it. When, however, two varieties, say of squash, were planted, the bees' cross pollination produced almost a miracle. The squashes on such vines were two or three times as large, the skins smoother and more beautifully colored, and the edible flesh inside the gourd, oh my! la, la! was infinitely more luscious.

After announcement of these conclusions, other biologists made experiments. They found, for instance, that if two varieties of apple, pear, peach or other fruit trees or berries were placed in an orchard, together with hives of bees, instead of one variety, the same phenomenon took place. Enormous crops resulted, with fruit speckless, untouched by insects, as a rule, and of the highest market value. These facts established by biologists, experimental farms of various States got busy experimenting on a larger scale. They, too, succeeded in producing larger crops, more delicately skinned and colored fruits, much larger and very much more luscious fruits and berries.

And then, of course, commercial fruit growers and commercial truck farmers caught on and the bee was elevated on a pinnacle as the greatest little insect, the greatest boon to mankind, that ever flourished. Some one will erect a statue to him yet.

We are now engulfed in a national movement, almost frantic, to increase the numbers of bees in this country by billions. And why? Suppose you have a little garden that seldom gets through a season with enough productivity for your family alone, say nothing of having something to pass along to the neighbors or sell. You get a hive of bees and thereafter plant two varieties of peas, and other vegetables instead of one, and all your troubles are over. Your little patch not only feeds your family, but the overplus brings the highest price. And the bees will do nearly all of the work while you smoke a pipe.

Again, suppose you have an old orchard that for years has produced nothing, or at most, just some scabby fruit scarcely edible or salable. All you have to do to make that orchard the marvel of the community is to put in some different varieties of apples or pears or peaches, etc., and about four hives of honey bees to the acre and marvels are accomplished. The bees will cross-pollinate the blossoms. The blossoms, instead of falling off as usual, will stick and turn into fruit—vast quantities of fruit of the super types. Graphic incidents of a practical kind can be cited almost without end.

The honey bee came into the daily news columns recently in a peculiar way. Up at Cornell University it came out that three boys, brothers, were going through the courses, supported luxuriantly by honey bees. They are sons of Otto J. Spahn, owner of a great bee farm at Pleasantville, Westchester County, N. Y. Mr. Spahn, among other agricultural assets, had about a hundred thousand bees on his place, producing twenty-five pounds of honey. Also, he had three sons who wished to go to college. So he increased his hives gradually until twenty million bees, producing two and a half tons of honey, did the trick. As a matter of fact, his 1921 crop of honey will be five tons, and Spahn senior, formerly a plumber, now living on a small farm, is referred to as "the well-known bee millionaire."

However, there are now many bee millionaires in the country, particularly in the far West and Southwest, whose huge swarms and their doings frequently figure on the screens at the movie houses. It is from these immense swarms that the whole United States will ultimately be populated with bees, increasing the output of orchards, gardens and truck farms.

The first town in the East to go "bee mad," apparently, was Greenwich, Conn., where in evidence are gorgeous gardens, the delight of all beholders, although it must be admitted that most of the local population has been stung.

The cranberry growers of the Cape Cod region began to be discouraged at the annually decreasing crops and poor berries, until the bee loomed up as a material saviour, according to E. R. Root. One bog owner put in four hives as a test. In the Autumn the crop of berries nearest the hives was a revelation. Naturally, bees are now being introduced into the bogs as fast as they can be secured and bred, with increasingly greater crops of larger and more deeply colored and more luscious berries.

New Jersey has just awakened to the possibilities of rejuvenating its cranberry bogs, etc., and is going in for bee culture, with schools teaching Jerseymen how to handle the insects.

Jersey's peach orchards—some of them fifteen or twenty square miles in extent—are also to try the bee for greater results, particularly as whole areas of trees, for the lack of pollinators, are dead to the world. I have seen some of these barren areas where are fine trees with never a peach to their credit. They blossom regularly, but there being but one variety of tree present and no bees for cross pollination the flowers drop off and the trees stand sterile.

We have been accustomed to consider that poor crops and orchards are due to the soil becoming exhausted, so that tobacco, for instance, loses its flavor, and farms have nothing much to show except the old mortgage and a lot of hard luck agriculturists. We now know that it is not the soil that is to blame, but the dearth of insect pollinators. All that the farmer needs is sufficient bees to cover his acreage to enrich him and to stop his begging at the door of Congress for financial aid. When bees are amply distributed over the whole country the farmer will revel in luxury.

The strawberry growers, not so long ago, reached an impasse. The trouble was, according to Fuller, that the perfect vines became sterile to their own pollen. The imperfect vines became part pistillate and part hermaphrodite—that is, returned to the primeval condition of having both pistils and stamens in a single plant—returned to the double-sexed state. The growers had been accustomed, in consequence, to plant three rows of pistillate plants to one staminate row. Only when there was insect pollination did the vines bear berries. Finally our friend the honey bee came into the limelight. Growers now have ample bee hives, plant two varieties of vines instead of one, the bees cross-pollinate the blossoms, and lo and behold, our markets to-day have strawberries the year around, as plentiful in Winter as in Summer. The cross-pollinated berries are as big as your fist—if of the average fist size—beautifully colored and luscious.

Blueberries and huckleberries as large as grapes are now produced by cross-pollination of honey bees, provided that the cuttings are from different bushes and not from the same variety, according to Colville.

According to Hendrickson, the imperial prune—that great big fellow which has redeemed the boarding house—is the result of cross-pollination between the Imperial and the French variety of trees. Neither type alone will bear fruit, but together they supply the markets of the world. Bees make the trees bear exactly eighteen times as many blossoms as either variety will produce alone. Only one hive to the acre is essential to prune trees.

All the Pacific coast States, under the aegis of the teachings of the Department of Pomology of the University of California, have adopted the honey bee galore, and besides producing the largest and most luscious fruits in the world are also flooding the earth with honey. The bee converts the blossom into fruit while he gathers the ingredients therein, which results in honey.

But here is our old friend the bumble bee, the material saviour of the clover and alfalfa world. The honey bee does not go into the meadows and bother with such plants, but leaves the work to his big brother, as its tongue is not long enough to reach the nectar. The Dominion of Canada discovered this important fact and got all its agricultural schools and experiment stations busy. These agencies bred bumble bees on a vast scale, until to-day Canada produces enormous crops of the domestic animal fodder. One day a commissioner from Australia toured Canada and was amazed at the clover and alfalfa crops. He reported back home about it. Result: Australia and New Zealand, where neither clover nor alfalfa grew, got from the Canadian Government large consignments of bumble bees and seed. To-day vast crops of the fodder are produced in these far-off regions in fields that were formerly almost barren.

The tongue of the honey bee is about six millimeters (-1000 part of an inch) long, while that of the bumble bee ranges from 5-16 to 13-16 part of an inch in length. In red clover the nectar is secreted in the base of the floral tube at a depth of nine millimeters, three millimeters too distant for a honey bee.

The most important thing in nature to hungry humans is the flower. If the flower, when in bloom, is fertilized properly it develops into nearly all edibles of the vegetable world for both man and beast. If not fertilized the pistils drop to the ground, thereby dwarfing or destroying the possible food. The unfertilized plant becomes discouraged and many things to its utility may happen. According to Stout, because of the dearth of insect pollinators the vast majority of the world's plants have already consolidated sexes, with consequent degeneration.

Says Lovell, in a colony of 50,000 bees 30,000 are field workers, making 300,000 visits to flowers daily. A pound of honey results from 37,000 loads of nectar, so that a hive is filled at a rate of from one to ten pounds of honey daily, according to locality and conditions. In the Massachusetts cucumber region are 120 growers, using eighty colonies of honey bees, with each forty acres under glass, productive of 10,000 bushels of cucumbers. Without bees, says John H. Lovell in "The Flower and the Bee" (Charles Scribner's Sons), not a cucumber would develop.

Central Park, New York City, is one of the most emphatic illustrations extant of the absence of bees. It has become practically treeless, flowerless, grassless and less and less of whatever it was. Not even a forest can survive without insect pollinators. It is absolutely useless for the municipal authorities to import soil, reseed and replant trees in the Park along the present indicated lines unless a great apiary is installed and bumble bees are brought from Canada and propagated in abundance. These two types of pollinators alone would make Central Park another Garden of Eden for the new trees, grasses and flowers, keeping all vegetable life wholesome, with largely complete immunity from the attacks of insects and fungous growths.

W. E. McIndoo states: Bees recognize each other by specific odors, which vary in queens and workers. All offspring of one queen mother have a common inherited family odor in addition to individual odors belonging alone to her offspring. Then there are the brood and chyle odor, drone odor, and a wax, or glandular secretion odo . Wax generator odor adheres to the comb, so that each wax structure of different colonies has its own particular odors. The honey of each colony, mixed with a secretion of the salivary glands, has its specific odor, which bee keepers utilize by daubing a queen with honey from a queenless colony, when she is readily accepted by that colony. Thus we see why a bee never makes a false entry into the wrong hive.

Tea-Time Affairs

by Lady Duff-Gordon

LADY DUFF-GORDON, the famous "Lucile" of London, and foremost creator of fashions in the world, writes each week the fashion article for this newspaper, presenting all that is newest and best in styles for well-dressed women.

Lady Duff-Gordon's Paris establishment brings her into close touch with that centre of fashion.

By LADY DUFF-GORDON ("LUCILE")

WHEN Milady dons her most comfortable suit or frock and sallies forth for her promenade these glorious days, the sheer joy of walking will be greatly enhanced if she is conscious of the fact that her costume is appropriate.

Skirt lengths, like many stocks, have taken a drop. Yet the swagger step women learned to take in their trim, short skirts during those memorable war-work days, is not to be abandoned. The transitional state of the skirt length holds its happy medium, for you will notice in the walking suit I am showing this week that the bottom is decidedly uneven. Cut high at front to allow the freedom of step, it loops into two broad scallops at either side to give the new length. The pockets at the belt line conform to this scallop outline, as does the fur-trimmed lower edge of the long coat.

Even the more plump figure may be gracefully clad for the promenade in the simple frock of Canton crepe that boasts a trimming only of fox tails. There is a bodice effect at front that detracts from the width of the chest expanse and falls into the wide, crushed girdle of self material. A strip of the silk loops at the girdle's closing and drips down the side-front, weighted into line by a bit of fur that reaches just below the hem.

An interesting note of harmony is struck in the millinery I have designed to accompany this frock. At front, a novelty ornament is placed, with a jet centre radiating tiny feathers, while the outer rim is decorated by a strip of the fox fur spread from behind, to give the effect of a sunburst.

Should one drop into a tea shop after the promenade, the fetching feather hat that is shown is equally appropriate. While it fits snug for comfort, its rolling short brim gives an added protection to the eyes. The uncurled ostrich with which the feather foundation is covered is decorative enough for more formal wear.

Coming Up To Expectations

By Dorothy Dix

I was trying to comfort an old woman whom death had robbed of the husband with whom she had lived in almost idyllic happiness for nearly fifty years.

"You were such a wonderful wife to him," I said to her, "only a few weeks before he died he said to me that you were one of God's own noblewomen and how blessed he had been in having you for a life companion."

"Ah," she replied, "Henry always thought the best of me, and so I had to give him the best that was in me. It would have amazed him so to find out that I could be petty, and mean, and little that I had to be big. It would have horrified him so to see me give way to my temper, and act like a shrew, that I learned to control myself.

"Why, I even learned how to cook, and keep a budget, and be thrifty and economical because he married me under the delusion that I would be a good manager, and know how to run my end of the partnership as well as he ran his.

"He always made me feel that he expected great things of me—that I would always do the right thing in every situation; that I would have courage, and wisdom, and patience, and I tried not to disappoint him. We all make an effort to live up to our blue china, you know."

"He always thought the best of me and so I gave him the best that was in me."

I wonder if that is not the real secret of how to make marriage a success? I wonder if husbands and wives, who only look for the gold in each other, don't find the precious metal instead of dross? I wonder if in every human being there is not both an angel and a devil, and if the one does not come forth that we summon.

Certain it is that most husbands and wives seem to believe in worst of each other, and to call forth what is most disagreeable in each other's natures. The average married couple live in a state of perpetual bickering over trifles. Apparently neither one ever expects the other one to do the right thing under any circumstances and they spend their time criticising each other, and dwelling on each other's shortcomings.

Compliments in the family circle would cause the recipient to fall dead with surprise. Secretly the husband may still admire his wife, but he would die before he would tell her so. At the bottom of her soul a woman may think her husband a giant among other men, but wild horses could not drag the admission from her. Each feels it to be the sacred duty of a husband or wife to be an expert hammer wielder, and not a salve spreader.

The man has listened to his wife recite the litany of his faults until he feels that she regards him as a poor, miserable, make shift of a man who will never make a success of life, and who is stingy, and tyrannical, to boot. The woman has had her husband tell her so often that she is a fool, and a bad manager, and wasteful and extravagant, and that she muddles a story whom she tries to tell it, and has the outlook of a hen, that she think that he regards her as a failure as a woman, and doesn't expect any more of her than he would of a half-wit.

And this induces in the man and the woman a what's the use attitude towards matrimony, which is the most demoralising thing that could happen to it. The man says what's the use of my trying to be a good husband, and a good provider for my family, when all the thanks I get at home is criticism because I don't do better. The woman says what's the use of my denying myself things that I want in order to save and of my cooking and sewing to make a comfortable home when all the reward that I get is a knock from my husband.

So both slump, and both are very apt to come to justify the evil expectations of the other. One might as well be killed for a sheep as a lamb and if one is going to be blamed, anyway, one might as well have the game as the name.

The jealous and suspicious wife, who is always watching her husband and keeping tab on him, and who reads wrong into his most innocent relationship with other women, will inevitably drive him into justifying her belief of him. The man who will not give his wife a dollar to spend, or trust her out of his sight, may rest assured that in the end she will outwit him and deceive him, and be as false as he expects her to be. But there are not many men and women who do not repay faith with faith, and who are not true to those who trust them.

Praise is more potent than blame. The thing that we try hardest to do is the thing we excel in, the thing we know we will be extolled for doing. The people we take most pains to please are those who love and admire us. We make every effort to increase their good opinion, but our enemies and critics may go hang for all of us. We do not put ourselves out to propitiate them because no matter what we do they are going to lambast us anyway.

We all try to be what people expect us to be. We give the best that is in us to those who expect the best, and that is worth remembering, married people.

The Household

Edited By Anne Rittenhouse

WHAT WE HAVE BEEN

There is an inherant desire in all human breasts even in our own democratic America not only to possess what we call "culture" and at least a comfortable amount of wealth, but to have been descended from families where these conditions prevailed back to the remotest antiquity. In fact, there are some folks who can very much better endure the hardships of poverty and mayhap the embarrassment of following a humble trade if they can enjoy the reputation in the community of having sprung from a well-to-do family or to have been descended from a man whose name is famous and widely honored. We find this sort of thing cropping up in most unexpected places. An Irish ne'er-do-well who is content to ply the humblest and poorest paid trade in the community will radiate with pride and really engage your respect and attention when he tells you convincingly that his remote ancestors were Kings of Munster, and for the life of you you cannot help but take a renewed interest in the peddler who has cheated you when you learn on not very good authority that he is really a Polish count in exile.

Still there is always a wholesome tendency in this land, as in other fairly newly developed lands, to discount what a man has been and what his family has been and to attach more importance to what he is. It is only among the narrower social circles that one finds oneself handicapped because she began life in humble circumstances. In a very small and narrow community women may be ostracised socially in spite of many charms and social graces because her husband made his money vending popcorn balls at a summer resort and her mother was once a tight-rope walker in the circus. But in the big world where standards are broader and where persons of real achievement meet, the fact that a man started life at selling peanut balls would be regarded as an interesting and picturesque fact that he might find that it rather added to his social prestige.

The Coat And Cape In One

None of the masters of dress have obliterated the fashion of placing a wide cape as a background to a coat or a frock.

The Americans fancied that the fashion was finished, for we adopted the idea with such enthusiasm in America last spring and enthusiasm wears itself out.

Justice should be given to the newer movement of the fashion, however, as the capes of the hour are wide. The capes of last spring were narrow and fell in ripples from shoulder to waist like an immense handkerchief, whereas the new cape is cut as a part of the coat. When the wearer spreads out her arms, the cape forms a square background. It hangs to the knees at the back and, passing over the arms to the front, it forms a square sleeve.

Doucet has made an exceptionally striking coat in this fashion. It is of dark blue broadcloth trimmed with gray astrachan and embroidered with steel nail heads, arranged in a trellis design.

It is worn with a one piece frock of dark blue cloth, but it can be used for several gowns.

There is a new black velvet gown worn in Paris which has this cape attachment lined with white velvet. The gown itself is after the closely draped kimono model which is in direct opposition to the wide skirts of the Second Empire.

This frock is trimmed with white fur in the accepted manner, which means a high loose collar and a wide loose cuff. The cuffs on this frock are quite moderate in size, however, as they look like little sisters of the rich.

The woman who wears the gown in Paris carries a white fur muff, and adds to it a black velvet hat with a quill of white velvet.

The evening gowns imitate the afternoon gowns in carrying their own capes. They are not of tulle in sea colors, such as Molyneux introduced but they are of fringe made of metal beads.

There is a gray velvet gown worn over here which has a simple bodice and an overskirt—if one may call it that—which is like an Egyptian ornament, for it consists of fringe made of jet and steel beads that hangs to the ankles and begins in a broad hip girdle.

THE CYNIC AND THE BEAUTY COMPETITION.

POWDER PUFFS IN THE BALANCE.

THE recent "Daily Mirror" Beauty Competition seems, like a stone dropped in a pond, to have awakened a series of ripples which penetrate to all parts of society.

Hardly can one go to a "Victory Ball" for a few hours' undiluted merriment not entirely unconnected with jazz, without finding that the dancing is to be interrupted by a "beauty competition." Certainly the winners of these affairs do not leap into fame and fortune at a bound like the "Daily Mirror's" lovely find, but they probably enjoy a certain amount of private satisfaction.

One can imagine a cynic inviting his lady guest to a beauty-competition-dance. They appear painted, powdered, and marcelled. They dance, until the small hours, in the tempered glare of electric lights. Comes the dawn. The lights are turned out: the curtains pulled back to let in the cruel morning light. "Ladies," says the host, "will you take your places for the Beauty Competition?" Need any more be said?

Few of us claim the perfection of beauty as set forth in someone's criterion.

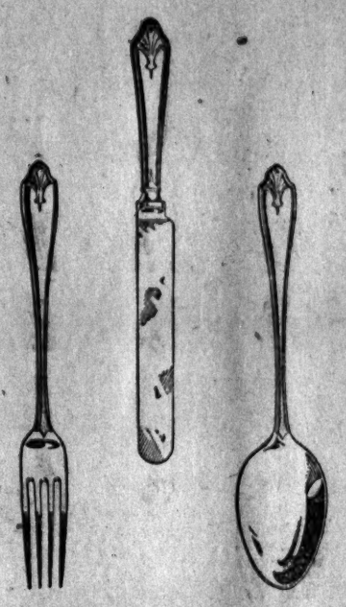
"If you can face the sun when all the others are sitting with their backs towards the light," but under more kindly illumination it is possible to look one's very prettiest at a dance. One must admit that the heat of ballrooms and the ardour of dancing are foes to the complexion, and what maiden in these days of serious dancing dares retire too frequently to powder her shining little nose?

Yet even this has its remedy, as the wise girl knows. Before coming to the dance Phyllis bathes her face and neck with a solution of pure cleminite, which she rubs well into the skin with her fingertips until it is quite dry. This done, her complexion assumes a peach-like finish which will remain unchanged during a whole evening's dancing.

I suppose every girl would like a new frock for each dance she goes to? But even the unemployed would find that rather a strain on the exchequer. It is a consolation, even if a poor one, to reflect that no amount of frocks will give a girl real prettiness—which is what counts in the end. A pretty complexion, which is the beginning of all beauty, is quite cheap, you know. For about one half-penny you can have a clean, fresh, new skin (*not* the old one cleaned up for the occasion) for every dance you go to.

I expect any girl could explain this apparent mystery. For the benefit of those who cannot, here is the solution. Get some mercolised wax from the chemist. It is rather expensive but it lasts a long time with care. Smear it over your face before going to bed, not using too much, and wash it off in the morning. The oxygen contained in the wax absorbs the outer skin which has become rough and coarse, and gives the new skin below a chance to show itself. Quite simple, isn't it?

Certainly, the sort of complexion you get from using simple preparations like the above should be an asset in any beauty competition—even the cynic's!



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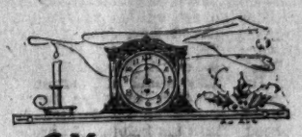

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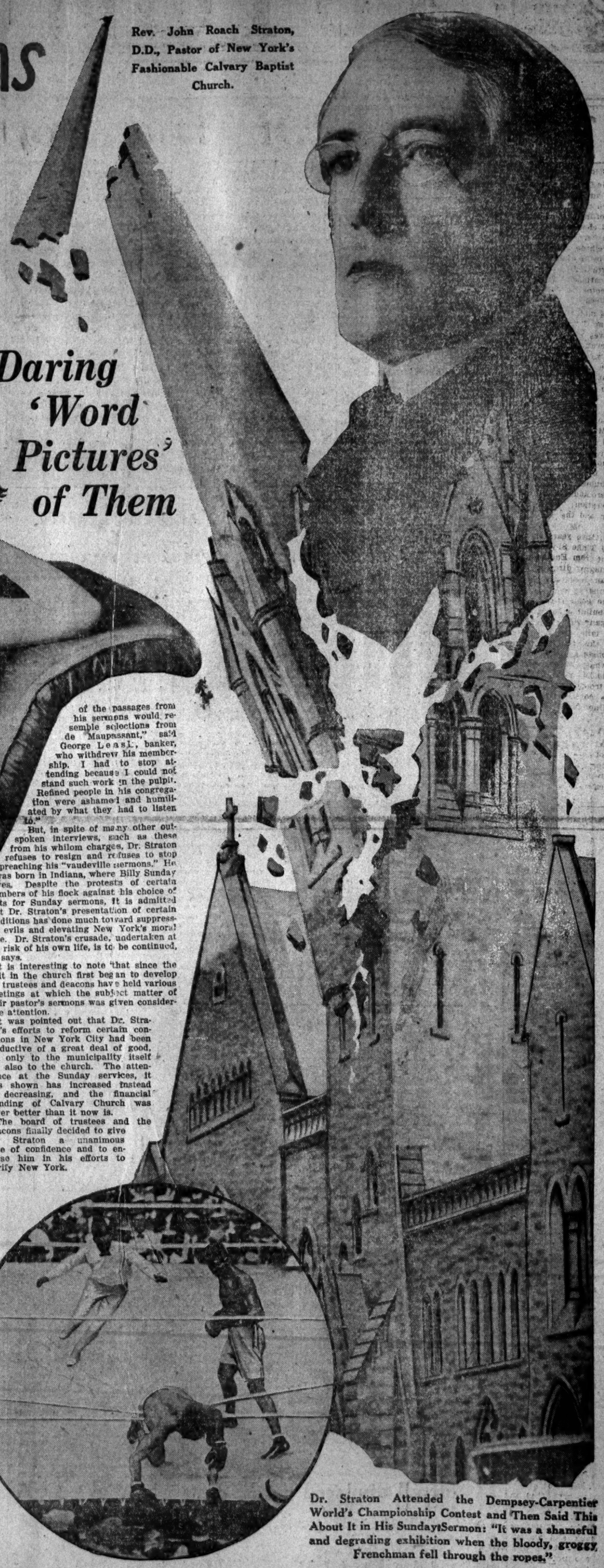
The Shocking Sermons That Split a Church

Dr. Straton's Wealthy Flock Is Divided on Whether the Evils He Assails Are More Alarming Than His Daring 'Word Pictures' of Them



Rev. John Roach Straton, D.D., Pastor of New York's Fashionable Calvary Baptist Church.

THE Calvary Baptist Church of New York, famous the world over as "the Rockefeller Church," is split in two because its pastor, Rev. John Roach Straton, preached about the shimmy, cabaret orgies, nude actresses, prize fights, the Elwell mystery, the Fatty Arbuckle case and similar lively subjects.

Half the members have quit or threatened to quit. They call Dr. Straton a bandwagon preacher and his sermons a cross between vaudeville and the snappiest stories of Guy de Maupassant. Mothers kept their children away from Calvary. Two hundred members withdrew. The former pastor, Dr. Robert Stuart MacArthur, had his name stricken from the church calendar.

The other half of the congregation stands by Dr. Straton. He simply told the truth about modern immorality, they say. To which the anti-Straton element replies: "But look at the way he told it!"

For example, they point out a long series of sermons by Dr. Straton ranging in subject from Geraldine Farrar's back to Sir Oliver Lodge and the ouija board. They score Dr. Straton for attending the theatre, touring the New York tenderloin, watching the Dempsey-Carpentier fight, and then coming back and telling his audiences all about what he saw. They call his pulpit language, much of which has been denied publication in the newspapers, "shocking" and "dreadful."

Extracts from Dr. Straton's sermons have been compiled by members of the congregation to back their request that the pastor either resign or alter his choice of themes and his snappy phraseology.

One of the first Straton sermons to create a sensation was an attack on the "Bal Bleu," a charity ball of the New York "Four Hundred."

Society was ruffled. Such well known women as Mrs. Elbert H. Gary, Mrs. Mortimer L. Schiff and other patronesses of the "Bal Bleu" replied caustically to Dr. Straton. But the minister only smiled. "New York needs sensational preaching," he said. "I have only been playing around the edges a bit, but I will not give any guarantee for the future."

Dr. Straton proceeded to make good his threat by preaching a sermon on the French play, "Aphrodite," which had only just opened in New York. Several thousand people fought to get into "Aphrodite" the first night, because they had heard the heroine appeared entirely in the nude. Dr. Straton's hat was smashed in the crush, but he managed to get a seat not far from the bald-headed row. The nude scene in "Aphrodite" was the subject of his sermon the following Sunday. He condemned it unmercifully, but he described it frankly.

"It is not art, it is abomination, it is not 'love,' it is lust—the apothesis of everything that is vile and degrading," was Dr. Straton's indictment of Aprodite." Describing the play to his congregation, he said:

"The girls outdistanced Mother Eve, for she at least had a fig-leaf apron! These young women were not even given the poor boon of tights to save them from contracting influenza."

Next Dr. Straton, accompanied by a detective and a young man who "knew the ropes," made a personal tour of Broadway's "gilded palaces of sin," as he described them. Crowds flocked to hear his description of the trip. Thus did he hold them breathless:

"They were surging up and down the three large dancing floors in the closest possible proximity. The dances indulged in were indecent, even as dances go. We saw the "hootchy-kootchy," the "shimmy-shake" and the "cheek-to-cheek." The air was heavy with cigarette smoke and the fumes of whiskey, which was being drunk on every side, and the conditions on the dancing floor were utterly disgusting."

Dr. Straton's charges in this sermon—he named the places he visited—brought about several arrests and a Grand Jury investigation. He was heralded as a vice crusader.

The newspapers at this time were full of the sensational Shonts case. Theodore P. Shonts, the subway magnate, died, leaving his vast fortune to Mrs. Amanda C. Thomas, said to be his affinity. Seizing on the Shonts case as his subject, Dr. Straton charged that New York's apartments and hotels were full of women supported by wealthy men. He dilated on the subject at length, reading to his spell-bound congregation a magazine article describing New York vice. The church members listened to such lurid literature as this:

"I have seen dancing in many parts of the world. I have watched the natives dance in Algiers. I have witnessed similar performances in Constantinople, and I have been familiar with many dances in Paris, but I have never seen any dancing more lascivious than the present day dances—the more nearly New York women of fashion can dress like the demi-monde, the more pleased they seem to be. The women members of our best families dress as only the most brazen women of the underworld abroad would think of dressing.

"Four hundred dance halls in New York grind the grist for hell every night. We now have had the French Can-can, Argentine Tango, Boston Dip, Horse Trot, Hug-Me-Tight, Feather Dance, San Francisco Glide, Rocker Waltz, Skunk Waltz, Shirling Swing, Gaby Glide, Wrigley Worm, Kitchen Sink, Grizzly Grapple and Cheek-to-Cheek. So far as Christians are concerned, the dance does not need regulation, but strangulation."

Dr. Straton on Geraldine Farrar's "bare-back" performance in the opera "Zaza":

"When a woman, even in grand opera, comes upon a stage with her dress cut below her breast and sprays perfume over herself, every decent man and woman, to say nothing of church members, ought to get up and go out."

Dr. Straton on the fad for spiritualism: "It is highly significant that these 'mediums' are all women. The first medium the devil used for the overthrow of the human race was a woman. Satan came to Eve in the Garden of Eden, and not to man, and he still manifests a strong preference for the female side of humanity."

Such samples are typical of the milder portions of Dr. Straton's sermons to which some of the leading pillars of Calvary Church so strenuously objected. A break almost came when, last Summer, Dr. Straton attended the Dempsey-Carpentier prize fight and, the next time he took the pulpit, described it in both word and deed, illustrating with his arms and fists how the knockout punch was applied.

"It was a shameful and degrading spectacle when the bloody, groggy Frenchman fell through the ropes," declared Dr. Straton, and amused his audience by illustrating the fall.

"A regular vaudeville show," asserted Dr. Straton's shocked parishioners.

The crowning straw came when, with the newspapers crammed with details of Fatty Arbuckle's wild "party" and the death of Virginia Rappe, Dr. Straton announced the Arbuckle case would be his subject the next Sunday.

Immediately 200 members quit. Dr. MacArthur withdrew the title of pastor emeritus from the church calendar, and leading deacons demanded Dr. Straton's resignation.

"Whatever Dr. Straton's motive in preaching in this manner, it has an injurious moral effect on his audience," declared Rev. John J. Calvert. "Many mothers and fathers have left the church because they would not permit their children to listen to such things as Dr. Straton drags into his pulpit. No preacher should discuss such disgusting things in public in this way."

"Given literary finish, some of the passages from his sermons would resemble selections from de Maupassant," said George Leask, banker, who withdrew his membership. I had to stop attending because I could not stand such work in the pulpit. Refined people in his congregation were ashamed and humiliated by what they had to listen to."

But, in spite of many other outspoken interviews, such as these from his whilom charges, Dr. Straton refuses to resign and refuses to stop preaching his "vaudeville sermons." He was born in Indiana, where Billy Sunday lives. Despite the protests of certain members of his flock against his choice of texts for Sunday sermons, it is admitted that Dr. Straton's presentation of certain conditions has done much toward suppressing evils and elevating New York's moral tone. Dr. Straton's crusade, undertaken at the risk of his own life, is to be continued, he says.

It is interesting to note that since the split in the church first began to develop the trustees and deacons have held various meetings at which the subject matter of their pastor's sermons was given considerable attention.

It was pointed out that Dr. Straton's efforts to reform certain conditions in New York City had been productive of a great deal of good, not only to the municipality itself but also to the church. The attendance at the Sunday services, it was shown has increased instead of decreasing, and the financial standing of Calvary Church was never better than it now is.

The board of trustees and the deacons finally decided to give Dr. Straton a unanimous vote of confidence and to endorse him in his efforts to purify New York.

Charming Dorothy Dalton in "Aphrodite," the Spectacular Stage Play of Which Dr. Straton Declared from His Pulpit: "Aphrodite is an orgy of sensuality and shame. It is abomination—not art."

"Modern dancing does not need regulation but strangulation."
—Rev. Dr. Straton.

Dr. Straton Attended the Dempsey-Carpentier World's Championship Contest and Then Said This About It in His Sunday Sermon: "It was a shameful and degrading exhibition when the bloody, groggy Frenchman fell through the ropes."

AUTOMOBILES

SHANGHAI, SUN DAY, JANUARY 1, 1922

The Story Of The Northwestern Motor Service

BY VERNE DYSON

Motoring in Mongolia reaches the height of adventure and suffering, and when the Peking government is back of the enterprise there are the added elements of intrigue and confusion. A good many vivid memories were brought to the mind of Y. C. Loo by the announcement from the north that the Ministry of Communications will shortly resume the motor service between Kalgan and Urga.

Mr. Loo is a motor engineer with the Wah Chang Trading Company. In 1917 he was employed by the Chinese government to establish and conduct what was to become a picturesque commercial enterprise, brought to failure by war after a period of success when the net earnings were—in one year—$80,000.

You mention automobiles and Mongolia to Mr. Loo and he thinks of winds and wolves; a white fox speeding like a colorless arrow across the snow plain; the "ghost fires" which flit at night above the rotting human bones; 50 degress below zero and a broken axle; successful operation; "Little Hsu," Baron Ungern and the end of the enterprise.

It was about five years ago that Major-General Tinge Si-yuen, a returned student from England, who was then managing director of the Peking-Suiyuan Railroad, suggested to the Ministry of Communications that the government should consider the building of a railroad between Kalgan and Urga, a distance of 672 miles, as a military precaution in the event of a revolt in Outer Mongolia. The general pointed out what a convenience the railroad would be in the matter of transporting troops to the scene of trouble. The commercial importance of the line was stressed only mildly.

RAILWAY ABANDONED

The railroad project was considered but, of course, the government could not finance it and the plan was given up. Then the general suggested a motor service between Kalgan and Urga. Enough money was available to buy five or six motor cars and so the line was established under the guise of a strictly business enterprize when, in fact, it was a military measure.

At this time the automobile was not entirely unknown to the Gobi Desert region for in 1913 the Mongolian Trading Company, an American concern, began operating a monthly service to Urga, using Ford cars. This line was still in operation at a late date but with its energies confined strictly to company business.

Then in 1915 the Chinese Merchants Motor Car Service began transportation across Mongolia. For a while two or three Ford cars were dispatched from either end of the route every ten days. Heavy trucks were tried on this line but without success. After three years the company suspended, due to a break-down in management and scarcity of money.

The government's project, the North-western Motor Service, came into being in the summer of 1917. Mr. Loo, the superintendent, started on his path-finding trip on June 16 with a fleet of five Buick touring cars (six cylinder). The operating force consisted of two mechanics and seven drivers. There were several government officials, including Mr. Yu Yen-feng, now managing director of the Peking-Hankow Railroad and then an engineering expert with the Ministry of Communications. Mr. Yu had his secretary and there was another engineer, Mr. Huang.

On this initial tour the principal cargo of each car was gasoline. Aside from its regular tank, each machine had a forty-gallon tank on each of its two running boards. One car carried twenty-three 10-gallon cases of gasoline.

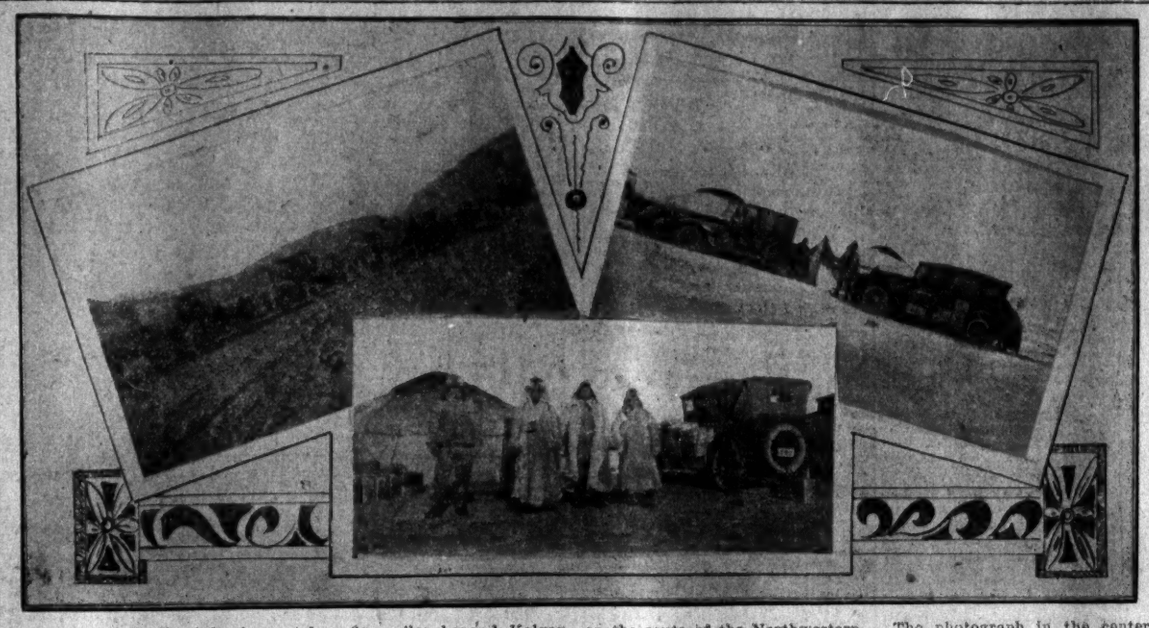
The cars started. The first lap of the journey was Kalgan to Pang Kiang, 147 miles. Mr. Loo recalls that the road was very rough for the first twenty-four miles —sand and rocks. Then came thirty-two miles of heavy mud, then a number of flooded areas.

FOLLOW TELEGRAPH POLES

Seven miles this side of Pang Kiang one of the Buicks quit. It was a new car and the engine had not been properly broken in. An overheated cylinder stuck, the bolt in the connecting rod gave way and the rod battered a great big hole in the crank case. No extra parts had been taken along, and Mr. Loo and his two mechanics and the eminent engineers were unable to repair.

The disabled Buick was left in its tracks and the other four machines went on to Pang Kiang, arriving at 3 a.m. Later in the day the broken car was hauled into town. The expedition remained in Pang Kiang three days, repairing, testing and tuning-up the four remaining cars. Made Udda, the next stop—119 miles—by 8 p.m. on the first day without mishap. Wind and sand had obliterated most of the road and the motorists followed the telegraph poles.

Again between Udda and Turin part of the road was missing. There was no serious trouble, however, and the distance of 114 miles was covered before dinner time. It is a short run between Turin and Urga; only 89 miles, and the destination was reached at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. There was a stay of one week in Urga before the return trip began.



The picture at the left shows the motor train of General Hsu Shu-cheng ("Little Hsu") crossing Mongolia. The picture was taken five miles beyond Kalgan. It was 35 degrees below zero when the picture at the right was taken at Sai Wsu (Good Water) on the route of the Northwestern Motor Service through Mongolia. The limousine to the left belongs to "Little Hsu."

The photograph in the center shows how motorists have to dress in Mongolia. The second man from the left is Y. C. Loo, Shanghai motor engineer.

Thus was the North-western Motor Service inaugurated. On August 5 three cars started from Kalgan with seven passengers. The cost of a one-way ticket was $120, and each passenger was allowed a maximum of twenty catties (thirty pounds) of baggage.

By this time the extra tanks had been removed from the running boards as this space was needed for baggage. Gasoline was sent on ahead and distributed at the stations along the route.

The three cars brought back twelve passengers and business continued to be good. When the traffic was suspended on October 10 on account of the cold weather the line had made a net profit of $4,000. The government was pleased and Mr. Loo was sent to Shanghai to buy more cars and a vulcanising plant.

FIVE MORE CARS

Five more Buicks were placed in service when the line resumed operation in March, 1918. By that time Mr. Loo had established a repair shop and a vulcanising plant, the latter patterned after that of the Central Garage in Shanghai. The garage, the first in Kalgan and the most northern institution of that kind in China, was established in a remodeled railway godown. There was room to store thirty-five machines.

From Shanghai Mr. Loo transported considerable machinery for the repair plant. The equipment included a lathe, drill, planer, shaper; a Delco light plant for lights and for battery service; and a compressed machine. Being a motor car engineer, Mr. Loo took pride in making it a model garage. He had seven mechanics.

On the first trip of the 1918 season there were twenty-two passengers and business continued to be good up to October when traffic was suspended. A total of eighty tires and twice that many inner tubes were worn out that season. The net profits for the six months were $25,000. Again, the government was pleased and Mr. Loo was directed to buy more Buicks and he added eight to the string. It was decided to operate the line all through the winter of 1918-19.

"We managed to keep the cars going all winter although it was from thirty to fifty degrees below zero for about four months," Mr. Loo explained. "Under these conditions motoring reaches the maximum of hardships. In the radiators we used a mixture of half alchohol and half water. In cold as intense as this the engines had to be kept going continuously, even at night when we were not running. We had to have a guard who stayed awake all night and kept the engines running slowly. You can imagine the difficulties of starting an engine when it has cooled to 50 degrees below zero."

During the winter three to five cars left Kalgan for the north every ten days. The total income for the year, ending with October, 1919, was $140,000 and of this amount, $80,000 was clear profit. Once more the government at Peking was pleased and again Mr. Loo was was directed to buy more cars. In the fall of 1919 he purchased twelve 7-passengers Buicks. There was now a total of twenty-four cars in operation.

THEN CAME REVOLT

Immense profits were expected from the line in 1920, but early in that year began the revolt in Outer Mongolia. By April all commercial passenger service had been suspended and the entire equipment of the line was devoted to transporting the soldiers of General Hsu Shih-cheng ("Little Hsu"), the commander of Frontier Defense.

All through that summer the motor line was devoted to military uses. Mr. Loo was in Urga on business in August when the trouble began to brew. He returned to Kalgan the 26th of the month, closely followed by the news that the fighting there had started with Baron Ungern's men. When the Baron took Urga he confiscated three motor cars belonging to the government's motor line.

While the Peking government was frantically engaged in transporting troops across Mongolia, eighteen one and two-ton trucks were purchased to augment the touring cars. The trucks were found to be too heavy for the roads and their use was discontinued after only four trips.

All through 1921 the equipment of the motor line, costing a total of about $250,000, has remained idle at Kalgan with the exception of passenger service which has been maintained between that place and Dorlonor, the distance of 800 li, and without profit.

PLAN TO RESUME

For more than one year the hostility of the Mongolian officials in Urga and the numerous bandits along the northern part of the route have made it impossible to operate the line, but these conditions have changed now, it is said, for the better. A news report gives this information:

"The Ministry of Communications has appointed Mr. Chen Shih-hua, director of the Peking-Suiyan Railway, to take charge of the government's North-western Motor Service. When the Anfu clique was in power in Peking, the motor cars of this service ran between Kalgan and Urga once a week but were discontinued last fall by the Chihli faction. Now by arrangement with Marshal Tsao Kun, the Ministry of Communications will resume the service both for commercial and military purposes."

MAY THE YEAR 1922

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THE PERFECT CAR

THE SHANGHAI HORSE BAZAAR MOTOR & CO., LTD.

16 BUBBLING WELL ROAD

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Ford Offers Plan To Stop All Wars; Sees Evil In Gold

Detroit, Dec. 3.—A special despatch from Florence, Ala., today to the Detroit News by a staff correspondent says:

Henry Ford here with Thomas A. Edison, says he wants Muscle Shoals to show the world how to stop all war. This, he declares, is the supreme purpose of his life. Not for profit, nor for an extension of his business, nor yet from a desire to enlarge his fortune is he after this great power site, but to lead the world out of war for all time to come. And he seriously and positively believes he can do it if Congress will let him.

Mr. Ford expressed for the first time what he declares is his real purpose in seeking to buy Muscle Shoals from the Government.

"If you take over Muscle Shoals," Mr. Ford was asked, "what effect will it have on your Detroit industries and Detroit as a whole?"

"Why do you think I want Muscle Shoals?" he asked. "It can't be money that I want out of it. It can't be more business. There must me some other reason. If Detroit or the South or any other particular locality is benefited by my taking over Muscle Shoals, good and fine, but that is incidental. My purpose in taking over Muscle Shoals is not to benefit us or our business of Detroit or any other part of the country. My one purpose is to do a certain thing that will benefit the whole world.

SAYS IT WILL END WARS

"If the Government accepts my offer for Muscle Shoals as we have made it and will consider completing the dam according to a financial plan which I have in hand we can here do an epochal thing. We shall eliminate war from the world.

"It is very simple when you analyze it. The cause of all wars is gold. We shall demonstrate to the world two things: First, the practicability; second, the desirability of displacing gold as the basis of currency and substituting in its place the world's imperishable natural wealth.

"Most everybody in the world except the newspapers recognise that civilisation has entered on a new era. The newspapers don't see it, and the international bankers don't want to see it. It would mean changes in world finance, and bankers always oppose changes.

"There is a group of international bankers who today control the bulk of the world's gold supply. No matter to what country they, as individuals, claim allegiance, they all play the same game to keep the gold they have in their own hands, and to get just as much more as possible.

"With the international bankers the fostering, starting and fighting of a war is nothing more or less than creating an active market for money—a business transaction. If the different countries of the international groups are at war, that makes no difference; no matter who loses the war there have been a great many loans. The gold system always wins. The young men from 18 to 30 fight the war and are mained or killed; the internationalists are safe and prosperous.

REMOVE GOLD AS BASIS

"Ten years ago I said I intended to put every ounce of brain and energy in me to stopping war. I never meant anything more earnestly, and that's why I want Muscle Shaols. I see a way which, if it can be done, will do more to end war than a thousand years of agitation.

"The essential evil of gold in its relation to war is the fact that it can be controlled. Break the control and you stop war. And the single way to break the control of these international bankers, the way to end their exploitation of humanity forever, is to remove gold as a basis for the currency of the world.

"Army engineers say it will take $30,000,000 to complete the big dam. But Congress is economical just now and not in a mood to raise the money by taxation. The customary alternative is thirty year bonds at 4 per cent. The United States, the greatest government in the world, wishing a pesky $30,000,000 to complete a great public benefit, is forced to go to the money sellers."

"But your plan would upset the money system of the world and might work incalculable harm."

"Not necessarily. We need not abolish anything. We need not even abolish the gold standard. Simply forget that there is any such thing as a gold standard, and whenever the Government needs money for a great, serviceable and profitable public improvemen', instead of thinking of bonds with their heavy drag of interest charges, think of redeemable non-interest bearing currency."

"But have you worked out a standard of value?" Mr. Ford was asked.

"Yes. We will have that ready when Congress wishes to hear about this plan. The standard American dollar is approximately one-twentieth of an ounce of gold. Under the currency system the standard would be a certain amount of energy exerted for one hour that would be equal to one dollar. It's simply a case of thinking and calculating in terms different from those laid down to us by the international banking group to which we have grown so accustomed that we think there is no other desirable standard."

"But how is all this going to stop war?"

"Simply because if tried here at Muscle Shoals the plan will prove so overwhelmingly and amazingly successful that the American people will never again consent to issuance of an interest bearing bond for an international improvement. When the Government needs money it will raise it by issuing currency against its imperishable natural wealth. Other countries seeing our success will do likewise. The function of the money seller will have disappeared.

"No matter what becomes of this suggestion I shall act so that no money speculator will make anything out of Muscle Shoals even if I have to take up the whole bond issue myself."

EMERGENCY BRUSH

An emergency brush may be made by rolling a piece of fine mesh copper or brass wire gauze into a cylinder corresponding in size to the magneto brush. Or a carbon brush may be cut in two to do double duty. If a suitable piece of carbon (perhaps from an old dry cell) is available, it may be shaped up for emergency use.

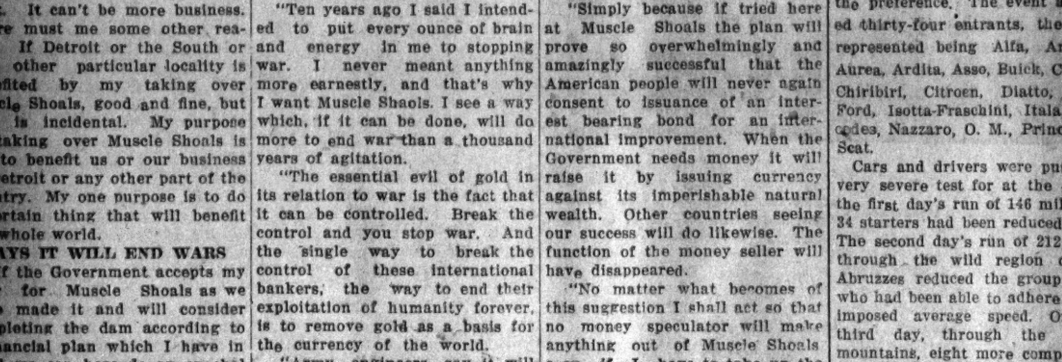
FIATS WIN TWO PRIZES IN CLIMB OF APPENINES

That no more severe test for motor cars can be found than continuous running in mountainous regions, with the application of a very close time table, was shown in the Latium Tourist Trophy, held in Italy. The competitors in this event had to cover 560 miles in three stages through the Appenine Mountains, the regions selected being Mount Cimini, the Abruzzes, and the Volsci. Only normal touring cars, with full touring equipment were admitted, and an average of 28 miles an hour had to be maintained on every stage of the journey. During the authorised stops, the cars were kept under official control and were not delivered to their drivers until ten minutes before the official starting hour.

In order to put small cars on an equal footing with big and powerful models, it was stipulated that in case of equal performances on the road the cars with the smallest piston displacements should have the preference. The event attracted thirty-four entrants, the firms represented being Alfa, Ansaldo, Aurea, Ardita, Asso, Buick, Ceirano Chiribiri, Citroen, Diatto, Fiat, Ford, Isotta-Fraschini, Itala, Mercedes, Nazzaro, O. M., Prince and Scat.

Cars and drivers were put to a very severe test for at the end of the first day's run of 146 miles the 34 starters had been reduced to 24. The second day's run of 212 miles through the wild region of the Abruzzes reduced the group to 18 who had been able to adhere to the imposed average speed. On the third day, through the Volsci mountains, eight more competitors failed to live up to the rules, this reducing the clean-score competitors to ten only.

By applying the rule which placed the cars in order of merit in accordance with the smallness of their piston displacement, the Royal Prize and the Latium Tourist Trophy were awarded to Mr. Cerboni, driver of a 10-15 h.p. standard Fiat. The second prize was won by Prince Lancellotti, also on a 10-15 h.p. Fiat, and the third prize went to Mr. Lotti on an Ansaldo.



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We Have Ready for Immediate Delivery:

Hupmobile	5 Pass.	Touring	(1919)
Nash	5 "	"	(1919)
Buick 6	5 "	"	(1920)
Buick 6	5 "	"	(1921)
Buick 6	7 "	"	(1919)
Dodge	5 "	"	(1920)
Haynes	5 "	Touring	run 4,500 miles
Studebaker special six			(slightly used)
Briscoe	5 Pass.	"	run 3000 M.
Overland 90	5 "	"	(as good as new)
Essex	5 "	"	(special fittings)
Renault		Limousine	(1919)
Buick 6		"	(1920)
Dodge		"	(1920)
Studebaker 4		"	splendid cond.
Hupmobile		"	(1920)
Overland 90		"	(special built)
Austin		Landaulette	(1919)
Studebaker 6		Coupe	(1920)
Overland		Roadster	(newly painted)
Scripps-Booth		Coupe	5 new tyres
Buick 6		Roadster	(1920)

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wish all their Patrons and Friends a very Happy and Prosperous New Year

Motor Truck Man, In Studebaker Six, Fights Sands Of Death Valley

Braves Terrors And Follows Unknown Route In Journey From Mojave

Braving the terrors of Death Valley with its terrific heat, poisoned water holes and fearful cloudbursts C. J. Stacey, assistant manager of the Sterling Motor Truck Company, has set a new record for business enterprise which will probably stand unduplicated for some time to come.

Stacey, who drives a 1917 Studebaker Six, recently conceived the idea of supplanting the mule on the desert by selling the big borax mining companies Sterling Trucks. To do so meant a long roundabout trip via Tonopah and perhaps Reno or to hit across the desert directly to their headquarters. Being an enthusiastic motorist and confident that his car could go anywhere any vehicle could go, and unfamiliar with the many trials and tribulations, to say nothing of dangers that lay in wait for him at every turn of the trail, he chose the latter.

He won. But the difficulties encountered would make the basis for an interesting short story.

"They say that fools rush in where angels fear to tread, and I guess I qualify as one of the former," said Stacey. "It was an experience I shall never forget, but one I hope I shall never have again.

"Our first touch of the desert began at Mojave. Here we learned that only the day before a thirst-crazed family, two of their members dead, had just been brought in off the great sand waste and we were warned to keep off.

KEEP ON GOING

"However, now that a start had been made, we decided to keep going. Ignorance is bliss and we were surely ignorant. Early in the morning we left Mojave. I had taken considerable pains to get the car ready for hard going and with seven new cord tires and extra parts of various descriptions I was satisfied that no trouble could overtake us which would be too difficult to overcome.

"For several miles we followed a road, such as it was, and were just congratulating ourselves on our good fortune when suddenly, the last sign of a track disappeared and we were really into it. For several minutes we did not know which way to turn. We had been advised to follow the washes as the sand of the desert is deep, but the particular one we found ourselves in was well over the height of the car. By standing on the hood of the machine I finally located, away off in the distance the white sign of the Southern Automobile Club Road, and the one bright spot in the great desert.

"By this time the sun was well up and the heat was terrific. After a short consultation we decided to head in the general direction of the sign in the hope of picking it up and fortunately after what seemed several miles of travel by taking another sighting, we found we had nearly reached our objective.

"All day we followed an unknown route guiding ourselves mostly by intuition assisted occasionally by the white signs and as evening fell we reached Bradberry's well where drinkable water was obtained.

HELP "DESERT RAT"

"Here we met an old prospector, a desert rat, whose car had broken down and who was camped awaiting a chance to get word into Death Valley Junction for someone to come out and get him. We looked over the machine and fortunately were able to fix him up, sending him on his way, and I never in my life saw a man so grateful.

"He explained some of the terrors that lay in wait for us and advised following the automobile club warning to keep clear of the washes when it rained. According to his story, every rain is a cloudburst in Death Valley and stated that the torrents would crush our car to bits if we got caught in a wash.

"The next day we again headed for what we believed to be the general direction of our destination. Hardly had we gotten under way, when in driving down into an arroyo, on to what I thought was firm ground, the road bed gave way and we were mired to the running boards in soft oozing mud.

RACES MOTOR

"Then began a real fight. We were many miles from the nearest habitation and no assistance could be expected. For hours we struggled and it was only by racing the motor and jumping the car a few inches at a time that we finally reached hard ground. When we did, the clutch, which had been buried in the mud, refused to work properly and we had to stop and clean it out. By this two of our new cord tires were so badly cut it was thought advisable to change them and one was worn to such an extent we threw it away.

"The rest of the day passed much like the first. We would run a few miles and then take a sighting. Then run along again and take another sighting and just before nightfall we saw, way off in the distance, the famous town of Death Valley Junction. Our hats were off to it!

"Needless to say I came back the long way. I would not have returned over the desert for twice the business I got for my troubles, and I sold $24,000 worth of trucks. It was only by good fortune that we got by as well as we did. When I told of my troubles to the inhabitants of Death Valley Junction they were unanimous in explaining that we had really had an easy time of it, following up their congratulations with stories of hardships endured and deaths that had occured on the horrible wastes, too terrible to describe.

"To anyone contemplating the trip my advice is, don't do it. However, if you insist, be sure and secure from the Government its pamphlet on water ways of the deserts, for many a man has died in Death valley who, had he known where the water was, could have saved himself. It often lies only a few feet underground and can be easily reached with a spade or even a stick.

"Our old Studebaker stood the trip like a champion. We never used any of the extra parts and, in fact, never even changed a spark plug. Tire trouble, we had a plenty, but this was not the fault of the car. Believe me, I am strong for a machine which can make a trip like we took and come back at all and the old car is here 100 percent strong!"

WILLYS SALES RECORD

The Willys-Overland Co. has made another new record. The October sales of Overland and Willys-Knight cars, according to the best figures yet available, were in point of dollars and cents the largest October sales in the history of the company.

SAVING BY AUTO

It is figured that there is approximately $5,000,000,000 a year saved in time through the use of motor vehicles as against other means of everyday transportation.

Closed Car Week To Be Held Every Year In 'Frisco

Hudson and Essex Distributor Pleased With Show's Results

That the holding of Closed Car Show week by San Francisco automobile dealers will henceforth be recognised as a conventional fall event, the same as Call of the Open Road week in Spring, is fairly well assured by the results of the exhibits of closed models held recently. Not only did the show cause generally an immediate increase of sales, but it is regarded as having given a decided stimulus to business.

Among those to whom the showing of closed models yearly will doubtless appeal strongly is Harold L. Arnold, California distributor of Hudson and Essex cars, whose spacious display room was attractively decorated and lighted for the occasion. From the first of the November to the 15th, twenty-two sales of these makes, all new cars, reported, a dozen of which marked the show period. There were sixteen deliveries during the week, and one was held back, with the consent of a customer, owing to there being no other car of that particular model in stock for the exhibit.

"Of course," explained W. K. Dorr, the retail sales manager, "we do not ascribe the brisk Hudson and Essex business entirely to the display of closed models by any means, because many of our sales have been of open models, and salient factors have been the arrival of new and improved types and what is generally conceded to be reduction to bedrock prices. But nobody can deny that the exhibit brought out a host of persons, resulted in additional sales and generally has been of appreciable benefit."

Motor Bus On Rails To Be Used In France

Steam Locomotives On Short Rural Lines To Be Abandoned

The use of steam locomotives on short rural railways, now controlled by the Government, is soon to be abandoned in favor of ordinary automobile buses, such as are seen on the streets of Paris, except that instead of having rubber tires, rims with flanges will be placed on the wheels so that they can run on the rails. An experiment along this line carried out last month is reported to have been unexpectedly successful.

Automobile buses which carry fifteen to twenty passengers are able to pull two freight cars at a speed of ten miles an hour, but more powerful motors will be installed, which will double this speed. As the cost of operation will be reduced by two-thirds this change in the method of handling shipments of farm produce is likely to have the long desired effect on food prices.

Canadian Automobile Statistics Are Given

Four hundred and twenty thousand automobiles in Canada covered a road mileage in 1920 which exceeded 1,680,000,000 and registered a passenger mileage of not less than 6,920,000,000. The steam and electric railroads of the dominion combined carried but 629,121,000, according to S. L. Squire, of the Canadian Good Roads association, as quoted in Canadian Motorist. The number of passengers carried by auto is 252,000,000 annually.

'BLAKES NO GOOD,' SAYS CHINESE AS CAR IS WRECKED

Delivery Auto Winds Up Against Fire Hydrant After Wild Trip

San Francisco, Dec. 4.—Soo Woo, Chinese laundryman, 816 Divisadero street, is still picking up the pieces of his automobile, which uprooted a fire hydrant at Waller and Divisadero streets, recently. Soo had parked the machine on the incline at Waller and Divisadero streets while delivering a bundle of laundry. The next he saw of his delivery car it was a heap of junk sprayed by a geyser rising from the broken plug. The fire department shut off the water.

"Blakes no good," said Soo.

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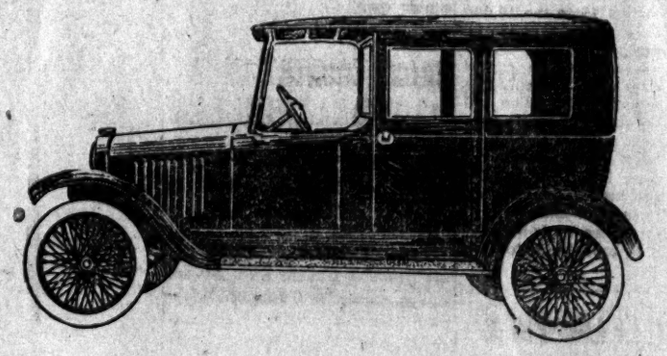

The Ford Limousine
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Eventually You'll Admit It.

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CENTRAL 3804

San Francisco Show Will Open February 11 In Exposition Auditorium

George Wahlgreen To Manage Display; Many New Cars To Be Seen For First Time; Accessories And Trucks Also On Display

San Francisco, Dec. 1.—Of utmost interest to the general motoring public, as well as to the automobile trade throughout California, was the announcement of the dates of the sixth annual Pacific Automobile Show.

George Wahlgreen, who is again at the helm of the San Francisco exhibit, promises to live up to his past reputation and give San Francisco a display at the Exposition Auditorium which will be second to none in artistic effects and scenic magnificence.

In the past Wahlgreen has made good on his advance claims and, after a hurried peck behind the scenes at his present plans for the coming February show, the writer is willing to go along with a liberal backing up of the claim that the automobile dealers here have the best show ever up their sleeves for the 1922 season.

The definite dates are February 11 to 18, inclusive, and the three principal points of interest, after the decorations are properly disposed of, are passenger cars, accessories and trucks.

The commercial car men this year come into their own, for more importance will be paid to them than heretofore, and apparently there will be a greater number of truck men represented than heretofore.

Accessories, however, will be of double importance this year compared to previous years. During past shows the prestige of the big accessory display that has always been a part of the automobile show has grown, in the opinions of manufacturers and public.

A check of visitors to the accessory displays at the auto show last year convinced eastern representatives of the larger accessory manufacturers that the San Francisco automobile show is also the largest and most important accessory show held west of Chicago. The tens of thousands of people who visit the local shows and view the accessory exhibits have been reported to be good buyers, and the space for this accessory display is already being held at a premium.

In addition to the number of applications from local accessory people, letters are being received daily from eastern manufacturers making application for space in this display.

A larger number of automobiles of various makes will make their appearance this year than heretofore, and the dealers have already gone to work with a will to make their displays more attractive. Custom-built jobs will feature many of the displays, while special tops, fancy paint "jobs" in colors and other features are part of the motor car distributors' plans to win the favor of the public to their particular make of cars.

It is more than possible that mechanical features will also play an important part in the displays of many of the members of the dealer association, and these, too, will hold interest for thousands of visitors who like to look beneath the hood and study the mechanical construction of the cars before they select one for their own use.

Prospects are exceedingly bright for the 1922 show to be the biggest, finest and best ever held in the west, and to herald to the Pacific coast automotive trade the beginning of a prosperous and successful merchandising year.

Carbon Monoxide Takes Big Toll Of Human Lives

(Reuter's Service)

New York, Nov. 24 (by mail).—Cold weather "don'ts" of the past have been increased this year with a new one by the ventilation experts. It is that you make sure your garage is properly ventilated or your relatives may have to call an undertaker. Deadly carbon monoxide, a poisonous gas given off by automobile engines in motion, has taken a big toll of human lives in the past in the case of chauffeurs or car owners who failed to realise that working in a poorly ventilated or closed garage with the engine running was really as foolish as "blowing out the light" in the good old days.

New discoveries of the virulence of carbon monoxide recently have been made by Professor Yandell Harrison and other engineers working to solve the problem of ventilation for the proposed vehicular tunnel under the Hudson river. Among their tests was one to show the effect of the gas when it is confined in closed spaces. A summary of their observations, with particular reference to garages, appears in the Journal of the American Medical Association.

It showed that if the quantity of carbon monoxide in air did not exceed three parts in 10,000, no physiological effects were produced. Between three and six parts to the 10,000 the effects were hardly perceptible. Above that, headache and nausea were induced, increasing in severity with the rising of the ratio, and, when it reached 15 to the 10,000 life was in jeopardy.

Motor car owners and operators are warned that an engine emits a square foot of the deadly gas a minute when in motion and in three minutes the air in a closed garage is surcharged to a sufficient degree greatly to imperil human life. The victim falls unconscious before he realises he is in peril and death is the outcome unless he is speedily rescued and brought into the open air.

AUTO INDUSTRY FORGES AHEAD

Hup Factory Man Reports Conditions Better In The West

That the automobile situation along the entire Pacific coast is approaching the first of the new year resting on a solid foundation backed by a dead reckoning of facts and figures, is the opinion of Bert Roberts, coast factory Hupmobile representative.

Roberts, during his tour of the Pacific coast, placed himself in close touch with the motor car public not alone in the large cities, but in the outlying districts and country towns. His analysis of the situation is based on actual knowledge and therefore his statements are worth while.

"Wherever I have gone," says Roberts, "the healthy tone of business in general is inspiriting. Pessimism has departed for good and automobile organisations are laying plans for a brisk selling period for the balance of the present year and for 1922. In the large cities or the small country towns the Hupmobile is proving a real sensation. With the recent price reduction the Hup stands forth as one of the greater dollar for dollar values on the market today. Backed up by stellar performances over good and bad roads it is no wonder that dealers and distributors are highly enthused with its selling prospects.

"Closed car week in San Francisco proved to be a real sensation, and to my mind it should become an annual event. It serves to emphasize the good qualities of the inclosed type and the many advantages that come with ownership of

MILLION FRANC PRIZE FOR THE BEST MOTOR

Pari, Nov. 5 (by mail).—With a view to helping the development of commercial aviation, the French Committee for Aeronautic Propaganda has decided to offer a prize of one million francs for the best motor constructed before June 1, 1923. The prize will be awarded to the constructor whose machine best combines the qualities of regularity of action, ease in handling and wear. Foreign as well as native constructors are eligible for the prize but foreigners must agree to build the motors in France. The Aero Club de France will have charge.

INSURE your MOTOR CAR

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LIBERAL CONDITIONS AND MODERATE RATES

ONE IN SIX IS A CAR OWNER

No Business Slump In West, Figures Prove It, Says Overland Manager

Recent figures, announced by the motor vehicle department at Sacramento, reveal that there it is one automobile for every six persons in California. This means that there are more than 650,000 automotive vehicles registered in that state today.

From February 1, 1921, to September 27, 1921, when the latest official figures were compiled, it was shown that there were 599,753 automobiles, 33,465 motor trucks and 16,662 motorcycles in California. Compared with the same period in the year before the following increases are shown: One hundred and twenty-four thousand, one hundred and fifty-three automobiles and 861 trucks.

"These figures are really astonishing," L. M. Steward, branch manager of the Willys-Overland Pacific Company, Willys-Knight and Overland distributor told the San Francisco Chronicle.

"It means that California is coming to the lead in the matter of the ownership of automobiles and these figures do not include the number of automobiles being driven daily over our highways by visiting tourists from other sections of the country.

"One explanation of the increase in the number of automobiles in this state is the fact that business is normal out here. People have got the money to spend and the investment in an automobile brings real value to the family which owns one. An automobile, even if it is not used by the business man, is a real asset to the family owning it, for it reduces the doctor's bill, keeps the members of the family in a cheerful frame of mind and adds generally to their welfare.

"Another explanation of the increase in the number of automobiles in use in California is that our climate here is unsurpassed anywhere in the country. The touring season never ends here, although some trips into the mountains are not advisable in inclement seasons. But, when you can't go into the mountains, there are trips by valley and seashore, for California abounds in all types of scenery from ocean to valley, lake and desert.

"Last, but by no means least in the explanation of the automobile's popularity in California, is the splendid system of highways in the state. Rapid increase in the construction of these arteries is being made year by year so that soon there will be no spot of interest in the state that cannot be visited via a hard surfaced highway of the latest type. Highways are vitally important in the present age of rapid transportation and their construction was brought about by the invention and the perfection of the modern motor car."

CROSS COUNTRY IN A CLOSED CAR WITH EASE

Party In Franklin Averages 22 1-2 Miles To Gallon Of Gasoline

Twenty-two and one-half miles to the gallon of gasoline from Detroit to Los Angeles in a Franklin sedan is the economy record set up only recently by Floyd Smith of the Michigan city.

The car, it is stated, carried four passengers and considerable baggage on the trip, covering a total distance of 3205 miles, and arrived in Los Angeles with Detroit air in three tires, only one puncture being experienced. This is the third Franklin the Smith family has owned, and the present car had only a month's limbering up before the transcontinental journey was commenced. Both Smith and his wife are converts to the inclosed type, and declare the Franklin sedan, in addition to having so many comfort features, is fully as easily handled on a lengthy tour as are open models.

Jazzy Safety Slogans, Latest In Motor Circles

They Mean Something Too, Says California Distributor

Jazzy safety slogans are the newest things in California automotive circles.

In the state-wide campaign to reduce the number of fatalities occurring on city streets and country highway, according to Harry Morrill of the Chase-Morrill Company, Velie distributor, the recently established safety bureau of the Automobile Club of Southern California has asked for contributed safety slogans of a jazzy nature. All motorists who have any ideas on the subject have been asked to contribute, and here are some of the headliners among those which are being considered for circulation throughout the west:

The modern A B C is "Always Be Careful."

The chance taker is the accident maker.

A careful habit is the best bodyguard.

Don't kid about safety—you may be the goat.

The wife of a careless man is almost a widow.

Never put off until tomorrow what you can safely do today.

When hurry interferes with safety, cut out the hurry.

It is better to be careful a thousand times than to be injured once.

A heavy foot on the accelerator means a heavy foot on the brake.

Carelessness is at the bottom of more avoidable accidents than any other known cause.

WHAT'S MEANT BY 'LIMOUSINE'?

Chandler and Cleveland Dealers Explain Derivation of Words

One of the most interesting developments of the closed car show conducted by the various automobile dealers of San Francisco was the discovery that few prospective closed car owners understood exactly what type of closed car was meant when the technical trade names applied to these various inclosed models were used in describing them.

According to the San Francisco distributor of the Chandler and Cleveland Six lines, not one motorist out of twenty is thoroughly familiar with the significance of the trade terms as applied to various closed car models.

There are at least six distinct types of closed models on the market, of which the sedan, coupe and limousine are the leaders. Besides these three types there are the cabriolet, brougham and landaulet.

Following is a description of each one of these various types, the first three of which refer to the closed car model types that feature the Chandler and Cleveland lines:

COUPE

Coupe is a French term and literally means cutoff vehicle. Coupe is the past participle of the French verb *couper*, meaning to cut. When the name was first applied to vehicles it was a horsedrawn vehicle, with the driver seated on a high box and room for two passengers inside, with the front of the closed portion of the body cut off square behind the driver's seat. As adapted to the motor vehicle, the driver has been moved inside, with seating capacity for two passengers at the rear of the body and a folding seat for a third passenger.

SEDAN

Sedan is used to designate the closed car in which the driver and the passengers ride in the same compartment. Its name is traced back to the sedan chair of Queen Anne's time. The sedan chair was named for the city of Sedan, in northern France, where this conveyance is said to have been developed. The entrance was through a door in front, with windows on both sides and in the rear. The windows either fitted with curtains or glass. The two carriers walked between poles, or shafts, fixed to the sides of the compartment. Some modern sedans are misnomers, in that it is possible to separate the drive from the passengers by raising a glass partition.

LIMOUSINE

Limousine was originally the name of a cloak which was of a peculiar style and worn by inhabitants of the old Province of Limousin, in central France. The provincial name was obtained from city of Limoges, a stronghold of the Gauls in the Roman era and one of the centers of the early china-making industry. The application of limousine to the early closed cars built by the French carriage makers is not clear, except that the body was a "cloak" for the passengers. In the limousine the passengers ride in an inclosed compartment, while the driver's compartment is covered with a roof but not inclosed. This type is often known as the town car.

CABRIOLET

Cabriolet is applied to the horsedrawn vehicle by the French, indicated a light spring cart or gig with a folding hooded or calash top. It seated two passengers. The name is derived from the French word "cabriols," which means to caper, leap or dance and was applied to the early vehicles, because their light springs caused them to dance and sway. In the modern cabriolet, the two-passenger coupe-like body has a folding top, which is divided, the front wall being rigid.

Brougham is a closed model where the driver's compartment is not covered with a roof, as in the limousine. It gets its name from Lord Henry Brougham, a canny Scotchman, who was an English lord chancellor in the early part of the nineteenth century. A similar horse-drawn vehicle was designed for him by an English carriage maker and when Lord Brougham praised his design, he applied his patron's name to the type of carriage. In the original brougham the driver's seat was elevated and it was the forerunner of the cabs and hacks of the late nineties. The motor car manufacturer, in adapting this type of closed body, has placed the driver's compartment on the same level as that of the passengers.

Landaulet was applied by the Germans to a four-wheeled type of carriage designed by a firm in London. It had a folding top for a compartment seating four passengers. The rear half of the top was made of leather, the front half being semirigid and fashioned of wood and glass. The driver's seat, like in the English brougham, was raised above the level of the passengers and not inclosed. The modern motor car landaulet is practically the same as the brougham except that the top can be folded at the rear, converting it into a semi-open car.

New Signal For Cars Placed On Market In S. F.

The Protex Signal Sales Company has opened offices on Van Ness avenue at Turk for the distribution of Protex Signals in San Francisco and vicinity. L. K. Goss, in charge, is from the Cleveland factory and is assisted by E. E. Holmes, formerly in the accessory business in Los Angeles.

This signal is said to be very popular in the east, where it was introduced early in the year, and to be required by statute in a number of eastern cities. When the driver applies the footbrake of a motor car the signal is automatically illuminated by means of a switch connected to the footbrake rod. No thought is required of the driver. The signal carries only the word "Stop" in a very bright red, which flashes an unmistakable warning to the driver behind that a change in direction or speed is intended.

As the footbrake is used to slow the car before turning as well as stopping, a warning is given in either case. It is not claimed that this signal entirely replaces the hand signal, under the California state code, as the direction of turning is not indicated.

The San Francisco branch distributes to motor car and accessory dealers and in the early days of the introduction here will operate a temporary retail business.

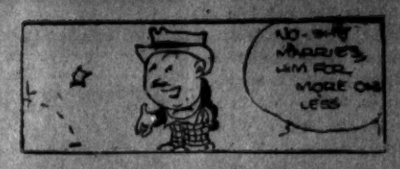
TRUCKS IN ENGLAND

In England there are over 4,000 organised owner-drivers of motor trucks connected with the National Road Transport Clearing House.

"MANY OF 'EM"

A GOOD OLD VINTAGE SPORT

China × Press × Sports



SHANGHAI, SUNDAY, JANUARY 1, 1922

ENG'RS BEAT RECS IN SOLE FIRST LEAGUE MATCH, 2—1

Too Much Christmas Was Cause Of Other Teams Defaulting

ONLY 8 RECS OUT

School, Rangers And Navy Win Out In Second Div'n

BY "WHISTLE"

Too much Christmas played havoc with the first League fixtures yesterday. The Customs were unable to turn out to meet the Club, and the St. Xaviers also did not come up to scratch with the Police, while the Recs looked in vain for Manley and Ollerdessen. Hence the interest centered in the Engineers and Recs game, though the Police played a friendly match with the Club.

A fine crowd collected to take charge of the Recs and Engineers game, and supply the unnecessary advice, common on such occasions to the players and the referee.

ENGINEERS vs. RECS

Dull gusty weather interfered largely with the football in this game and reduced it to the scrappy kick and rush variety.

The Recs started eight strong and with the wind behind them the Engineers began swarming, Wade being specially prominent and scaring McKerrow several times.

But in spite of every thing the Recs defense was adequate, Quincey, B. Smith and Mears playing sterling football.

After some twenty minutes of defense the Recs decided to attack, and McLean came into the picture and had his work cut out facing the smart tricky play of the Recs' forwards.

He kept his end up until Stacey broke away on the right, and converging on the goal, beat him completely with a beauty.

Heartened by this the Recs defied the wind and kept up the pressure for the rest of the half, but wore themselves out without increasing their lead.

On the resumption they fell off considerably, and despite the advantage of the wind, could not hold the Engineers' forwards. Wade worked through and equalised with a hard rising shot. This proving satisfactory, he decided to do it again, and shortly after, he did so, notching the winning point of the game. With the lead, the Engineers concentrated on defense, Wilson, Crawford and Tomlinson being always there at the right time.

The Recs went all out to draw level and looked like it several times.

Just before the whistle, a good run on the right, followed by a clean pass, gave the inside left a fine chance, but his effort lacked sting and McLean spoilt the chance.

The Recs, with two reserves, gave a fine display, and might have drawn the game, any time after the first twenty minutes; in fact though the Engineers were the better team, they were lucky to get away with it.

For the winners, Wilson, Crawford, Wade, Tomlinson and Clark were conspicuous, while for the Recs, the back division with Mears, Evans and C. Smith were the pick of the team.

Mr. Hampson was Referee.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

Engineers	2	Recs	1
F. Club (w.o)		Customs	
Police (w.o.)		St. Xaviers	
Rangers	6	Recs II	1

Hockey Game Tomorrow At The Hongkew Park

The Endeavorers Hockey Club will play the Portuguese at the Hongkew Recreation Club tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. Inspector W. E. Fairbairn of the Shanghai Municipal Police will referee.

SPORT AND STAGE

BY DOMINO

RHYMES OF THE TIMES

First let me wish a bright New Year
To all. May you be merry;
Let each day bring abounding cheer;
May you be happy very;
And if in Nineteen-Twenty-One
The world for Self grew dafter
1-9-2-2
May see us through,
To peace for all and laughter.

* * *

The world wide summons to retrench
Has had a disappointment,
The mandate of our friends the French
Brings irritant, not ointment
To heal the sores of this sad world.
We read her delegation
Are all the beans
On submarines
Nor want their limitation.

* * *

We sing of India's coral strands,
And of her Himalayas,
The country now has varied brands
Of fire (and also prayers)
They tried to put the kibosh on
The Prince of Wales' visit,
But that lad's charm,
Calmed the alarm
—No use, old Ghandi, is it?

* * *

When Cleopatra sat the throne
Of Egypt, she caused trouble;
Her Anthony she made to groan
—His aims burst like a bubble—
And now in that same ancient land
The natives lose their hair, oh!
The Pyramids
Say "Cut it, kids,
You're better off than Pharaoh."

* * *

THE PASSING OF THE THIRD FLOOR BACK

Next Thursday night at the Lyceum Theater the A. D. C. will produce Jerome K. Jerome's masterpiece "The Passing of The Third Floor Back." On more than one occasion our local amateurs have been taken severely to task in the press for their choice of plays. At times one has heard that to attempt Shakespeare was not only asking for trouble but also savoured of conceit. Then they have been jumped upon because they descended (?) to the frivolous in the way of farcical comedies and pointless revues. And yet on these occasions they have always drawn big houses. Mr. and Mrs. Playgoer, don't think for a single instant that you will throw away your good dollars if you are not going to enjoy yourselves, even if the players are the ordinary men and women who earn their daily bread in places other than theaters.

A FINE PLAY

Here, however, is a play that cannot be called to task on the score that it is either cheap or frivolous. It has stood the test of both metropolitan and provincial audiences; it has won triumphs in lands far away from those in which the author and players lived; it has had as exponents the best actors of the British stage.

We have had the pleasure of seeing it at the Lyceum Theater, but that was many years ago when Mr. Matheson Lang gave a portrayal of the "Passer-by" very much after the same lines as Sir Forbes Robertson. We are to see it again. On Friday night it was my good fortune to be allowed to witness one of the final rehearsals of the piece.

The players had no audience in front of them to call forth the best that was in them, yet the sincerity of their work, and their faithfulness to the author's conception, made its very direct appeal, and I left the theater with the feeling that in attemping a great play the amateurs had risen to great heights. One man has had the moulding of the production into a harmonious whole and his name is E. S. Wilkinson. He has very evidently studied the book and thought carefully over the details. The results ought to well repay him for his efforts. He has a number of pictures wholly delightful. His cast has been splendidly drilled, and he has in it a number of players new to the A. D. C. and decidedly talented.

TWO NEW PLAYERS

Two new members stand out well. Mrs. Cochrane, in a low comedy part, is sure to call for the admiration of the audience. Mrs. Alister Campbell has both a beautiful presence and a fine voice. There is one scene in particular at the end of act two, where with the "Passer-by" (Mr. H. E. Muriel) she carries a scene as well as any I have seen at the Lyceum. But more of this anon, and after the first night.

THE PASSER-BY

Playgoers know Mr. Muriel well. They know that he is possessed of a fine voice, which has given pleasure on many occasions, and those who have heard him speak also recognise that that same voice is capable of expressing the lights and shades of emotion. The part of the "Passer-by" is probably the most difficult portrayal that this excellent player has attempted, but he brings plenty of personality, and a fine voice, which not only demands sympathy from his colleagues of the play, but will also make both part and play convincing to his audience. I don't hesitate to forecast the opinion of the playgoer. Muriel will please all, and surprise the sceptical.

SOME OLD FAVORITES

I noticed in the cast a player who has been a favorite for many years. Mr. N. G. Maitland takes the part of the Major who evidently likes his peg and is not too good to his wife. His study is a capital one.

Another player we have not seen for sometime, and who makes a welcome reappearance is Mr. Herbert Langley. He is cast for a part that requires experience. He is called upon to sit on the stage for a lengthy period—and with nothing to say. It is very difficult to do nothing when on the stage, and to do it well. Watch how 'Erb tackles the problem.

It was a decided pleasure to see Mrs. Dudley Read back among our players. This lady has filled many parts in A. D. C. productions with distinction and the sympathy she has always brought to them evidently decided those who cast the piece to ask her to undertake the role of the landlady. The part is in safe hands.

Messrs. Bert Stormes and Caarton supply clearly drawn characters as well as a number of others who appeared.

The piece is faithfully mounted and I have no doubt that our old friend Mr. "Bill" Armstrong has given his asistance in this direction.

In wishing Mr. Wilkinson and his cast the success that hard work deserves—and a Happy New Year—let me also add that they have little to fear, and can feel confident that a big audience will come, not out of curiosity, but

(Continued on Page 2)

M.G. CO. RUGGER MEN BEAT SCOTS COMPANY, 3—0

The Machine Gunners won a narrow victory yesterday over the rugby men of the Shanghai Scottish company by a score of 3-0. The score was gotten from an unconverted try just before the final whistle.

The game was not brilliant, but was nevertheless exciting and interesting. The players were not too familiar with the game, and the play at times in consequence was on the edge of amusing.

Tomorrow afternoon a match will be played between a XV representing the North Public Schools and the South Public Schools, with kick off set for 3 p.m.

He Taught 'Em How

Coach (Capt.) Tenney taught the Peking Marines everything they knew about Football. The credit for yesterday's win must be divided between him, a former star at Brown, and the rest of the gang, Hiltibrand, et al.

Peking Marines Football Squad, Champs Of China

Standing from left to right: Fricke, halfback; Dean, Tooher, half back; Albee, half back; Hiltibrand, quarterback; Ryckman, fullback; Penney, left end; Sandy.

Sitting: Gray, right tackle; Finger, right guard; Geist, Haedt, Polliard, Readey, center; Faulkner, left guard; Svendson, left tackle; Lods, Harris, right end, Fabian.

HOLIDAY 'UNTS KEEP RIDEY BOYS UP IN SADDLES

BY JOHNNY WALKER

The boy brought in Master's tea on Xmas morning, smiled at Master's sock decorating the bedstead, beamed on Master, said A Melly Klismas and handed Master a parcel. Master sighed, sipped some tea, rubbed his eyes and pondered over that parcel, for was it not the custom of Mrs. Scribe and the little Scribes to send him a parcel every Xmas morning! And was not the bill for same presented to him at the month end? So he eyed the parcel suspiciously, opened it, and found

1 A Kewpie in pink coat and silk hat with love from Jean.

2 A woollen muffler, warm and cosy, with love from Nora.

And very nice too. And whilst tearing his beakfast, the boy brought in:

3 A basket of violets with love from The Synthetic Baby, and three dozen new born eggs from Ah Kun's mother.

So we were not so very much alone this Xmas, and the Scribe got other things besides holes in his socks after all. For which, glory be.

THE CHOIR CAROLLED

The Club Choir under the able leadership of Maestro Sparke sang carols and other things on Xmas Eve. Jove, how the young men did go to it, the wonderful range of their lungs was most impressive. Caarten wore the bowler hat this time. The Maestro's psychology is such, his emotional moods are so tense, that he would break down and lose his marvellous mastery unless he had a bowler hat on which to emphasise his baton. And Caarten wore it bravely.

Xmas Day dawned bright and fair, not a cloud in the firmament, morning kick was tuneful and hearty, Xmas tiffin full and ample, but alas, there was no 'unt to dissipate the fullness thereof, and a Xmas 'unt held on any other day except Xmas Day, is not the same somehow. But the Club does not function on the Sabbath, concensus of opinion being adverse and rightly so too.

Came Boxing Day in its own good time, opening misty, cloudy, and old Sol could not obtain the mastery, but towards eleven of the clock, the mist went its way, leaving a perfect 'unting day behind it.

BOXING DAY WAS BIG

All Shanghai, its wife or t'other feller's wife seemed to be wending their way to Highland Grips towards three of the clock. A very big hilarious field paraded, with a large quota of pink coats with Dalgarno in his X'mas hat band, lined up before a photo fiend to have its picture taken. The 'unt looked really well dressed for once, though two men were wearing cars, but other previous offenders were resplendent in new bowlers, and the Scribe felt that his words had not been writ in vain.

Bertie Burkill is back with some new yellow silk gloves, always smart is Bertie, and Fash is also back, two old faces we hope to see with us for many years to come. The young men had a new song catchy and melodious as usual. The Scribe must get a collection of these songs, though some cannot be

(Continued on Page 2)

Nanyang Forces A Three Cornered Jam For East China Collegiate Title

Win Over Shanghai College By 3-0 Score May Result In Play-Off

Shanghai Baptist College lost an excellent chance yesterday to win the championship in football of the East China Intercollegiate association, when, after a perfect record of six wins they met the eleven of Nanyang college on their own field. They lost however, by a score of 3-0, and the title is at much or more at sea today than ever.

A thousand spectators witnessed the match, which was a fine exhibition of football, with Nanyang outplaying Shanghai at every stage of play. Shanghai couldn't break through Nanyang's defense, and they couldn't stop the attack.

At half time the score was 2-0. In the second half Nanyang added another goal. Shanghai had an opportunity when a penalty kick was allowed them, but it was saved nicely and Nanyang was never again threatened.

Nanyang combined well on defense. They were, in fact, stronger at defense than the efforts of their forwards, which, nevertheless was good. The same criticism was offered of Shanghai.

Nanyang's win leaves the Intercollegiate title in a three cornered mix-up. Nanyang has beaten Shanghai College 3-0, Shanghai has beaten St. John's 3-0, and St. John's has beaten Nanyang 2-0. The problem of awarding the title will have to be given over to a committee confab.

It is likely according to opinions expressed among college football men last night that the Big Three of East China Football schools will play off the tie for the championship on the knockout plan.

As the standings are right now, Nanyang is tied in second place with St Johns, by virtue of Nanking's forfeiture of the playoff of their tie in the first round. Shanghai college has a slight advantage in percentage standings but the three-cornered tie, it is believed will force a play-off.

S. F. C. Announce Tomorrow's Line-Up

The following teams have been selected to represent the S.F.C. in their matches on Monday next January 2 at 3 p.m.

1st XI vs. Xaviers on S.F.C. ground.

A Phillips, P. Isherwood, M. Tonkin, F. Shaffer, J. Robertson M. Seredkin, B. Lawrie-Smith, L. Goldman, G. F. Forshaw, T. E. Hammond L. J. Coulcher.

2nd XI vs. Jewish R. C.

H. Harris, J. E. R. Harris, H. Loonis, S. H. MacMurray, W. J. Brown, A. A. Ewing, R. H. Norton, J. Ewing, S. Flood, E. T. Nash, T. L. Rawsthorne.

Reserve, C. Wilkie.

J. L. Mears Takes Harriers Trials For Fourth Time

For the fourth week in succession J. L. Mears raced home first in the Shanghai Harriers weekly training run, held yesterday in the Kiangwan district over a selected four mile course. C. C. Reneman was second and McKenna of the Slow Pack was third.

The club as customary started out in fast and slow packs and a team race running in conjunction. W. W. Bartlett paced the slow herd until the last half mile when Mears shot out, the first man to overtake the slow men, and won.

In the team race Mears' team beat McKenna's.

Next week the Club will turn out three packs, a fast, a medium and a slow group, over a four mile course.

Golf

A Pool will be held during January in two classes 18 holes medal. Club handicap on day of play. Cards 50 cents each. Proceeds will be given to a local chairity.

Two classes: A. 12. and under; B. over 12.

LADIES' CUP TOURNAMENT

The following are the results of the draw for the first and second rounds of the Ladies' Cup Tournament, the name of each lady's champion and his handicap being given in brackets.

First Round:—Mr. Tilley (J. H. Kortwright, 18) v. Mrs. E. G. Barrett (A. W. Macphail, 10).

Second Round:—Winner of above v. Mrs. Crewe Road (C. T. Beath, 2), Mrs. Crewe Read (V. Grundy, 14) v. Miss P. Webster (S. Vine, 18); Miss A. Fowler (W. H. Train, 14) v. Mrs. H. H. Fowler (G. A Stewart, 6); Mrs. Dawer (J. Oswald, 5) v. Mrs. R. S. Piercy (F. C. Banham, 16); Mrs. S. A. Seth (O. Crewe Read, 4) v. Mrs. H. L. Fletcher (F. Ferrier, 7); Mrs. F. Large (L. T. Stodart, 14) v. Mrs. O. H. Blackburn (E. G. Barrett, 11); Mrs. J. L. Broughton (H. L. Gibson, 13) v. Mrs. F. W. Sutterle, Jr. (A. F. Wheen, 12); Mrs. Dewar (H. Langley, 12) v. Miss A. Dewar (H. M. Gorton, 14); Mrs. Eldridge (E. M. Reid, 18) v. Miss M. G. Sutterle (T. E. Mitchell, 18); Miss Jean Pedan (F. Jones, 18) v. Mrs. E. H. Himrod (W. S. Standing, 18); Mrs. A. M. Arnold (F. Scarborough, 14) v. Mrs. J. Oswald (H. E. S. Pickering, 10); Mrs. E. D. Pedan (A. W. McCallum, 8) v. Miss B. M. Mitchell (W. G. Hollyer, 18); Miss D. Barrett (J. Dewar, 2) v. Mrs. E. G. Barrett (H. W. Daly, 17); Mrs. Trenchard Davis (F. G. Harrison, 14) v. Mrs. E. Lester Arnold (E. B. Clarke, 13); Mrs. C. Matthews (T. Harborne, 5) v. Mrs. A. R. Agassiz (W. Ortwin, 16); Mrs. E. E. Parsons (A. J. Stokes, 17) v. Miss Grace Baker (H. H. Fowler, 9); Mrs. C. H. Ryde (E. L. Arnold, 6) v. Mrs. L. Bliss (H. E. Muriel, 13); Madame Lieutaud (W. Trenchard Davis, 18) v. Mrs. R. W. Roberts (E. Brook, 7); Mrs. R. S. Ivy (W. J. Hawkings, 6) v. Miss M. Diercking (W. R. Ricketts, 14); Mrs. E. Vanderveer (E. F. Bateman, 18) v. Mrs. C. Matthews (J. C. Macdougall, 5); Miss V. Dewar (W. S. Read, 14) v. Mrs. A. J. Stokes (C. W. Porter, 3); Mrs. J. H. Little (C. Bennett 12) v. Mrs. A. J. Stokes (C. S. Peacock, 18); Mrs. J. B. Lamond (R. S. Ivy, 18) v. Mrs. C. Matthews (D. H. Cooke, 10); Mrs. W. H. Harvey (C. E. M. Thomson, 8) v. Mrs. W. H. Train (E. F. Goodale, 14); Miss Gibson (C. Holland, 18) v. Mrs. V. Grundy (E. L. M. Barrett, scr.); Mrs. A. J. Stokes (J. B. Ferrier, scr.) v. Mrs. J. C. Macdougall (R. Brown, 8); Miss Beath (R. M. J. Martin, 7) v. Miss J. Dewar (R. S. Campbell, 18); Mrs. R. Brown (O. H. Blackburn, 7) v. Mrs. C. T. Beath (H. M. Austin, 14); Mrs. C. T. Beath (W. S. Clay, 6) v. Miss Ledbetter (H. G. Manwaring, 18); Miss Beath (R. W. Roberts, 14) v. Mrs. Crewe Read (F. M. Neild, 9); Mrs. R. M. J. Martin (L. R. Wheen, 12) v. Mrs. F. M. Neild (C. Biron, 6); Miss M. Gibson (A. P. Nazer, 12) v. Miss L. Craven (F. Holroyd, 14).

1st Round to be completed by January 29.

2nd Round to be completed by February 5.

3rd Round to be completed by February 12.

4th Round to be completed by February 19.

The above dates will be strictly adhered to. Three-fourths of the difference in above handicaps to be taken: fractions of a half and over go in favor of the receiver of odds. Competitors are reminded of By-Law VII., referring to ties in Match play.

BENEFIT RACE MEET MONDAY HAS A GOOD CARD

The Shanghai Race Club meeting tomorrow will be for the benefit of the Shanghai War Memorial Fund and there will be four events, the first saddling bell to ring at 10:15 o'clock in the morning.

The members' enclosure will be reserved for the members of the Race Club and the International Recreation Club. There will be no charge for admission to the public enclosure.

The following is the complete list of the races, with the conditions:

1.—**The New Year Cup.**—A Cup will also be presented to the Winning Jockey.—One Mile and a Quarter.

2.—**The New Year Handicap, "A" Class.**—A handicap for China ponies Griffins of 1921, that have started in at least Two flat Races. The Handicapper will decide which ponies are to appear in A and B Classes, and these will appear in the Race Book together with their Handicap Weights. —One Mile and a Quarter.

3.—**The New Year Handicap, "B" Class.**—A Handicap for China Ponies, Grifmns 1921, that have started in at least Two flat Races. The Handicapper will decide which ponies are to appear in A and B Classes, and these will appear in the Book together with their Handicap Weights.—One Mile and a Quarter.

4.—**The New Year Scramble.**—For all China Ponies. Weight for inches as per scale.—Five Furlongs.

SHANGHAI IS SWAMPED BY MARINE TEAM FROM PEKING

Championship Football Contest Witnessed By Big Throng

SCORE 35 TO 10

Irle And Hiltibrand Are Particular Stars Of Two Line-Ups

Summary Of The Performances

	Yards Gained	Lost
Hiltibrand	220	0
Ryckman	96	0
Tooher	86	18
Irle	68	12
Rodger	37	27
Albee	34	0
Readley	30	0
Maloney	28	11½
Neal	21	0
Neprude	5	4
Smith	4	2
Tinkham	2	0
Hirsh	0	3

Penalties Imposed
Shanghai 0
Peking ..... 20 yds.

Forward Passes
Peking 1, 6 yards.
Shanghai 3, 50 yards.
Tooher to Albee
Maloney to Neprude
Maloney to Irle (2).

(Continued from Page 1 News)

Tooher and himself he knew that the game was cinched.

FIRST HALF WAS PEKING'S

The Shanghai squad did not figure in the offensive at all during the first quarter. They never got to touch the ball. From the kickoff to the touchdown Hiltibrand, Ryckman and Tooher gained consistently until when the ball was on the locals' 5-yard line. Hiltibrand took a trick pass from Ryckman around right end for the last five yards to the touchdown.

The next score came quickly. Rodgers ran the ball back on two downs to his 25-yard line. Irle lost 4 yards in an attempt around left end, when Maloney punted outside on the Marines' 45-yard, and Ryckwan and Tooher and Hiltibrandt went through the field for a second goal. Hiltibrandt kicked his goals with a beautiful accuracy.

Shanghai in this first period was not at all in the game. Irle pulled one pretty tackle when he stopped Tooher from behind after a run from the 25-yard line to the 5-yard mark. Tinkham, while not spectacular, was offering a wall in defense, not only in his own end position but all elsewhere around the field. Hirsh also was working hard. He tackled Ryckman behind the line of scrimmage once for an 18-yard loss. Rodger and Neprude made the only appreciable gains for Shanghai. The period ended with the ball on Shanghai's 53-yard distance.

Tinkham, Maloney and Neal wasted three downs opening the second quarter for but a 3 yard advance when Maloney was forced to punt. The ball went to the Marines 30 yards line where Albee downed it. Tooher and Ryckman took the ball to the center of the field where Tinkham gathered up a fumble. Rodgers, Hirsh and Neprude lost four yards each in attempts to advance and Maloney kicked again and the ball was run back to Shanghai's 40-yard mark. Then Albee, Tooher and Ryckman went out and scored again.

FOURTH TOUCHDOWN

The fourth touchdown came after Shanghai forward-passed from Peking's 40-yard line and Readley intercepted it and ran it back to his 10 yard mark. Tooher in three tries center rushed it across the line. To half time play was without interest.

In the third period Shanghai suffered losses when they had the ball, and after the punt a series of gains by the Marines, followed by a nice forward pass Hiltibrand to Penney took the ball to Shanghai's 7-yard mark, from where Tooher went through for the touchdown, bringing the score to 35-0.

From the next kickoff Smith, who was now at halfback in place of Rodger, and Irle, coupled with Maloney's punt took the ball to Shanghai's 45 yard line, where a nice forward pass to Neprude planted the ball in the center of the field. Smith went two yard

through left tackle, and Irle got loose through right tackle for a 55 yard run to the Marines 9-yard mark. Maloney and Irle both lost in three tries, leaving the ball at the end of the quarter on Peking's 20-yard line.

A 5-yard penalty for offside against the Marines, followed by a pretty forward pass Maloney to Irle two yards from the end zone gave Shanghai its first score. Irle struggled a bit, then fell over for the touchdown. Maloney barely kicked the goal. His ball hit the goal post and glanced through for the point, bringing the count to 35-7.

Play from then on was better. Peking was either tiring or resting, while Shanghai, with Irle at quarter was using more speed. Irle took another forward pass for a 25 yard gain, and Maloney on a fourth down drop kicked a field goal from the 25-yard line for the additional 3 points. The game ended soon after with the ball on Shanghai's 20 yard mark.

STARS OF THE PLAY

The stars in offensive work were Hiltibrand for the Marines and Irle for the Shanghai team. The former was the most consistent ground gainers of the day, with a total of 220 yards and no losses to his credit. Irle advanced 68 yards for Shanghai and lost 12. Hiltibrand in addition made a run from a kick off, for the entire length of the field, through the whole Shanghai eleven for a touchdown, but on the half-way mark he overstepped the side line and was called back. Irle scored Shanghai's only touchdown. He made two of Maloney's forward passes good by sharp fielding. He put much speed into the local eleven.

In defense honors were even with the Marines, with Tinkham, Marsden, Hirsh and Irle standing out for Shanghai. Marsden stopped many runs by strong tackling. Hirsch and Irle each overtook fleeting runners, when an open goal was ahead, for a saving tackle.

The play was hard. Many men were injured. Fricke and Dunn went out of the play in the first minutes, and Rodger, after two or three injuries to a bad leg followed in the last period. Other injuries caused much time to be taken out, but the men carried on.

Several forward passes were attempted but only four were consummated, one for the Marines and three for Shanghai. Tooher passed once to Albee for 6 yards; Maloney passed to Neprude once for 13 yards, and to Irle twice for 23 and 15 yards each.

The teams lined up as follows:

Shanghai		Peking
Tinkham	LE	Harris
Hirsh	LT	Svendson
Smith	LG	Folkner
Gallop	C	Roadey
Stovall	RG	Finger
Marsden	RT	Gray
Neprud	RE	Penney
Neal	QB	Hiltibrand
Irle	LHB	Fricke
Maloney	FB	Ryckman
Rodger	RHB	Albee

Substitutions

Peking—Tooher for Fricke.

Shanghai—Smith for Dunn, Smith for Rodger, Whiteman for Smith, Dunn for Whiteman, Whiteman for Dunn, Hewitt for Smith, Irle for Neal, Neal for Irle.

Official—Referee: J. H. Doyle. Umpire—Dr. Martin. Field Judge—J. O. Van Hook. Head Linesman—J. K. Gold.

Shanghai's Best Footballers, Only Peking Beat Them

Standing, they are, from left to right: Chase, Hewitt, Rodger, Maloney, Connoll, Neal, Whiteman, and Irle. Front Line: Neprud, Marsden, Stovall, Dunn, Smith, Hirsh, and Tinkham.

HOLIDAY 'UNTS KEEP RIDEY BOYS UP IN SADDLES

(Continued from Page 1)

printed without a little editing, nevertheless they make excellent hearing.

Hounds were as usual at this festive date very difficult to whip in, Robinson did his best on a 'unting horn, the Steward in charge worked hard to keep them in hand for the word Go, but he no sooner opened his mouth to give them the Master's customary greeting, than away they went, quite one of the prettiest fields ever seen.

WHERE THEY LOST THE GRIP

Over the flats towards Highland Grips the dust was fierce, but on the Grips—they are biggish leaps this season and have to be jumped fair and square—the 'unt trailed out and the dust was not so bad. There was a lot of refusing and grief on this line. The Scribe counted four men reclining in one jump and he jumped over two others at the next chasm. This thinned out the field considerably, and rounding the bend at Kraw, the Scribe saw the leaders already streaking to Artery Creek wade.

Before Here and There now made up as a jump, was a little group of men around a recumbent pink—Halmovitch badly winded—then the sloppy muddy wade leading on to Warren Road. Scent lay along the road to its junction with Hungjao Road, where the leaders had apparently gone astray, for they were all coming back over the bridge taking to the country towards Artery Creek Platforms. Many ponies were hitting the home trail towards Siccawei. The China pony is hard to turn off a road leading towards his stable. Just before the second Artery Creek Platform, a long long check was taken to the left which most of the field followed, only to return disgusted, over the Platform and two big jumps both of which were crawled, for they are not inviting spots to leap, thence righthanded through the Wilderness to Sa Ka Dong. Here was another check for most men, but a few got away and when the Scribe rounded the lagoon after Sa Ka Dong platform, the leaders were jumping Forth.

SCRIBE WAS AT SEA

At this point the Scribe abandoned hopes of ever catching up, but with delight, after taking Forth, he saw the leaders coming back, and all who were up make a cast to the left. This was no good, so again the field started riding hard towards Middling Tree Platform, no paper until right on the platform. The Scribe ascertained later that the local gentry had done the dirty on the 'unt, mightily industrious too they must have been for they garnered every scrap of paper for at least three furlongs. But they did the Scribe a good turn, for he was now galloping with the leaders, Botelho, Kenny Brand, Heard and Robinson. Across Hungjao Road again hell for leather to Dallas's Grave and by the howls and yells behind him, the Scribe knew the young men were buying it.

At Potter's Pride, no longer Potter's Pup, a big fine well built water jump, Botelho, Kenny, the Scribe and Robby were very close together, and over Family Tree Platform, Dr. Billinghurst and several others came into the picture. Positions varied across the rut and furrow to Westward Ho, and the big jumps here put several out of action, but the original leaders still kept to the fore. Drop and Crawl double platforms were dangerous and awkward, and there were more disasters on the upper reaches of Barrier Creek. But at the platform near Long Village, the village humorists had laid a false trail which fooled two men who might have won, Botelho was out of it, and the Scribe lost about eight places pulling his old moke out of stride and getting his head pointed homewards.

CEDRIC BEAT 'EM ALL

From here the pace was fierce, whips going, but Cedric had got away first with a lead of twenty lengths and nobody could catch him. Down Barrier Creek the jumps are big, and were made difficult by the piles of mud which are always a feature at this time of year—the last four jumps are very close together and need a steady head to negotiate them. Across the rolling rut and furrow towards Bee Line, the Scribe passed one or two men and approaching the first big jump, he counted seven men ahead, but poor old Kenny went aeroplaning and came to earth on top of Rodgers, thus this Scribe went up into fifth place and so through the Flags.

It will go down in the Scribe's memory as one of the fastest 'unts he has ever ridden and Cedric and Mr. Hine's pony Liability are to be congratulated on beating a very hot and bold field. This is Cedric's second win this season on this pony and he's very happy.

Caarten and Billinghurst filled second and third places. Both these young fellers must get their pinks this season. They are always to the front, always on the card, and their turn to win must come. Finally X'mas 'Unt was a dam fine run.

THE CARD

X'mas 'Unt, Monday, December 26, 1921.

Start.—Highland Grips.

Finish.—Bee Line.

'Unt laid by The Master, Mr. F. W. Potter.

1.—Mr. C. C. Boyd on Liability.

2.—Mr. V. B. Caarten on Knight Commander.

3.—Dr. W. B. Billinghurst on Appledore.

4.—Mr. H. Maitland on Ptarmigan.

5.—Mr. G. Grayrigge on Blackford.

6.—A. David on Barometer.

The Casualty List

Compiled by Dismal Jimmy: Halmovitch, gassed; Bremner, pony's leg broken; Reynell, Andrews, K. Brand, Knight, Moon, Drakeford, Trenchard Davis and others too numerous to mention.

6th 'Unt, December 27, 1921

The X'mas series of 'unts terminated in a French atrocity perpetrated by one Robinson, the winner of the fifth 'unt in the course of which he displayed a nice and accurate knowledge of B. M. H.'s, along with some big jumping and splendid galloping country.

Heavy rain on Monday night and early Tuesday was succeeded by bright sunshine promising good going without dust. The start was at London Town, to reach which you must walk along Pagoda Creek. It was in full spate and the young fellers shuddered at the thought of what was before them, especially when they noted a motor car down in the creek, submerged, with but the top of the hood visible. That was a good augury of the immediate future.

At the start, a smallish but very select field faced the Master (God bless him) who sported part of his tiffin in his hat band. Henry Lester the Younger was likewise adorned. Herr von Sparke looked very chic in a suit of sweet black and white checks, black boots with brown tops. Some one had told a Continental gent about wearing a cap, for this day he was correctly attired in a bowler.

All being ready, the Master gave the word, and off went the field to its doom, the first jump being Grayrigge's Delight, where the spectators helped beat the tail end over the gap, leaving one victim Brenan behind. Further on, crossing the railway some men got entangled in a signal wire making the distance signal perform the up and down.

ROAD WAS NOT EASY

Then came Battle Creek Line, righthand across a platform and over some small jumps, where Greig lost his pony, to Concrete Bridge and green paper. Following this came an awful B. M. H. the other side of which the field was awaiting late comers. All being up, the Master bade them go over two big dry cuts at left angles at the second of which Dalgarno fell with a squelch like a mussuck. The young men were here all pale, Crawford's Curse being close by, but the foxes apparently left this alone, for scent lay across another B. M. H. and rounded Curse Village. Due west for half a mile, then sharp right to quite a fine jump, followed shortly after by a series of good leaps to The Mulberries, then northwest past X'mas Village to a very deep wade leading towards Flower Pot Tree. It was at this spot Trenchard Davis started a long long trek afoot to his happy home. After this came a daddy of a B. M. H. in which the young men played a game of tangle foot, and one man was left to drown with none to pray for him. Then a few small jumps and green paper at Hairy Bridge. Just prior to this bridge Harry Morriss came one good purler, and Schoch and Spence were in fond embrace biting each other to death. They were doing finely when the Scribe passed. Spence on top, chewing Schoch's left ear.

Now the young men sat down to ride, for all guessed this was the last section of the course, which proved to be the case, for without let or hindrance scent lay over the platform on Spearpoint creek, down the line of new jumps there which caused a lot of wailing, over the railway again, round Blue Lagoon, the Zig Zag jump and so to the finish at World's End.

The Scribe is told that a table cloth would have covered the first six in, so it must have been a fine finish. Johnny Heard on Letchfield won by a head from Dr. Billinghurst with Belth minor only a neck behind.

Hard luck, Doctor old man, you are bound to get your Pink this season, and when you do there will never be a more popular win.

6th 'Unt, Tuesday, Dec. 27, 1921

Start.—London Town.

Finish.—World's End Jump.

'Unt laid by: Mr. H. G. Robinson.

1.—Mr. A. J. P. Heard on Letchfield.

2.—Dr. W. B. Billinghurst on Sherwood.

3.—Mr. Ian Belth on Mah Jongg.

4.—Mr. A. L. Pinkerton on Redskin.

5.—Mr. J. K. Brand on White Diamond.

6.—Mr. H. Herlofsen on Viking

The Casualty List

Compiled by Dismal Jimmy.—Brenan, Greig, Schoch, Spence, Lester, Harper, Dalgarno, Spedding, Trenchard Davis, Brant Brothers, Harry Morriss, De Zutter, Big Wilson and many others unrecognisable for mud.

7th 'Unt.—Dec. 31, 1921.

After reading the two previous effusions, folk will have had quite enough of the Scribe's talk, and as he didn't ride in the 'unt yesterday but went with the foxes, he doesn't propose to say much, except express the regret of the foxes that some misunderstanding occurred over the location of The Finish. When the foxes arrived at Benbow's Dry Cut, there were neither flags or folk, for both had gone on to World's End jump more than a mile away and the pack had finished the run before the flags and folk arrived. Thus much disappointment was caused, but better luck next time, and nobody can be blamed.

The outstanding feature of the day was that Dr. Billinghurst won and the rejoicings over this new Pink last eve were hectic, for it was the most popular win of the season.

The next to win should be Caarten.

THE CARD

7th 'Unt.—Dec. 31, 1921.

Start.—Springfield at 3 p.m.

Finish.—Benbow's Dry Cut.

'Unt laid by Messrs. E. S. Benbow Rowe and A. J. P. Heard.

1.—Dr. W. B. Billinghurst on Henry.

2.—Mr. S. Lai on Oldsmobile.

3.—Mr. A. David on Silver Ring.

4.—Mr. A. B. Thompson on Silver Wing.

5.—Mr. W. A. Dalgarno on Djemnah.

6.—Mr. I. Belth on Mah-jongg.

On Monday, Jan. 2, 1922.

Start.—Stone Bridge north of Hungjao Golf Club, Rubicon Road.

Finish.—Will be announced after the start.

On Tuesday, Jan. 3, 1922.

Start.—Near Burkill's Bung, Kiangwan.

Finish.—Will be announced after the start.

The young men love Kiangwan so much, a record field is anticipated.

Peking's Star Trio

The Star on the left is Quarterback Hiltibrand who gained more than twice as much ground as any other player on the field, and more than the entire Shanghai team. The middle man is Ryckman, the fullback who walked all over Shanghai in his center dives. Albee on the right played at right half back.

Police Reserve Pistol Practice

Louza Division (Average, 69.5)—Squad "A", 67; "B", 81.5 (†); "C", 55.5; "D", 58.

Sinza Division (Average, 54.33)—Squad "A", 55; "B", 60.33; "C", 54.2 (*); "D", 50.

Honkew Division (Average, 58.6)—Squad "A", 59.66 (†); "B", 58.14 (†); "C", 56.11 (†); "D", 42.5.

Points deducted for defaulters: (†) 20; (*) 40.

Challenge Shield, Louza Division, 69.5%.

Squad Prize, Squad "A" Louza Division, 67%.

High Gun Prize, S/C 89 Brandt, Honkew Division, 94%.

Not included in above figures—A. C. P. (R) and Staff, average 67.8%.

MANCHU HOUSE TO HOLD AUCTION OF CHING CURIOS

Without funds to meet China New Year obligations, the Manchu house has decided to sell a large collection of valuable curios to Peking dealers. Auctions will be held and none but bona-fide bidders, who give evidence of good faith by the payment of $10,000, will be allowed to purchase the rarities.

Among the articles to be sold are 159 ancient vases, 321 precious stones and 105 copper and bronze curios, all dating from the Ching Dynasty.

The Manchu House occupies a part of the Forbidden City at Peking.

This Is Herby Gallop

The Shanghai Manager looked worried even before the game. He insisted that it was not because of a premonition of defeat. He was figuring the crowd and wondering how high the gate receipts were running.

Sport And Stage

(Continued from Page 1)

with the intention of appreciating a fine play well acted.

* * *

TWO ROBEY STORIES

During the War, Mr. Robey was a special constable, and on his first night was detailed for duty in a small street in the East End of London. His reflections as he paced up and down his beat were full of uplifting thoughts. He couldn't help wishing for something to happen.

Suddenly there came the sound of hurrying footsteps, and adventure appears in the figure of a small boy.

"As he drew near," writes Mr. Robey in his book. "Thereby Hangs a Tale," I realised that he was in a state of intense excitement. It was evident that he required my help. Instantly I prepared to give it. It flashed across my mind that there was something infinitely touching in the trust reposed in me by this little child.

"He was panting and out of breath when he reached me. I addressed him kindly. I spoke in slow, measured, confidence-inspiring tones. 'What is it, my little man? Don't be afraid to speak. I am here to help you.'

"The boy peered searchingly into my face. Then: 'Please, sir, have you got any cigarette pictures?' he murmured."

* * *

Here's another good "Robey" yarn, this time from the famous comedian's book, "After Dinner Stories." A member of the London Stock Exchange got married. On his return after his honeymoon he was subjected to many congratulations and much good-natured bantering.

One of his friends, after congratulating him, suddenly reached over and took a long brown hair from his shoulder. "Looks had in a married man, Ticker," he exclaimed.

"Oh, that's all right," replied Ticker, smiling; "it's my wife's."

"No, no, that won't do," responded the friend, "your wife's hair is darker than that."

This made Ticker a trifle angry, and he exclaimed excitedly, "I tell you it's my wife's. I fancy I know my wife's hair when I see it."

"Well, you certainly ought to," said the friend, gazing intently at it. "But are you sure it's your wife's?"

"Sure? Of course I am. Why do you ask?"

"Oh, I thought perhaps there might be some mistake. You see, I found it on Bloomer's shoulder just before I saw you."

Tsinghwa Five Will Come South For Series Here

The Tsinghwa College basketball team, champions of North China, will make a trip South and is expected to arrive in Shanghai for a series of games about January 29.

Representatives of Fuhtan, St. John's, Nanyang and Shanghai Baptist College will meet with Dr. J. H. Gray of the Y.M.C.A. Physical Department on Wednesday to arrange a schedule.

John Moh, who is bringing the team down, writes that his crack quintet will play games at Nanking, Soochow and Shanghai. His team is desirous of meeting all the local Chinese colleges and one foreign team.

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Final Football Records Of The Leading Colleges

CORNELL		IOWA		BROWN	
41—St. Bonavent	0	32—Knox	14	6—R. I. State	0
55—Rochester	0	20—Notre Dame	7	12—Colby	7
110—West. Res.	0	14—Illinois	2	13—N. Y. U.	0
31—Colgate	7	13—Purdue	6	0—Syracuse	28
59—Dartmouth	7	41—Minnesota	7	0—Springfield	0
21—Columbia	7	41—Indiana	0	7—Yale	45
14—Springfield	0	14—Northwest	0	55—Bonaventure	0
41—Penn	0	—	—	7—Harvard	0
—	—	175	36	7—Colgate	0
395	21			107	89
NOTRE DAME		MICHIGAN		CHICAGO	
56—Kalamazoo	0	44—Mount Union	0	35—Northwestern	0
57—De Pauw	0	46—Case	0	9—Purdue	0
7—Iowa	10	30—Mich. Aggies	0	9—Princeton	0
33—Purdue	0	0—Ohio State	14	35—Colorado	0
7—Nebraska	0	3—Illinois	0	0—Ohio State	7
28—Indiana	7	7—Wisconsin	7	14—Illinois	6
28—Army	0	38—Minnesota	0	3—Wisconsin	0
48—Rutgers	0	—	—	—	—
42—Haskell	7	168	21	105	13
21—Marquette	7				
48—Mich. Agg.	0	DARTMOUTH		STANFORD	
—	—	34—Norwich	3	41—Mare Island	6
375	31	28—Middlebury	3	10—St. Mary's	7
GEORGIA TECH		24—N. H. College	0	7—Olympic Club	0
42—Wake Forest	0	14—Tennessee	3	7—Pacific fleet	27
40—Oglethorpe	0	31—Columbia	7	14—Oregon Aggies	7
70—Davidson	0	7—Cornell	59	0—Washington	0
69—Furman	0	14—Penn	14	14—Nevada	14
48—Rutgers	7	7—Syracuse	14	7—California	42
7—Penn State	28	7—Georgia	0	—	—
48—Clemson	7	—	—	100	103
21—Georgetown	7	166	103		
14—Auburn	0			RUTGERS	
—	—	PENNSYLVANIA		33—Ursinus	0
359	49	89—Delaware	0	0—Maryland	3
CENTER		20—Fr. and Marsh.	0	0—Lehigh	7
11—Clemson	7	7—Gettysburg	0	14—Wash. & Lee	13
14—Virg. Poly	0	7—Swarthmore	7	14—Georgia Tech.	48
28—St. Xavier	6	21—Virg. M. I.	7	0—Lafayette	35
98—Transylvania	0	0—Pittsburg	28	0—Notre Dame	48
6—Harvard	0	6—Lafayette	38	21—Ohio Univ.	7
55—Kentucky	0	14—Dartmouth	14	17—W. Virginia	7
21—Auburn	0	0—Cornell	41	—	—
25—Wash. and Lee	0	—	—	99	168
21—Tulane	0	164	135		
—	—			PRINCETON	
282	13	NAVY		21—Swarthmore	7
LAFAYETTE		40—N. C. State	0	19—Colgate	0
48—Muhlenburg	0	53—West. Res.	0	0—Navy	13
6—Pittsburgh	0	13—Princeton	0	0—Chicago	9
27—Dickinson	0	21—Bethany	0	34—Virginia	0
20—Bucknell	7	6—Bucknell	0	10—Harvard	3
28—Fordham	7	7—Penn State	13	7—Yale	13
25—Rutgers	0	7—Army	0	—	—
38—Penn	6	—	—	91	46
44—Delaware	0	147	13		
28—Lehigh	6			COLUMBIA	
—	—	PITTSBURGH		7—Amherst	9
274	26	28—Geneva	0	14—Wesleyan	3
CALIFORNIA		0—Lafayette	0	19—N. Y. U.	0
51—Nevada	6	21—West Virg.	13	7—Dartmouth	31
21—Pacific Fleet	10	21—Cincinnati	14	0—Williams	20
14—Wash. State	0	35—Syracuse	0	7—Cornell	41
38—So. California	7	28—Penn	0	21—Ohio Univ.	23
72—Univ. of Wash.	3	0—Nebraska	10	14—Colgate	21
42—Stanford	7	0—W. and J.	7	—	—
—	—	0—Penn State	0	89	148
238	33	—	—		
GEORGETOWN		133	50	HARVARD	
7—Lebanon Val.	0	JOHN HOPKINS		16—Middlebury	0
48—Ursinus	6	3—Mt. St. Mary's	2	10—Boston Univ.	0
66—Westminster	0	27—Delaware	0	3—Holy Cross	0
28—Holy Cross	7	6—Dickinson	0	19—Indiana	0
28—Geo. Wash.	0	7—Virginia	13	10—Univ. eorgia	7
34—Fordham	7	44—W. Maryland	0	21—Penn State	21
7—Georgia Tech.	21	28—Haverford	3	0—Center	6
14—Boston	10	0—Swarthmore	7	3—Princeton	10
13—Bethany	0	17—St. John's	3	9—Brown	7
—	—	0—Wash. and Lee	7	10—Yale	3
245	51	—	—	85	54
PENN STATE		132	35	—	—
53—Lebanon Val.	0	COLGATE		N. Y. U.	
24—Gettysburg	0	7—St. Bonavent	7	26—Hobatr	0
35—N. C. State	0	14—Allegheny	0	0—Brown	13
28—Lehigh	7	0—Princeton	19	0—Columbia	19
21—Harvard	21	21—Susquehanna	6	7—Wesleyan	7
28—Georgia Tech.	7	7—Cornell	31	7—Colgate	7
23—Carnegie Tech.	7	7—N. Y. U.	7	28—Trinity	0
13—Navy	7	41—Rochester	0	7—N. C. Trinity	7
0—Pittsburgh	0	0—Syracuse	14	—	—
—	—	0—Brown	7	75	53
230	49	21—Columbia	14		
ARMY		—	—	AMHERST	
28—Springfield	6	118	105	0—Spirngfield	26
7—N. H. State	10	OHIO STATE		9—Columbia	7
19—Middlebury	0	28—Ohio Wes.	0	0—Tufts	0
33—Lebanon Val.	0	6—Oberlin	7	6—Union	0
21—Wabash	0	27—Minnesota	0	12—Mass. Aggies	0
7—Yale	14	14—Michigan	0	20—Hamilton	0
53—Susquehanna	0	7—Chicago	0	3—Wesleyan	3
0—Notre Dame	28	28—Purdue	0	0—Williams	20
49—Villanova	0	0—Illinois	7	—	—
0—Navy	7	—	—	51	56
—	—	110	14		
217	65	GETTYSBURG		WESLEYAN	
YALE		0—Penn State	24	13—Stevens	0
28—Bates	0	0—Penn	7	3—Columbia	14
14—Vermont	0	34—Ursinus	0	0—Boston Univ.	7
34—North Carolina	0	13—Muhlenberg	17	7—N. Y. U.	7
23—Williams	0	16—Dickinson	0	14—Tufts	14
14—Army	7	10—Villanova	13	3—Amherst	3
45—Brown	7	7—Bucknell	34	0—Union	7
28—Maryland	0	28—Mt. St. Mary's	0	0—Williams	40
13—Princeton	7	0—Frank & Marsh	0	—	—
3—Harvard	10	—	—	92	
—	—	108	95	40	
202	31				

INDOOR SPORTS By Tad

ARE YOU GONNA TAKE A FLASHLIGHT OF IT EDDIE? OH I THINK THAT WOULD BE JUST GRAND
NOW HAZEL BE SURE THAT THE WATER IS AT THE RIGHT TEMP'RATSHURE— I REMEMBER MY MODHER USED TO SAY—
BRING THE SCALES DOWN EMMA— WE HAVEN'T WEIGHED HIM SINCE MORNING
WHERE'S THAT BOX OF TALCUM AND THE COLOGNE?
WOW!!!
THEY SAY THAT A HORSESHOE IN THE TUB IS LUCKY ON THE FIRST BATH— I'M GONNA BORROW ONE
THERE'S MORE FUSS HERE THAN THERE WAS THE DAY ME AN' MY 5 BROTHERS HAD OUR TAILS MANICURED
INDOOR SPORTS
GIVING THE BABY HIS FIRST BATH.

W. And J. Squad Will Give California Fight, Declares Eckersall

BY WALTER H. ECKERSALL

When Washington and Jefferson, one of the undefeated elevens of the East, and California, undisputed champion of the Pacific coast, clash in the annual inter-sectional football contest at Pasadena on New Year's day, the Atlantic seaboard will be represented by one of the heaviest and most powerful aggregations of recent years.

One of the best ways to determine strength of football teams in the Middle West and East is to consider struggles with Notre Dame and Pittsburg, for years leading elevens in their respective sections. Close followers of football always give credit to a team which wins from Notre Dame and also to one which defeats the Pittsburg Panthers. For these reasons Iowa, undisputed western conference champion, and W. and J. are deserving of credit.

The eastern eleven has been developed by A. E. Neale, who learned all his football at West Virginia Wesleyan. The team is captained by R. F. Stein, brother of the Pittsburg center.

Stein has played tackle and end most of the season, but undoubtedly will be seen at one of the flank positions on New Year's Day.

SLASHING TYPE

With so much potential power, the W. and J. offense is of the slashing type with attacks directed on and off the tackles from unbalanced line formations. Delayed passes which result in one of the backs going straight through the middle of the line are also employed, together with a hard running attack. The team is well versed in the short and long of the forward pass attack, especially the former.

In executing the short passes, enough delay is made to permit the linemen to break through and take off the secondary defense before the ball is hurled. One lineman generally comes back to give the passer protection in his delay. This play caused the team's opponents a ton of trouble, as the secondary defensive players were cut down in savage fashion.

AGGRESSIVE LINE

On defense Coach Neale has been fortunate because of the aggressiveness of his forwards. In practically every game the W. and J. linemen have outcharged their opponents, with the result plays were broken up before they were even formed. In fact, the forward wall has been strong enough to hold its ground without the aid of the secondary defense, which was permitted to lay back for forward passes.

Despite the strength of the Eastern eleven, superb play of the California team, developed by Andy Smith, one of the country's most able gridiron mentors, should offset the strong points in the W. and J. machine. The Bears' decisive victory over Ohio State last winter is still fresh in the minds of those who follow the game closely.

BRUISING GAME

The easy manner in which California made ground against the Buckeyes by use of the close and open attack is still talked about in the Middle West and East. The Eastern eleven has shown strong defensive qualities all season, but it must be at the peak of its play on New Year's Day to escape defeat. Not only has Coach Smith a great galaxy of strong first-string players, but he has other men who can fit into the machine with clock-like precision.

One thing is certain, and that is California must be prepared for a bruising game. The Eastern eleven plays the game for all there is in it. The men tackle hard and sure, the interference drives fiercely and men are clipped as long as the ball is in play. In this respect, play of the Eastern team will be vastly different from the game played by Ohio State.

For the reason men play opposite each other in the line, it is no sign they come in contact with each other. On certain plays, a tackle may help on the opposing guard or an offensive center on one of the guards according to the direction of the play. Most teams play an open or roving center with the result that the pivot men seldom meet to test their skill.

BEARS HAVE EDGE

Konyolika and Wiederquist, W. and J. tackles, are good performers, but cannot be said to be equals of McMillan and Barnes, the Bears' tackles. Wiederquist was a freshman at Northwestern a few years ago, but has developed into a line man of no mean ability. McMillan undoubtedly is one of the best forwards in the country and will be placed on the writer's All-American team.

Neale and Vince, guards on the Eastern eleven, have played consistent football all year, but they will meet their match in Cramner and Clarke. Cramner has won favorable comment in this section because of his aggressive play. It is doubtful if W. and J. will make consistent headway through the Bears' guard unless they leave their positions too quickly.

Captain Latham, the California center, has played the best game of his career this season, according to reports. Crook will pass the ball for Coach Neale's eleven, but it is doubtful if he is the equal of the Pacific captain.

Dry Agents Drink Liquor They Seize

(Special To The China Press).

San Francisco, Dec. 29.—It was announced at prohibition headquarters today that four United States prohibition enforcement agents had been forced to resign because of drinking some of the illicit brandy taken in the course of duty.

FRANCE FIRM IN DEMAND TO MAKE GERMANY PAY UP

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, Dec. 30.—In the Senate today M. Briand declared that there could be no compromise with regard to reparations. He stated that Mr. Lloyd George had said to him in London that France must be paid.

M. Briand declared that if any sacrifices were to be made, other countries must make them. It was an established fact that France could not bear the sacrifice of a halfpenny in 1922, but the Anglo-French understanding could not be final until Belgium and Italy had approved it.

It had not yet been decided whether there would be an international conference with regard to the economic reconstruction of Europe at which Germany and Russia would be present. It had been decided in London that the task of the restoration of Central Europe and the Near East could only be carried out by means of a Franco-British agreement with the approval of the other Powers. The matter will be discussed at Cannes.

The United States, M. Briand added, would be invited to send representatives. If Germany were invited to collaborate in the reconstruction of Russia, and any benefit she achieved therefrom were credited to the reparations account, that would not be a bad thing.

RED CROSS FILM WILL SHOW HOW ROAD WAS BUILT

The road building work carried on under the direction of the American Red Cross in North China during the recent famine period will be depicted in moving pictures to be shown at a meeting at the Y.M.C.A. at 9:15 p.m. Monday evening. The meeting has been arranged by the Shanghai Branch of the American Red Cross.

Dr. W. W. Peter, a member of the China Central Committee under whose direction the films were made, will deliver an explanatory lecture. The meeting is open to the public. No admission charge will be made.

Sears-Roebuck Co. Sells Out Realty

(Reuter's Service)

Chicago, Dec. 30.—A statement issued by Messrs. Sears Roebuck and Company, the largest mailorder organisation in the world, says that in view of the large net loss which is anticipated for 1921, the sale has been consummated of $16,000,000 worth of the company's real estate to Mr. Julius Rosenwald, the president of the company, which, with the gift of 50,000 shares of the company's stock, will enable the company to undergo a period of readjustment with the capital unimpaired and a small surplus.

Last Complainants Give Testimony In Leicester Actions

Evidence of the last two complainants in the cases against Mr. G. B. Leicester, who is charged with obtaining money from various Chinese by promising them jobs on ships, was taken yesterday before Magistrate G. W. King in the British Police Court.

The last two witnesses told of paying the defendant sums of $200 and $300 respectively on the promise that they would be given employment. Magistrate King stated that two of the charges would be withdrawn and that a third would be amended. He would deal, he said, with four charges only.

The case was adjourned until 10:30 Monday morning.

Provision Prices In Local Markets

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market compiled on December 20, 1921.

Beef	per lb.	15-22
Mutton	"	17-22
Pork	"	25-30
Veal	"	25-32
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	25-30
Cod	"	20-25
Mandarin	"	20-30
Mackerel	"	25-30
Pomfret	"	25-30
Salmon	"	20-25
Samli	"	none
Soles	"	20-25
Whitebait	"	25-30
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	2.00-2.50
Duck	"	60-90
Eggs	per doz.	20-25
Fowl	per lb.	20-25
Geese	each	$1.00-$1.40
Hare	each	35-40
Partridge	"	40-45
Pheasant	"	90-1.00
Plover	"	none
Quail	"	25-30
Snipe	"	20-25
Teal	"	20-25
Turkey	per lb.	40-45
Woodcock	each	50-60
Wild Duck	"	50-60
Wild Geese	"	50-60
Pigeons	"	20-22
Wild Pigeons	"	10-13
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	"	20-35
Bananas	"	5-6
Chestnuts	"	12-14
Cherries	"	none
Cocoanuts	each	15-20
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	15-20
Mangosteens	per doz.	none
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Lemons	each	6-7
Oranges	per lb.	8-10
Peaches	per lb.	none
Pears	"	10-13
Persimmons	"	none
Peeboes	"	none
Plums	"	none
Pumeloes	each	15-20
Pineapples	"	none
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	per lb.	18-20
Vegetables		
Artichokes	per lb.	3-4
Asparagus	per doz.	none
Broad Beans	per lb.	none
Beetroot	per bunch	3-4
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	15-18
Cabbage	each	10-15
Carrots	per bunch	6-8
Cauliflower	each	20-50
Celery	per bunch	10-12
Egg plant	per lb.	10-12
French Beans	"	10-12
Green Corn	each	none
Leeks	per bunch	4-5
Onions	per lb.	6-8
Parsnips	per bunch	5-6
Radishes	"	1-2
Mushrooms	per lb.	none
Peas	"	10-12
Potatoes	per pic.	$3.00-$3.20
Spinach	per lb.	3-4
Tomatoes	"	10-12
Turnips	per bunch	2-3
Grain And Flour		
Flour American	50 lbs.	$5.00
Flour Shanghai	50 lbs.	$2.90
Bran	per 114 lbs.	$3.40
Barley	per 114 lbs.	$4.20
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$10.20
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	$0.20
Chinese dairies	"	$0.17
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 17.00
Stove Coal	"	Tls. 18.00
Firewood	per 40 bundles	$1.00

E. Kilner.
Chief Inspector.

IMPROVE YOUR GAME!

Spalding's Selected IRONS $7.00

SPALDING BLACK AND WHITE BALLS
$15.00 Doz.
Accessories of all kinds

SQUIRES, BINGHAM Co.
SHANGHAI
Clubs repaired.

FEARON, DANIEL GETS JUDGMENT AGAINST EMPLOYE

Judgment in favor of Fearon, Daniel & Co. has been delivered in the Danish Consular Court against a former employe, Mr. Johannes L. Hanson, connected with the Tientsin office.

The judgment reads as follows:

Plaintiff in this case sues defendant for Tientsin Taels 1,603.20 being the amount by which defendant is alleged to have overdrawn his account while in plaintiffs' service. A specified account has been filed by plaintiff showing this debit balance against the defendant.

Defendant in his answer in a general way denied the correctness of this account and stated that a bonus on the annual profits of his department had not been fully credited him. He did not state what this bonus was to be. Defendant at the first hearing obtained about seven weeks adjournment to take the evidence of a witness in Tientsin, a more than ample time, and, further, the hearing of the case was adjourned exofficio by the Court due to the absence of the undersigned for another fifteen days.

Defendant appears however so far to have done nothing and before the second hearing of the case he sent through his attorney a written request to the Court for a further adjournment of eight days without giving reason and without stating how he had used the long adjournment previously granted him.

No notice could be taken of such application in writing and since defendant did not put in an appearance when the case came on for hearing and after plaintiff's statement had been confirmed by the evidence of a professional accountant judgment was given for plaintiff with seventy five taels cost.

Seven days after the service of this judgment on defendant Johannes L. Hansen he pays to plantiffs Fearon Daniel & Co. Incorporated at their office in Tientsin sixteen hundred and three Tientsin taels and 20 candareens with interest of 8 percent proanna from the date of the summons September 8, 1921 until date of payment as well as seventy five taels for costs, under the consequences of the law.

(Signed) T. Ranschou,
Consular Judge.

DESK CALENDAR
Price mex $1.75—$2.00—$2.50
ANNUAL

Winning Post, winter's annual 1921	$1.00
Winter's Pic, winter's annual 1921	1.20
Daily Mail Year Book, for 1922	1.00
Pears' Cyclopaedia, 1922 Edition	2.50

For Sale at Chow Tzu Kong, Bookseller 周梓康西書社
111 Szechuen Road, Shanghai. Tel. C. 3510.

SHOWING AT THE
VICTORIA THEATRE
ON JANUARY 6th, 7th & 8th
IN A SPECIAL PROGRAMME
D. W. GRIFFITH'S
SUPER-PRODUCTION IN SEVEN INTERESTING REELS
"The Girl Who Stayed At Home"
A PARAMOUNT — ARTCRAFT FILM

"The Girl Who Stayed at Home" is the name of the picture. But we know you won't stay home while it's here.

BOOK YOUR SEATS EARLY

We wish all our Patrons a Bright and Prosperous New Year and may 1922 bring wealth and happiness to all.

Comic Picture Section

Sunday, January 1st, 1922

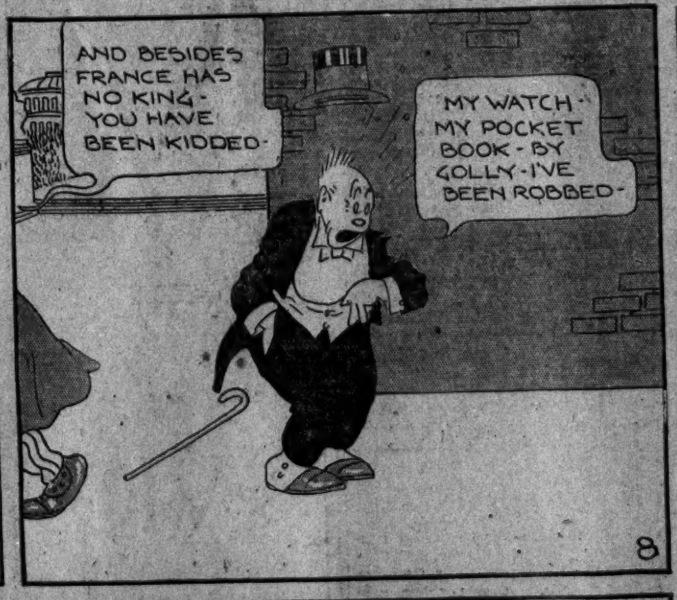
Bringing Up Father

AH! AN AMERICAN! YOU LOOK SAD AND LONESOME- MAY-I SIT DOWN MONSIEUR?
SURE-I WUZ JUST GONNA ASK THE WAITER IF HE WOULDN'T SIT DOWN-
2

AH! YOU DO NOT MEET ZE RIGHT PEOPLE IN PARIS-ZAT IZ WHY. YOU ARE LONESOME- I WILL TAKE AND INTRODUCE YOU TO ZE KING-I AM HIS COUSIN- ZE DUKE OF KAVOT-
YOU ARE SOME GUY- AIN'T YOU?
3

MAGGIE-THIS IS THE DUKE DE KAVOT HE WANTS ME TO MEET ZE KING OF FRANCE-
I WOULD LIKE TO HAVE ZE PLEASURE AND HONOR OF INTRODUCING HIM-
I'D LOVE TO HAVE HIM MEET THE KING-
4

SAY-HAVE YOU NOTICED WETHER THE KING HAS GONE IN OR COME OUT OF HIS PALACE LATELY?
YOU MAKE ZE JOKE? ZAT IS NOT A PALACE ZAT IS THE TROCADERO ZE GRAND MUSIC HALL-
7



JUST THINK- DAUGHTER- FATHER WENT WITH A DUKE TO MEET THE KING OF FRANCE- MAYBE HE WILL DINE WITH HIM-
DON'T TALK SILLY- MOTHER- FRANCE HASN'T HAD A KING FOR FIFTY YEARS
9